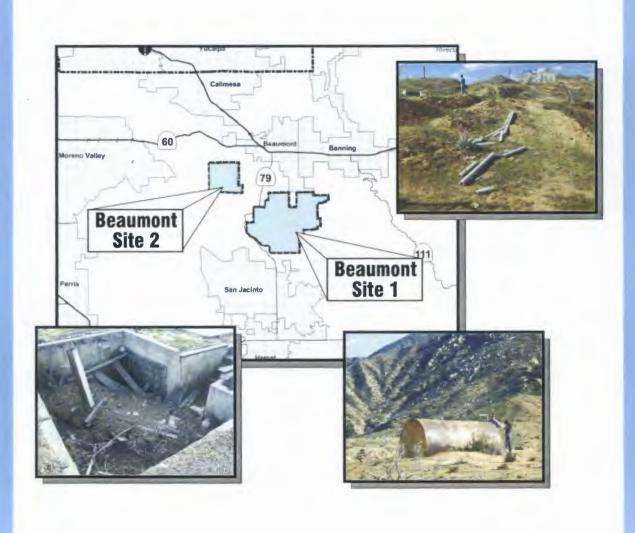
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# Lockheed Martin Corporation Beaumont Site 1 & 2 Safety & Toxics Assessment Beaumont, California







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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

A safety and toxics assessment was performed at Lockheed Martin Corporation's (LMC) Beaumont Sites (Site 1 and Site 2) to identify items that have the potential for health and safety concerns to current and future occupants. The safety and toxics related items were identified based on general safety practices and current regulatory standards. The primary objective this assessment was to identify, locate, and describe the safety and toxics related items throughout the Beaumont Sites.

Overall, two hundred and ninety (290) safety and toxics related items were identified throughout the Beaumont Sites. A total of 185 safety and toxics items were identified at Beaumont Site 1 and 105 items were identified at Beaumont Site 2

### SECTION 1.0 INTRODUCTION

On behalf of Lockheed Martin Corporation (LMC), Tetra Tech, Inc. has prepared the following Safety and Toxics Assessment for the LMC's Beaumont Sites (Site 1 and Site 2) located in the City of Beaumont, California. The Sites were operated from 1960 to 1974 for rocket motor production activities by Lockheed Propulsion Company (LPC). This safety and toxics assessment was preformed to identify potential safety and toxic related items remaining at the sites that may present potential health and safety concerns for current and future occupants. Currently, the Sites are inactive with the exception of the remedial activities performed under the direction of the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) at Site 1. Due to the Sites' landscaping, illegal trespassers utilize the Sites for various recreational activities including camping, equipment/material storage (i.e., bicycles, spare tires, etc.), off-highway vehicle (OHV) activities, and trash disposal.

This safety and toxic assessment consisted of a review of previous environmental documentation and a comprehensive inspection of both sites to identify safety and toxic related items that may be of potential health and safety concern. The items were identified based on general safety standards and practices for current site operations and potential future usage.

This report is organized into the following sections:

- <u>Section 2 Site Description</u>, presenting a physical description of the Sites, summary of historical operations, and previous safety and toxics assessments;
- <u>Section 3 Field Inspection Methodology</u>, presenting a description of field inspection activities, and the sampling approach;
- <u>Section 4 Summary of Findings</u>, presenting a summary of the safety and toxics findings collected during the field inspection;
- Section 5 References, presenting a list of documents reviewed.

## SECTION 2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

#### 2.1 SITE LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

The LMC's Beaumont Sites (Site 1 and Site 2) are located approximately 70 miles east of Los Angeles in the City of Beaumont, California - see Figure 2-1. Beaumont Site 1 (also referred to as the Potrero site) is approximately 9,100 acres. Beaumont Site 2 (also referred to as the Laborde Canyon site) is approximately 2,500 acres. The Beaumont Sites were primarily used for ranching operations prior to the 1950s. Between the late 1950s and early 1960s, portions of the Beaumont Sites were purchased by the Grand Central Rocket Company and utilized as remote test facilities for early space and defense programs. In the early 1960s, Lockheed Aircraft Corporation (LAC) purchased both Beaumont Site 1 and Site 2. In 1963, LPC became an operating division of LAC and was responsible for the operation of both Beaumont Sites, which are currently owned by LMC.

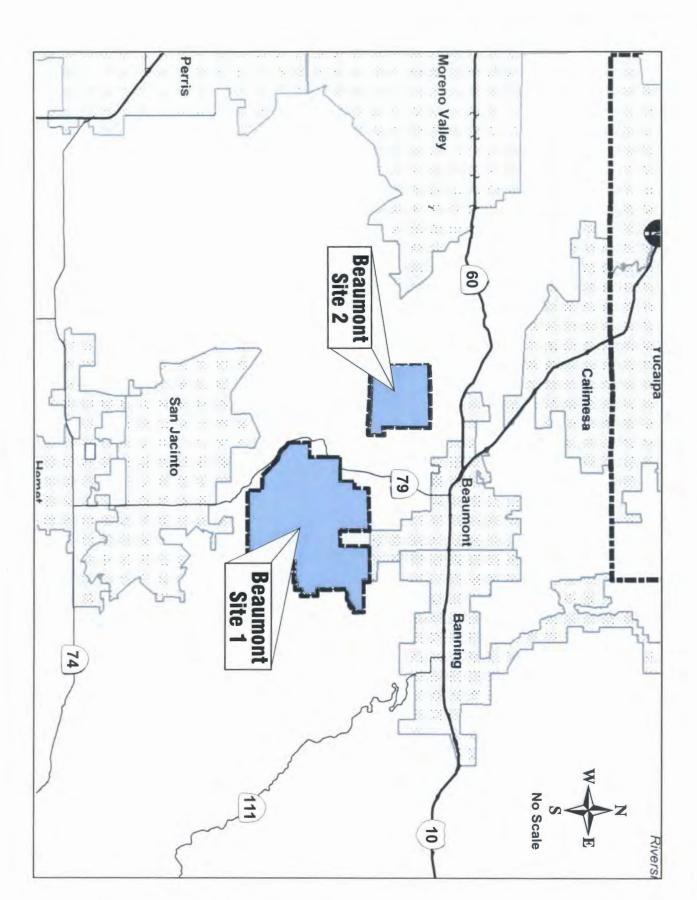
#### 2.2 HISTORICAL PROPERTY USE AND DEVELOPMENT

From 1960 to 1974, both Site 1 and Site 2 were primarily used for solid rocket propellant mixing and testing operations. Various outside companies, including International Union of Operating Engineers (IUOE) and Ogden Labs, utilized portions of the Sites. The majority of the operations were performed within Site 1 with similar small scale operations performed within Site 2. A brief description of the historical operations performed at each site is presented in the following subsections.

#### 2.2.1 Beaumont Site 1 – Historical Operations

Beaumont Site 1 was used by LPC from 1960 to 1974 for solid propellant mixing and testing, and ballistics testing. The industrial activities conducted at both Sites were divided into small confined operational areas within each site. A summary of each operational area is presented in this section. The locations of the operational areas are presented on Plate 1.

Figure 2-1 Location Map of Beaumont Sites



Site 1 was comprised of nine (9) primary operational areas. Each area was responsible for various activities associated with rocket motors and weapons testing including, but not limited to, propellant mixing, propellant testing, propellant incineration, ballistics testing, and sanitary waste disposal. The operational areas at Site 1, with corresponding grid point locations in Plate 1, are listed as follows:

Operational Area	Historical Operation Name	Location (Grid Points)	
A	Eastern Aerojet Range	J2 through M2 and J5 through M5	
В	Rocket Motor Production Area	L5 through M5 and L7 through M7	
С	Burn Pit Area	M7 through N7	
D	LPC Ballistics Test Range	L7 through M7 and L8 through M8	
E	Radioactive Waste Disposal Site	J7 through J8	
F	LPC Test Services Area	H6 through J6, G7 through H7, G8 through 18, and I7 through J7	
G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	G8 through I8 and G9 through I9	
Н	Permitted Sanitary Landfill	F7	
I	Western Aerojet Range	E5 through F5 and E7 through F7	

#### Operational Area "A" - Eastern Aerojet Range

Between 1970 and 1972, Aerojet Corporation leased two areas along the eastern and western portions of Site 1. The Eastern Aerojet Range was used periodically for research and development experimentation on several types of rounds for long-range 30-millimeter (mm) weapons. The tests studied trajectories, curves, and velocities of various projectiles including quality control. According to the supervisor of the Aerojet site activities, only specially machined and dummy aluminum bullets were used (no live warheads). Additionally, the supervisor stated that all rounds were accounted for during the test procedures. At the conclusion of Aerojet's testing activities at Site 1, the area was plowed and planted by a sheep farmer. Near the head of the canyon of the former Eastern Aerojet Range, the Soil Conservation Service constructed a berm to retain runoff and minimize downstream erosion. This resulted in the formation of an intermittent lake. Avanti, a highly classified project, used the land directly east of the Aerojet Range. Avanti constructed several U-shaped revetments for the storage of explosive materials and motors. Due to its highly classified status, additional information regarding Avanti's purpose and operational procedures is unknown.

#### Operational Area "B"-Rocket Motor Production Area

The Rocket Motor Production Area (formerly known as the Propellant Mixing Area) was used for the processing and mixing of rocket motor propellants. The rocket motor production process consisted of: 1) fuel slurry station, 2) mixing station, and 3) cast and curing station. The fuel slurry station and mix station were used to generate the propellants. The principal mix station was Building 315, which was used during the Large Solid Motor (LSM) program until early 1966. The mix station was not used again until 1970 when it was reactivated as a back-up mixer for the Short Range Attack Missile (SRAM) program.

The mix station consisted of a 300-gallon mixer housed in a 40-foot-high building. Dry oxidizer, primarily ammonium perchlorate, was dropped into the mixer and blended with the liquid ingredients consisting of butadiene derivatives and a burn rate modifier (primarily Ferrocene). During the LSM program, the liquid ingredients were weighed and pre-mixed at the fuel slurry station, Building 317. The chemicals associated with the mixing process were stored in Building 319. All mix station operations were controlled from Building 315-A, a nearby bunker built into the side of a hill. The propellant mix cycle took about 8 hours, including clean-up, which involved scraping and wiping down all containers and mixing equipment to remove all remaining propellant. Batches of propellant that did not meet specifications, as well as, all cleaning materials (including materials used during wipe down), were taken to the burn pit area for incineration.

After the mixing process, the thick, viscous propellant was poured under a vacuum into insulated and lined metal motor casings. The propellant cast was then cured by heating the propellant to 140°F for several days. The curing of the propellant resulted in a solid rubbery mass bonded to the insulation. During the LSM program, casting and curing was done at a stand located a short distance to the south of the mix station. During the SRAM program, the propellant was trucked to the Redlands plant for casting and curing.

If a defect was found in the propellant mix, the rocket motor was scrapped. However, because the metal casings were expensive, the propellant was removed from scrapped motors so that the casings could be reused. In order to remove the defective propellant, a 1,000-pounds per square inch (psi) water jet was used to force the solid propellant out of the metal casings at the motor washout located south of the mix station. The water leached much of the ammonium perchlorate out of the propellant and left gray chunks of non-explosive rubbery material. The water slurry produced at this washout area was collected in a lined basin. The remaining solid residue was collected in a flume-type apparatus, put in barrels, and

taken to the burn pit area for incineration. After operations ceased, a flamethrower was applied to the motor washout area to burn any residue left lying on the ground. All water used during the washout operations was provided by a water truck.

In October 1973, a modifier known as "Maloy blue" was used as part of the blue motor program. An area east of the mix station, known as the blue motor burn pit, was utilized for the destruction of four SRAM motors, which included a motor with "Maloy blue" propellant. Charges were used to cut open the SRAM motor casings, exposing and destroying the propellant and motors. The blue motor burn pit was approximately 6 feet deep, 5 feet wide, and 12 feet long.

#### Operational Area "C"-Burn Pit Area

The Burn Pit Area consisted of three primary features: 1) chemical storage area, 2) burn pits, and 3) beryllium test stand. Hazardous waste materials generated at both Beaumont Sites and the Lockheed former Redlands Plant were stored in 55-gallon drums on a concrete pad east of the burn pits at the chemical storage area until enough material was generated for a burning event. The hazardous materials burned in the pits included: ammonium perchlorate, wet propellant from motor washout; dry propellant; batches of out-of-specification propellant; various kinds of adhesives; resin curatives such as PBAN (polybutadiene acrylonitrile/acrylic acid copolymer); burn rate modifiers such as ferrocene; pyrotechnic and ignition components; packaging materials including metal drums, plastic bags, and paper drums; and solvents, trucked in primarily from the LMC Redlands Plant.

During operation of the Beaumont Facilities and Redlands Plant, a total of 20 to 40 burn pits were excavated at Site 1; some burn pits were used more than once. Burn pits were created by excavating a pit that was approximately 6 to 8 feet wide, 4 to 6 feet deep and 50 to 100 feet long. The pits were oriented north to south with the first pits dug to the east, and newer pits dug progressively to the west. If an old pit was encountered while in the process of digging a new one, excavation of the new pit was terminated.

During burn pit procedures, the hazardous materials were placed in the center of the burn pits, saturated with fuel (specifically ammonium perchlorate oxidizer or diesel fuel), and ignited with an electric match from a remote location. The burning operations were conducted under the direct supervision of Lockheed safety engineers after obtaining appropriate permits from the Beaumont Station of the California Department of Forestry (CDF).

After burning activities, the burn pit trench was visually inspected for items that did not burn. If the trench was suitable for reuse, it was left open for additional burns. Otherwise, the trench was filled and covered with soil and a new trench was created for the additional burns.

On the south side of the spur, where the burn pit instrumentation bunker was located, there was a one-time firing of small beryllium research motors.

#### Operational Area "D"-LPC Ballistics Test Range

The LPC Ballistics Test Range facilities included gun mounts, a ballistic tunnel, and storage buildings and trailers. Four guns were used at the test range, including a Navy 5-inch, Army 155mm, Army 40-mm, and an Army 37-mm. All weapons were fired toward the west, at the bottom of a terraced hill. The projectile landing zone was terraced to prevent rounds from ricocheting to higher areas. Although the weapons were aimed at the bottom of the hill, occasionally rounds would skip and ricochet further up the hill. After firing, the areas were policed, and care was taken to pick up the remains of any rounds. Live warheads were never used although projectiles were often specially shaped and weighted to simulate actual live rounds.

The ballistics tunnel consisted of large sections of drainage culvert cut lengthwise and supported on a concrete foundation. This tunnel had doors on both ends that provided the darkened conditions necessary for strobe photography. Various weapons, primarily the Army 37-mm gun, were fired through the tunnel and photographed with special high-speed strobe photographic equipment.

Another major project conducted in this area was experimentation on a rocket-assisted projectile. This propellant-fueled rocket was fired from the Army 155-mm "Long Tom." Muzzle velocities of 3,500 feet per second (fps) were increased to 3,700 fps down range with the assistance of the rocket. At the request of the Army, the projectile was fired at, and through, a piece of 1-inch maraging (homogeneous) steel set at a 45° angle. Additional experiments included impact testing of various motors and pieces of equipment when subjected to a fired 50 caliber round.

Class A explosives were stored in two or three 10-foot by 10-foot buildings located behind a berm. During the closure of the facility, all explosive materials were detonated on site by the engineer in charge of the range. A small canyon behind the hill to the south of the former storage buildings was used as a small test area for incendiary bombs. Drums containing various types of fuel (e.g., jet fuel, gasoline, diesel, etc.) were set in circles of different radii surrounding the test area in order to observe shrapnel and

penetration patterns. A 500-pound incendiary bomb was detonated in the center of the drums to determine if hot shrapnel would penetrate the drums and ignite the fuel in the drums. At a small area near the bend in the road, acetone was used to dissolve TNT out of incendiary bombs before they were burned. This was a one-time occurrence, and the resulting TNT crystals were collected and destroyed.

#### Operational Area "E" - Radioactive Waste Disposal Site

During 1971, low-level radioactive waste was buried in one of four canyons southeast of the LPC test services area as reported by former site employees. However, the exact location of the burial site was unknown. The radioactive waste constituents included Carbon-14 (C<sup>14</sup>) with a half-life of 5,580 years, Sulfur-35 (S<sup>35</sup>) with a half-life of 87.1 years, and Tritium (H<sup>3</sup>) with a half-life of 12.5 years. All three constituents emit beta radiation and were used in small quantities as tracers by the Chemistry Department at the LPC Redlands plant.

In February 1990, the Radian Corporation located and removed the radioactive waste in canyon #1. The waste, found as deep as 4-feet bgs, included broken glass from laboratory jars and vials, metal jar lids, and vials containing solids. Confirmation soil samples and waste characterization samples were collected following the excavation activities and analyzed for gross alpha, gross beta, and gamma radioactivity. The analytical results detected concentrations that were within the range of naturally occurring concentrations.

#### Operational Area "F"-LPC Test Services Area

The LPC Test Services Area included the following features: 1) three bays for structural load tests, 2) a 13-foot-diamater spherical pressure vessel, 3) six (6) temperature conditioning chambers, 4) five (5) environmental chambers, 5) a 25 million electron volt (MeV) Betatron for X-raying large structures, 6) personnel and instrumentation protection bunkers, and 7) supporting work shops and storage areas.

Once the motor casings were prepared with the proper propellant, the casing was then transported to the LPC Test Services Area for integrity testing. The first step of the integrity process involved nondestructive inspection of the motor casing using the 25 MeV Betatron radiographic unit (located in Building 303). While in operation, the 25 MeV Betatron unit was the largest industrial X-ray machine in southern California. The primary use of the Betatron was to X-ray rocket motors to determine if there were cracks, voids, or foreign material in the propellant before the motors were tested or delivered to clients. It was able to detect 0.005-inch voids through 20-inches of steel. Since it had capabilities for

such large objects, outside parties also made use of it to examine other large structures such as ship propellers. Buildings 306 and 314 of the LPC Test Services Area were work shops and storage facilities.

The next step of the testing process would be to simulate environmental conditions (i.e. temperature, pressure, etc.) that the rocket motor may encounter. A 13-foot-diamater spherical pressure vessel was designed to simulate pressures at ocean depths of up to one mile, as well as, to simulate altitude conditions of up to 150,000 feet. The vessel was also used as a source of high-pressure-high-volume gas or water for flow tests of valves, meters, and pumps. Six temperature chambers could contain objects up to 8 by 20 feet and expose them to temperatures ranging from –100 to +200°F. Five environmental chambers could simulate conditions of humidity, rain, immersion, infrared radiation, salt spray, sand and dust, and altitude. The temperature and environmental conditioning chambers were used to expose rocket motors and other items to a variety of extreme conditions before test firing.

If defects were identified during the integrity and environmental testing activities, the rocket motors were taken to a secondary washout area located south of the conditioning chambers adjacent to Potrero Creek. The washout activities were similar to the RMPA washout process; however, a well was located nearby to supply the required water. A shaking Suico sieve caught most of the propellant as it was washed out of the motor casing. This propellant was packed in barrels and was taken to the burn pit area to be incinerated. A long trench, leading to an unlined catch basin, caught the overspray, which contained the water and smaller pieces of propellant, which passed through the sieve. After the water percolated into the soil, the remaining pieces of propellant were burned in the catch basin.

Once the rocket motor had passed the initial integrity and environmental tests, the motor was transported to the LPC test bays. Three test bays, two vertical and one horizontal, were utilized for structural load testing under static and captive firing conditions. The largest structural loading test bay, Bay 308, was used six times for static or captive firing of large solid motors. The Apollo launch escape motor was test-fired at Bay 308. Test Bay 309 was used for the static firing of small motors including the SRAM and the Apollo launch escape motor. During several of the initial tests conducted at Bay 309, the readied motor exploded instead of firing, causing minor fires and requiring repair of the test bay. Test Bay 310 was used for the horizontal test firing of SRAM motors.

Buildings 304 and 305 (bunkers) provided protection for personnel and instrumentation during various test activities. Hard-lined cabling extended from the instrumentation bunker (Building 305) to all test areas, permitting remote-control of testing activities and facilitating data acquisition. Data was collected

during all static firing to verify engineering estimates of motor performance and reliability. These buildings were all designated as inert and were not to contain any propellant.

Beryllium scrap was stored near the igniter magazine in a small structure over a hill just to the west of Test Bay 310. Beryllium was used in Redlands for work on high altitude control motors. Scrapings were accumulated in 55-gallon drums. An igniter magazine existed near the Beryllium structure. This was a small, half-buried barrel with a door where squibs (a small electric or pyrotechnic device used to ignite a charge) were stored. A bone-yard was used as a storage area for a variety of steel framework and other heavy equipment used in the structural testing activities.

#### Operational Area "G" - Helicopter Weapons Test Area

The helicopter weapons test area was used to develop equipment for handling helicopter weapons systems. The facilities within this area included a hanger (Building 302), helicopter landing pad, stationary ground mounted gun platforms, and a mobile target suspended between towers. The primary project at this test area was the development of feed mechanisms for weapons with high firing rates. A stationary, ground-mounted gatling-type mini-gun, firing a 7.62 NATO round was the major test weapon. The gun had two firing rates, 3,000 and 6,000 rounds per minute, with belted rounds flowing through a guided chamber. These high firing rates required special handling capabilities for feed control and spent brass. Additional experimentation was performed on the propellant portion of an armor-piercing round for a 40-mm grenade launcher and on a 30-mm shaped charge projectile.

The majority of rounds were fired into the side of the creek wash, about 100 yards to the south of the hanger. A longer impact area labeled with distance markers was located in the canyon to the south of the wash. Projectiles were steel only; warheads were not used during tests at this facility. Testing was also performed using the same weapons mounted on helicopters. This testing was conducted to evaluate the stability of the helicopter when firing the weapons. Weapons were fired at targets suspended between two towers at the western end of the test area.

#### Operational Area "H" - Sanitary Landfill

A sanitary landfill was located along the western side of Site 1. The sanitary landfill was operated under an annually renewed permit obtained from the Beaumont station of the CDF. This permit allowed LPC to dispose of trash generated. This trash consisted of paper, scrap metal, concrete, and wood generated during routine daily operations. Lockheed policy strictly dictated that hazardous materials were not to be disposed of at this landfill. All individuals interviewed have reported that the landfill was used for

sanitary purposes only. The trenches were later covered and leveled, with only an occasional tire, metal scrap, or piece of wood remaining on the surface.

#### Operational Area "I" - Western Aerojet Range

LPC conducted an incendiary test with a 500-pound bomb at the southwest end of the Western Aerojet Range. This test was similar to testing performed at the LPC Ballistics Test Area. According to the Historical Report (Radian, 1986), the Western Aerojet Range was originally leveled to be used as an airstrip but none of the individuals interviewed could recall if any planes actually used it. There were reports, however, that planes, including a DC3 aircraft, did land in the fields in the central part of the facility. Although Aerojet leased the western range, former facility employees did not believe Aerojet ever used it. Based on employee interviews, the airstrip may have been used only on one occasion, and the purpose is not known.

#### 2.2.2 Beaumont Site 2 – Historical Operations

Beaumont Site 2 was used by LPC from 1960 to 1974 for rocket motor assembly and testing operations. A summary of each operational area within Beaumont Site 2 is presented in this section. The locations of the operational areas are presented on Plate 2.

The Beaumont Site 2 was made up of four (4) primary operational areas. Each area was responsible for various activities associated with rocket motor assembly and testing. The operational areas at Beaumont Site 2 with corresponding grid point locations in Plate 2 are listed as follows:

Operational Area	Historical Operation Name	Location (Grid Points	
T	Final Assembly	G2 through H2 and	
J	Final Assembly	G3 through H3	
К	Test Bays and Miscellaneous Facilities	F3 through H3 and	
N.	Test Bays and Miscentalleous Facilities	F6 through H6	
		Actual Location Unknown	
L	Propellant Burn Area	(approximate area:	
		H6 through H7)	
M	Garbage Disposal Area	H7 through I7	

#### Operational Area "J" - Final Assembly

Rocket motor casings with propellant were transported to Beaumont Site 2 Building 250 where final assembly of the rocket hardware was conducted. The building was utilized from 1970 to 1974 for final assembly and shipment of SRAM rocket motors. Rocket motor assembly operations included installation

of the nozzle and headcap, pressure check of the motor, installation of electrical systems, and preparations for shipment. During plant closure in 1974, all usable parts of this facility were dismantled, taken off site, and sold.

#### Operational Area "K" - Test Bays and Miscellaneous Facilities

As at Beaumont Site 1, the conditioning chamber was used to examine the effects of extreme temperatures on rocket motors and to meet specification requirements. A centrifuge was located in the western test bay, where rocket motors were centrifuged in order to see if the propellant would separate from its casing under increased gravitational forces (g-forces). Four test bays were located at Beaumont Site 2. The initial testing activities had a history of explosions that destroyed complete test areas, especially during the period when Grand Central Rocket operated the facility. As the technology became better understood, motor failures occurred less often. Following any motor failure, the hillsides were thoroughly policed to recover any unburned propellant.

#### Operational Area "L" - Burn Area

Large slabs of propellants were transported to Beaumont Site 2 and set directly on the ground surface for burning. No pits or trenches were dug as part of the burning process. The propellant was saturated with diesel fuel to initiate combustion. Reportedly, the propellant would burn rapidly. No evidence or physical features identify the precise location of the burning activities.

#### Operational Area "M" - Garbage Disposal Site

A garbage disposal site was located adjacent to a small creek at Beaumont Site 2. Scrap metal, paper, wood, and concrete materials were disposed of at the disposal site by LPC. Hazardous materials, including explosives and propellants, were never disposed of at this disposal site by LPC (according to employee interviews). Ogden Labs, a company that tested valves and explosive items, also used this disposal site. Reportedly, Ogden Labs disposed hazardous waste at the garbage disposal site. In 1972, a Lockheed Safety Technician was exposed to toxic vapors of unsymmetrical dimethyl hydrazine (UDMH) from a pressurized gas container located within the disposal site. Based on potential exposure risks to occupants, Lockheed's safety group required Ogden Labs to take measures to remove any potentially hazardous materials at the disposal site. Shortly thereafter, a disposal company was contracted by Ogden Labs to clean up the dump site.

2.2.3 Post LPC Facility Usage (1975 to Present)

Lockheed has leased portions of both sites to several outside companies for use in various activities since

1975. Beaumont Site 1 facility was used by the IUOE from 1971 through 1991 for surveying and heavy

equipment training. The IUOE had approximately 75 to 100 pieces of heavy equipment on-site for road

building and other purposes (i.e. grading operations, landscaping, etc). The IUOE earth-moving

activities have reshaped various parts of Site 1. The IUOE maintained the roads at both Site 1 and Site 2,

and operated a rock crusher.

A portion of Site 1 was also leased by a farmer who used a number of areas for sheep grazing and

dryland farming. Most level areas throughout the site, including the burn pit area and the LPC and

Aerojet test ranges, were planted with barley. Planting activities were preceded by mechanical

cultivation of the soil to depths of approximately one foot.

General Dynamics had used the area south of the propellant mix station at Site 1 for testing activities on

several occasions. In 1983, General Dynamics fired a Viper bazooka in an easterly direction from the old

mix station toward two steel targets in the field. A 2.7-inch rocket motor, explosives and shaped charges

were used, but only shrapnel remained as a result of the activities. In 1984, 20 and 30-mm Phalanx

Gatling guns were fired from west to east toward a berm that was built near the former SRAM motor

washout area. Only solid rounds were used during this activity.

Structural Composites had used the steep terrain of Site 1 for vehicle roll-over tests on a number of

occasions. The last test was in January 1983. Structural Composites had also conducted heat and

puncture tests on pressurized fiberglass and plastic reinforced cylinders. The tests involved shooting a

single 30-caliber round at the cylinders, and recording the result. The heat and puncture tests were

conducted at Site 2 on one occasion.

Wylie Labs planned to use Beaumont Site 2 for testing of a Class B explosive device in 1986. Wylie

Labs had set up some of the necessary equipment, but the tests were never performed.

The Sites are currently inactive and many of the former structures have been demolished leaving only

concrete building pads. Five buildings, three rocket motor test stands, one mobile trailer, and five

earthen revetment bunkers remain as the only intact structures on the Sites.

#### 2.2.4 Environmental Activities (Remedial Systems)

Based on the historical operations of the Sites, several environmental investigations and activities have been conducted. The investigations focused upon subsurface contamination of soil and groundwater at specific locations throughout the Sites. Data obtained from the investigations identified two (2) primary areas of concern, the Rocket Motor Production Area (Historical Operational Area "B") and the Burn Pit Area (Historical Operational Area "C"). Elevated VOC concentrations were detected in the soil vapors of Area "C" and within the groundwater below Area "C" and Area "B." Due to these findings, the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) issued a consent order in 1989 and an Operation and Maintenance (O & M) Agreement in 1994 to Lockheed to address the soil vapor and groundwater issues. As part of the consent order and O & M agreement, Lockheed was required to install and operate two (2) remediation systems: a soil vapor extraction (SVE) and a groundwater pump and treat (P & T) system.

The SVE system was installed at Area "C" in 1994 to remove chemical contaminants from the vadose zone. The components of the SVE system include: SVE wells, two-phase high vacuum extraction wells, groundwater injection wells, a catalytic oxidizer, and liquid-phase carbon adsorption units. The system was designed to remove the source of the chemical contamination and reduce the risk of further impact to groundwater. The SVE system was in full operation from 1994 through 1998. In 1998, the DTSC allowed LMC to shut down the SVE system based on soil vapor sample concentrations being reduced by an average greater than 99 percent. Although the system has been shut down since 1998, the system is currently intact and remains on site.

The pump and treat remediation system at Area "B" involved the extraction and treatment of groundwater. The components of the groundwater system include: two (2) groundwater extraction wells, five (5) groundwater injection wells, an air stripper system, two (2) bag filters, one 500-gallon treated water storage tank, and vapor-phase carbon adsorbers. The system was designed to remove impacted groundwater via a pump-and-treat (P & T) method and to re-inject treated groundwater to upgradient and downgradient wells for hydraulic containment. The P & T system was in full operation from 1994 through 2002. In 2002, under consent by the DTSC, LMC shut down the P & T system in order to redesign the system for the treatment of additional chemical contaminants that had been identified in the groundwater. Although the system has been shut down, the P & T system is currently intact and remains on site.

#### 2.3 PREVIOUS SAFETY AND TOXICS ASSESSMENT

Prior to performing field site inspection, Tetra Tech reviewed the 1986 Historical Report prepared by Radian which identified historical use areas and previous site activities. In addition, a review of the results of a safety and toxics audit conducted by Earth Tech and LMC personnel was performed. In October 2002, Earth Tech and LMC personnel performed a site inspection to identify safety and toxics concerns, which concentrated mainly on the current site remedial systems and those structures still standing. Additionally all other readily available environmental documents for the site were reviewed for additional pertinent information.

## SECTION 3.0 FIELD INSPECTION METHODOLOGY

In order to identify potential safety and toxic items at Beaumont Site 1 and Site 2, Tetra Tech conducted a site inspection which focused on safety concerns related to current and former structures, current remedial systems, and toxics related items (i.e. asbestos, lead, PCBs, etc). A comprehensive safety and toxics assessment was conducted to identify items that may be potential health and safety concerns to current and future site occupants.

A site inspection was conducted in early to mid-December 2002 for Site 1 and early to mid-January 2003 for Site 2. During the site inspection, Tetra Tech personnel visually inspected the Sites for potential safety items including debris, structures, and potential toxics related items and documented the location and description of the items discovered. Additionally, photo documentation was conducted of the items and all items were mapped on Site figures. Photographs taken during the site inspection activities are presented in Appendix A.

If possible, items were geo-referenced via global positioning system (GPS). GPS points at major features and remote locations were collected using a Trimble Geo-Explorer hand-held GPS unit. GPS points were projected into a State Plane of Zone 6, NAD 83 coordinates and placed over a February 2002 Ortho-rectified aerial image at 1" = 800' scale. The maps used to document historic structure locations in the Radian Historic Report were then overlaid on this map to assist in the location and identification of all historic structures and potential areas of concern.

The following sections present the methodology for the safety and toxics assessment.

#### 3.1 SAFETY ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY

During the site inspection, items were identified as safety concerns using general safety guidelines and specific regulatory guidelines. The general safety guidelines that were applied were slip, trip, and fall hazards; general safety hazards; suspended-load hazards and site security concerns. Specific regulatory guidelines include proper signage; confined space; exposed electrical hazards (lockout / tagout); and locations where general fall hazards (activities conducted 4-feet or more above ground surface) would be required.

#### 3.2 TOXICS ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY

Concurrent with the safety audit, potential toxics related items were also identified and documented. Toxics related items were subdivided into two categories: toxics materials (i.e. asbestos containing materials; lead-based paint; PCB-containing materials such as ballasts or transformers; fluorescent lights; mercury switches; and thermostats) and biological hazards (i.e. animal droppings, mold). During the audit, potential building materials, which could contain asbestos containing material (ACM), lead-based paint (LBP), and mold, were identified and sampled to confirm the presence or absence of toxics related items. Sampling was conducted for presumed ACM, LBP, and mold by City Environmental Services, a State-Certified asbestos and lead contractor.

#### Asbestos Containing Materials Survey Methodology

The ACM survey was comprehensive and included inspection of the following: interior, exterior, roof, attic, crawlspace, mechanical room, and common areas of all accessible structures present on the Sites. The site inspection focused on locating and identifying presumed ACM, and to determine its friability, condition, and potential for damage. To confirm the presence of asbestos, bulk sampling of accessible presumed ACM was conducted and analyzed by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) in accordance with EPA Method 600/M4-82-020. The survey was performed in accordance with the requirements of the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 763 as well as the National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPS) 40 CFR 61 Subpart M.

To conduct the site inspection, a two-person team documented the presence of typical presumed ACM materials on field logs. The suspect materials included, but were not limited to: surface materials (i.e. sprayed or trowled on structural members, fireproofing, acoustic or decorative materials, etc.), thermal system insulation (i.e. pipe, boiler, ducts or other HVAC insulation materials), and miscellaneous materials (i.e. ceilings, floors and walls such as tiles/panels, sheeting, joint compound, paints, etc.). During the sampling activities, a material assessment was conducted to classify the material as either friable or nonfriable. Additionally, materials were assessed for condition and potential damage (i.e. any damage by impact, water, aging, deterioration, or delamination from their substrata). An evaluation of contact potential, vibration influence, and erosion potential was conducted and documented in field logs – see Appendix B.

The field logs present the following information: building number, floor, homogenous group number, sample number, material description, sample location, other locations, approximate total quantity, analytical result, friable/non-friable, damage rating, contact potential, vibration influence, erosion potential, and recommended action.

#### Lead-Based Paint Survey Methodology

The lead-based paint survey was performed in general conformance with the 1995 HUD guidelines for evaluation and control of lead-based paint hazards in housing. The site inspection activities consisted of documentation of paint surfaces, including, but not limited to: painted surfaces (i.e. walls, door jams, exterior and interior stucco, etc.) and metal surfaces (i.e. I-beams, equipment, railings, window components, etc.). The potential lead-based paint items were documented on field logs. The surfaces were tested utilizing both an x-ray fluorescence spectrum analyzer (XRF) and paint chip samples. The XRF method is a field sampling method, which provides a direct reading of lead concentrations. The XRF unit was calibrated at the beginning and end of each inspection day or after extensive delays in the sampling time. The XRF was calibrated with a known paint film lead concentration of 1.0 mg/cm² in the NIST Standard Reference Material. The XRF instrument provides a positive (≥ 1.0 mg/cm²) or negative (< 1.0 mg/cm²) determination verses the threshold. Additionally, paint chip samples were collected from suspected LBP locations and submitted to Micron Environmental Laboratories, Inc. (Micron) for lead analysis by Atomic Absorption Spectrometry (AAS) in accordance with EPA Method SW 846-3050-7420. Specific sampling strategy, methodology, and the results of the lead-based paint survey are presented in Appendix B.

#### Other Toxic Materials Methodology

During the site inspection activities, other toxic materials including, but not limited to, transformers, fluorescent lights, HID bulbs, mercury switches, etc., were also identified and documented on field logs. The location, description, and condition of the items were reported in the logs.

#### Biological Material Methodology

During the toxic materials survey, an inspection was also conducted for biological materials such as animal droppings and mold. The specific location and description of the biological materials was documented in field logs. Mold was noted on building materials with samples collected on an as-needed basis based on visual observation of mold growth. A limited interior air quality assessment (LIAQA) was performed, which included a moisture survey and sampling using a tape lift method and a total mold

spore air sample. Tape lift mold samples were collected utilizing Scotch brand adhesive tape mounted directly onto pre-cleaned microscopic slides and placing the adhesive side onto the sampling area. The total mold spore air samples were collected using Cyclex-d cassettes and high volume air sampling pumps to sample a total volume of 200 liters of air at each location. Additionally, all mold samples collected were submitted to City Laboratory Services for total mold spore analysis. The analysis would indicate the presence of toxic strains or allergenic strains of mold. Specific sampling strategy and methodology and the results of the survey are presented in Appendix B.

### SECTION 4.0 SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

At the completion of the site inspection, a Safety and Toxic matrix was generated which presented the following: item number, historical area, historical operational area description, historical operation, location, GPS point (if available), item description, and category (Debris/Structure, Remedial, or Toxic). The findings of the assessment were subdivided into three tables for each site: safety items, toxics items, and additional items with no potential health and safety concerns. This section presents a summary of the findings at Beaumont Site 1 and Beaumont Site 2. The Safety and Toxics matrices are presented in Appendix C.

#### 4.1 BEAUMONT SITE 1

A total of 185 safety and toxics related items were identified within Beaumont Site 1. There were 154 safety and 31 toxics related items. A table with the items identified is presented in Appendix C.

#### 4.1.1 Summary of Safety Related Items

The 154 safety related items were subdivided into three (3) categories: structure, debris, and remedial systems. The following table defines the various sub-categories of the safety related items. The majority of the items observed were located in or near the historical operational areas. In general, outside of the historical operational areas, the Site is clear of safety related items. Table 4-1 presents a summary of the safety related items by former historical operation areas.

Table 4-1
Summary of Safety Related Items with Operational Areas
For Site 1

Historical Operational Area	Total	Category			
	Items	Structure Debris		Remedial System	
A	18	6	12	0	
В	42	16	17	9	
С	7	2	2	3	
D	12	6	6	0	
E	2	1	1	0	
F	54	34	19	1	
G	13	4	9	0	
Н	2	0	2	0	
I	3	0	3	0	
Site wide	1	0	1	0	
Total	154	69	72	13	

According to Table 4-1, 153 safety items were associated with a historical operational area. However, one (1) additional safety item was identified as a Site wide issue and not associated with a specific historical operational area.

As presented in Table 4-1, historical operational Area "F", former LPC test services area, contained the largest number of structural and debris related safety items. The remedial items identified are primarily located within historical operational Areas "B" and "C", which house the two remedial systems. The specific locations of the items identified by historical operational areas are presented in Figure 4-1 through Figure 4-8 and LMC Beaumont Site 1 Plate 1.

#### 4.1.2 Summary of Toxics Related Items

A total of 31 toxics related items were identified within Beaumont Site 1. The toxics related items were subdivided into the following categories: toxic materials (including ACM, LBP, and other materials) and biological materials (including mold and animal droppings). A total of 26 toxic materials and 5 biological materials were identified within Site 1. The following subsection presents the findings of the toxic and biological materials.

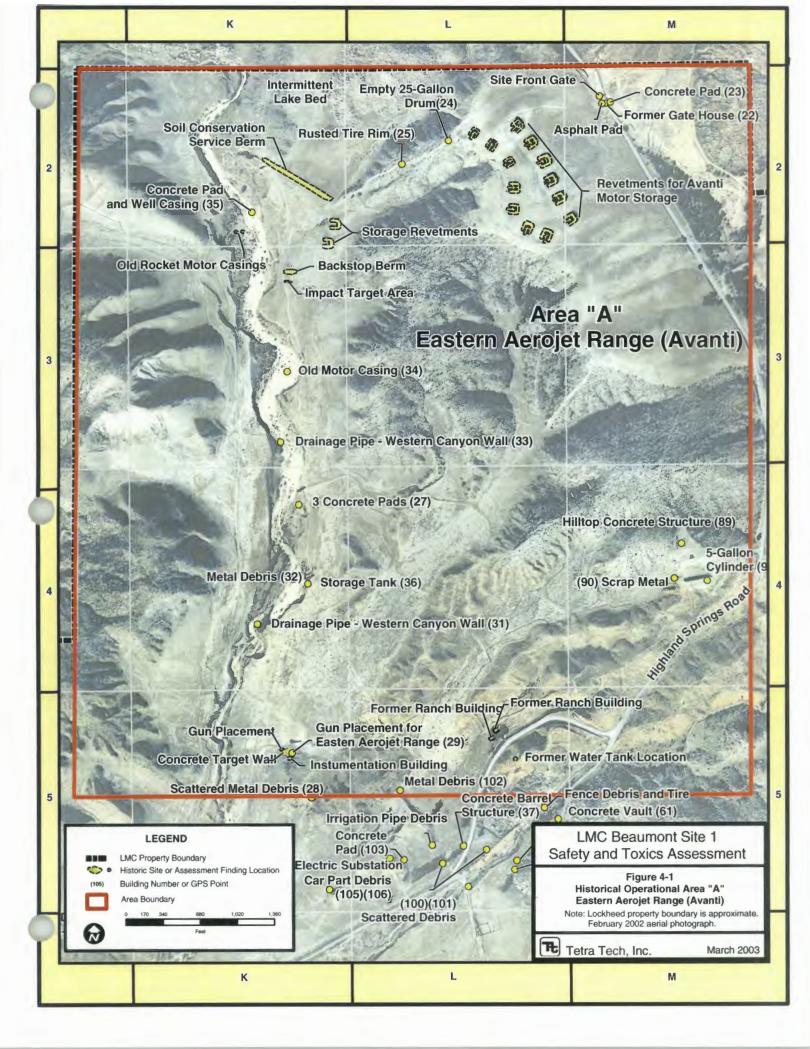
#### 4.1.2.1 Summary of Toxic Materials

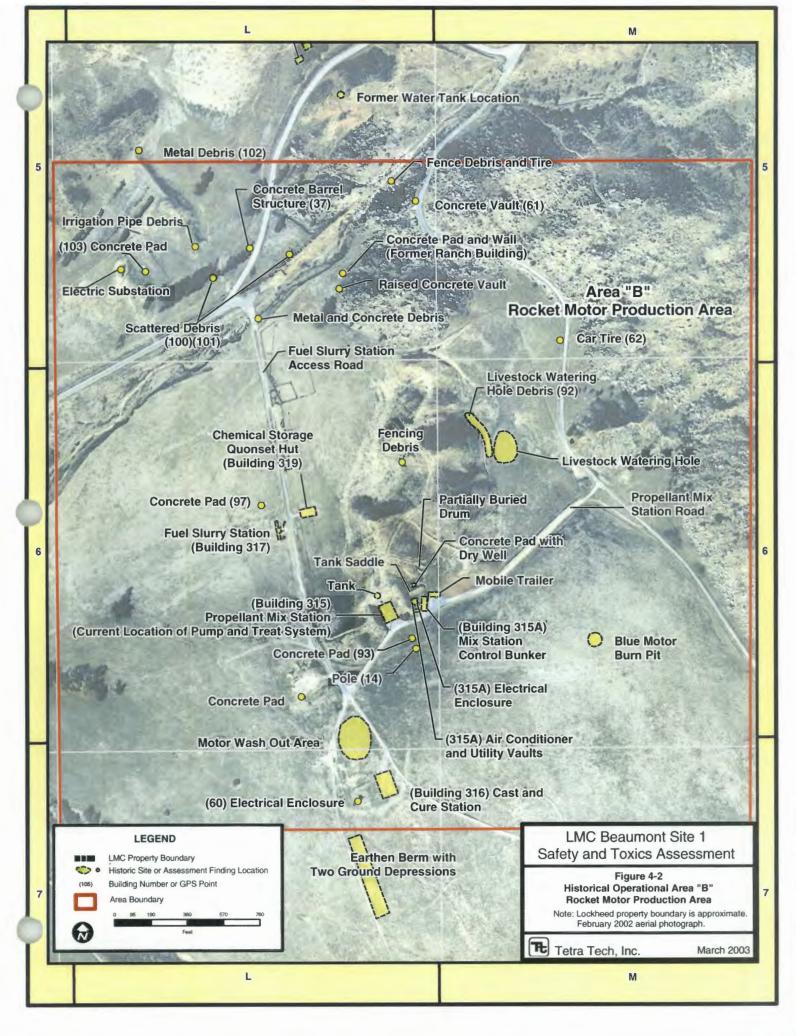
The 26 toxic material findings observed were found in six sub-categories: asbestos, lead-based paint, PCBs, mercury-containing items, HID and fluorescent bulbs, and unknown liquids. Table 4-2 presents a summary of the toxic materials identified.

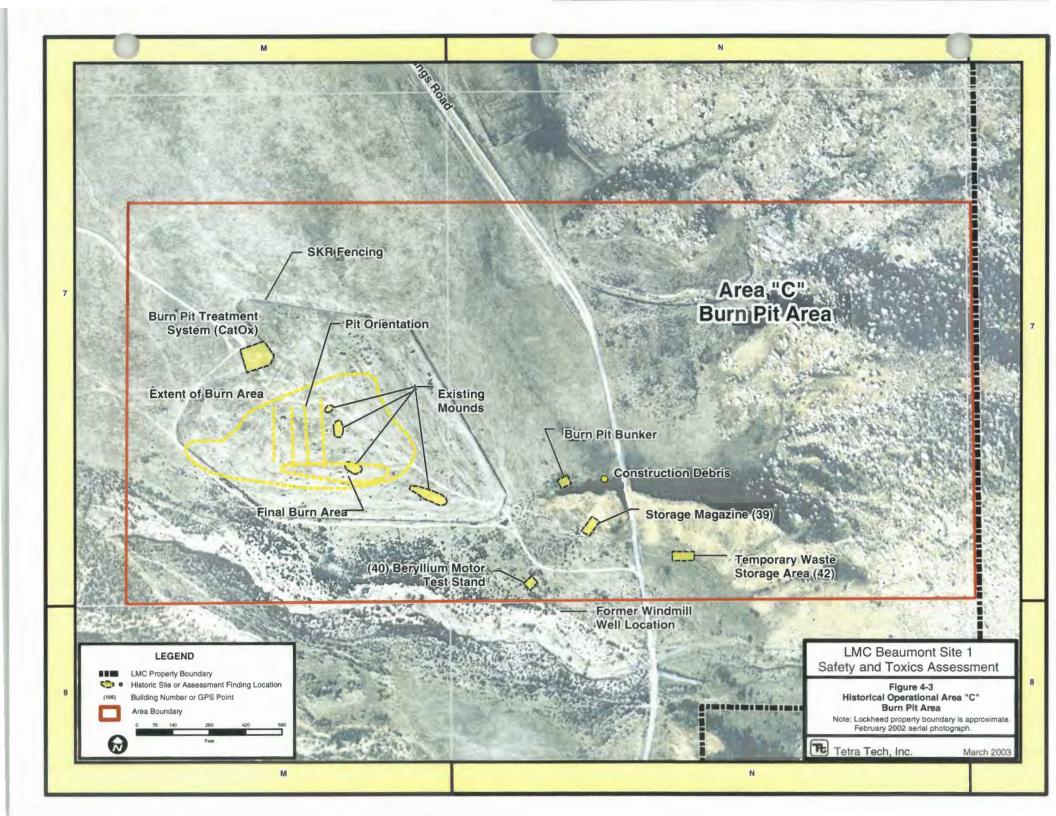
Table 4-2 Summary of Toxic Materials for Site 1

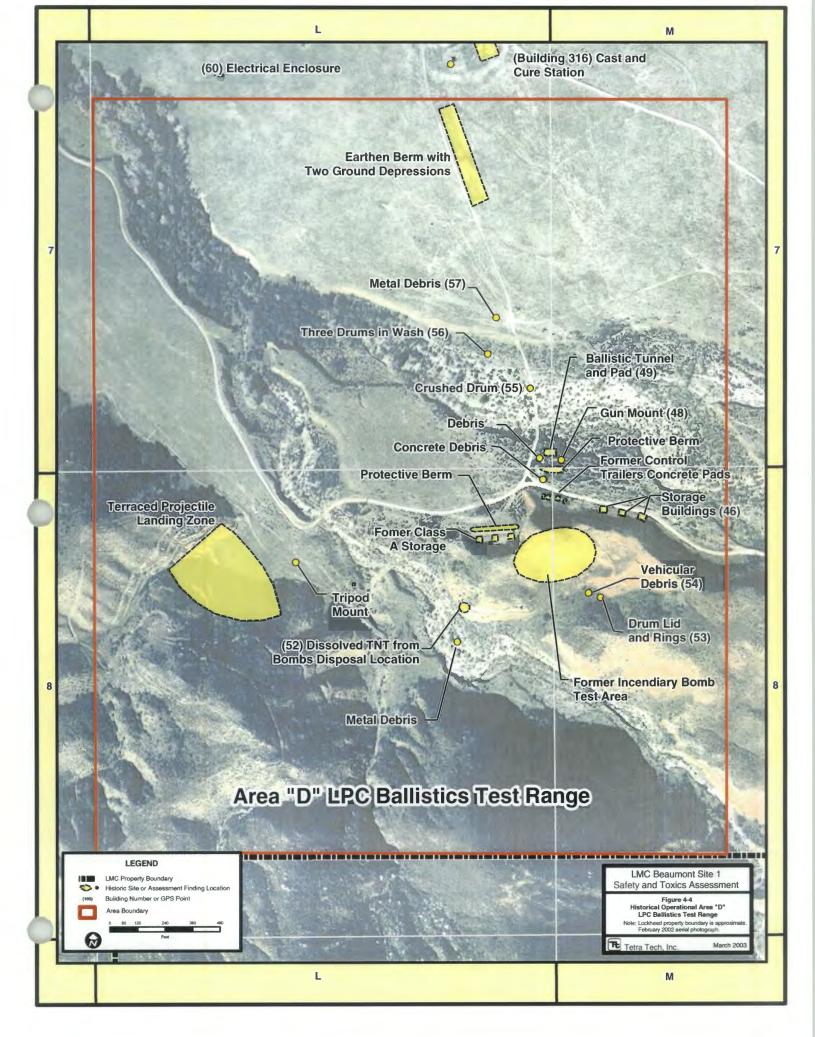
Toxic Material Description	Total Number of Items			
Asbestos Containing Material	10*			
Lead-Based Paint	9			
Other Toxic Materials				
PCBs	2			
Mercury Switches	I			
HID / Florescent <b>Bulb</b> s	1			
Unknown Liquids	3			
Total	26			

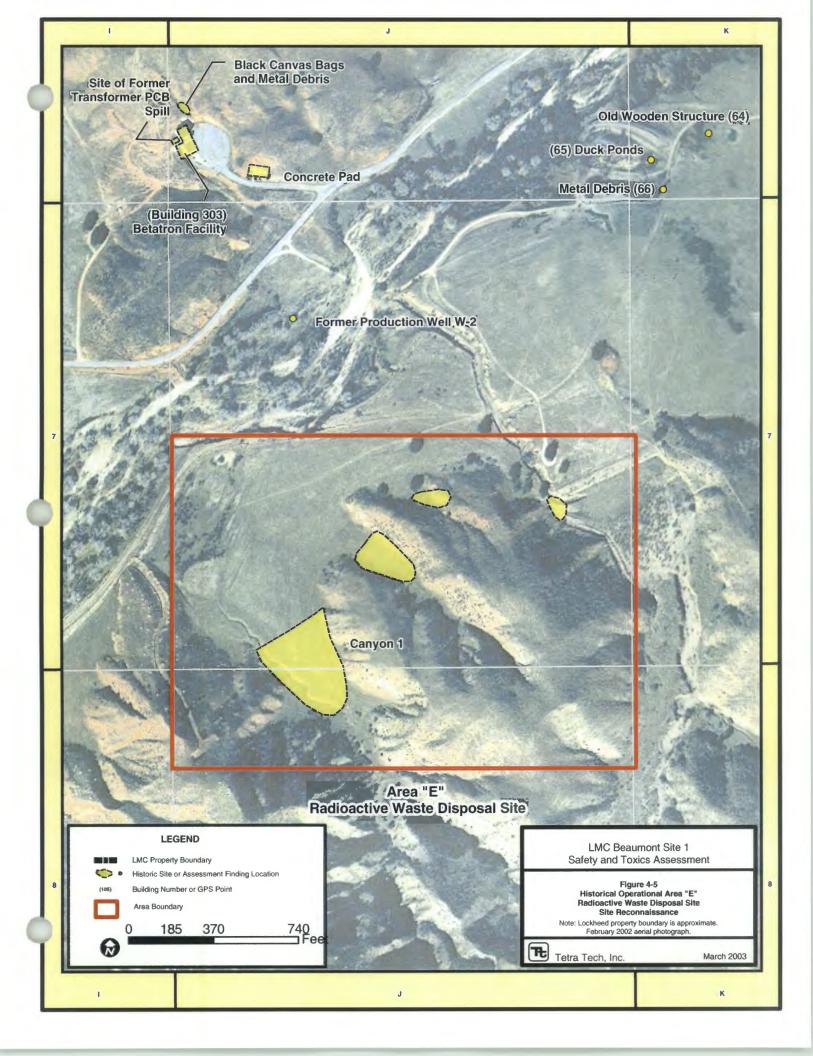
Note: \* - represents total number of locations where ACM was identified.

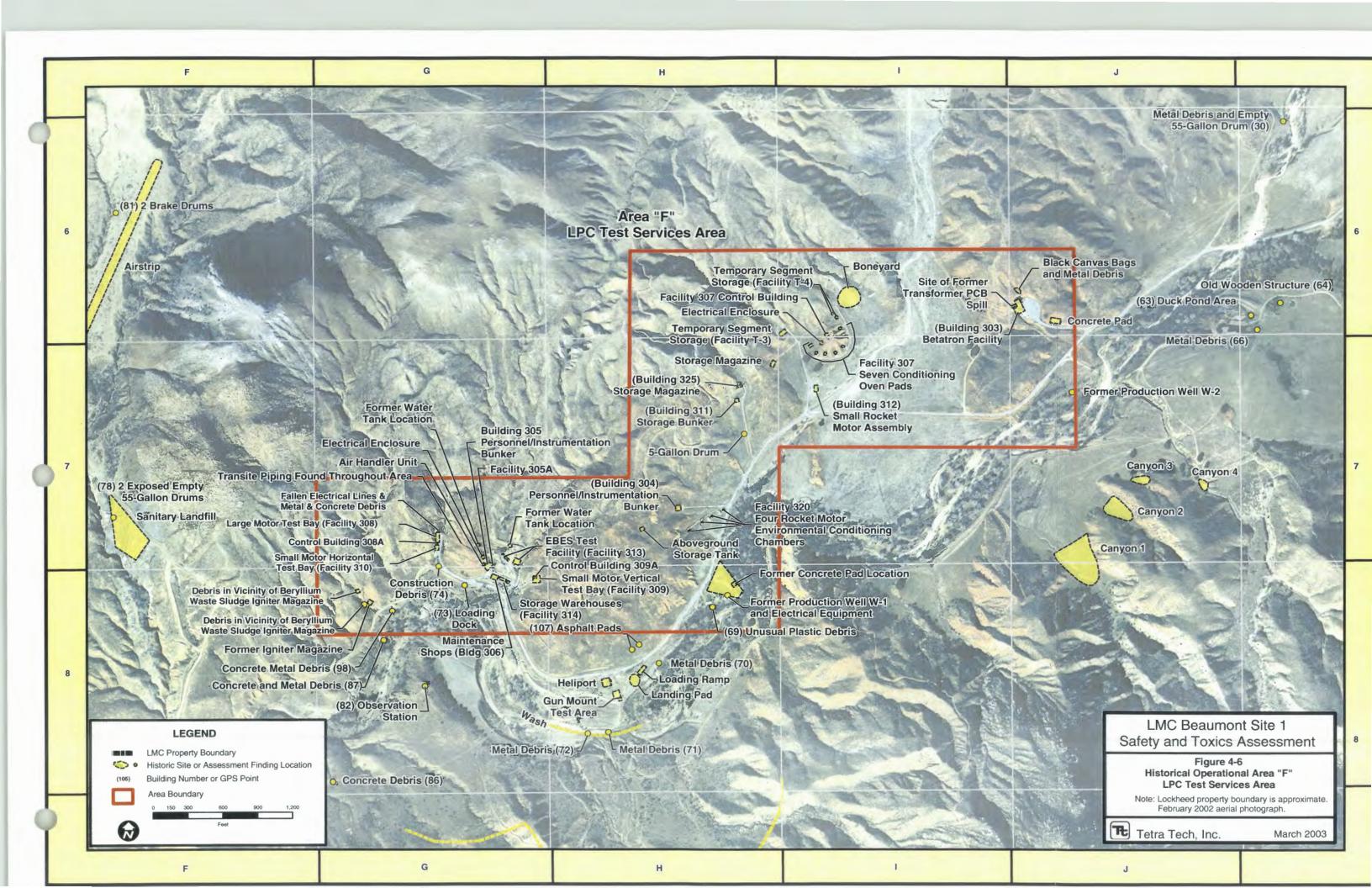


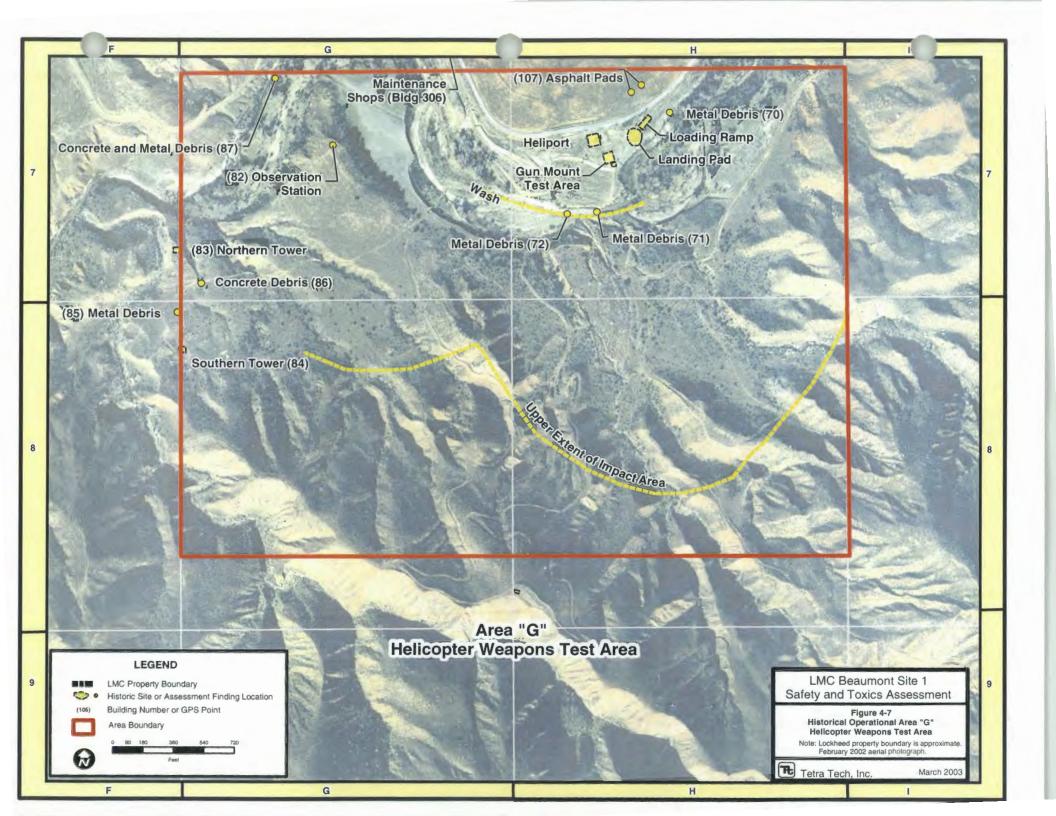


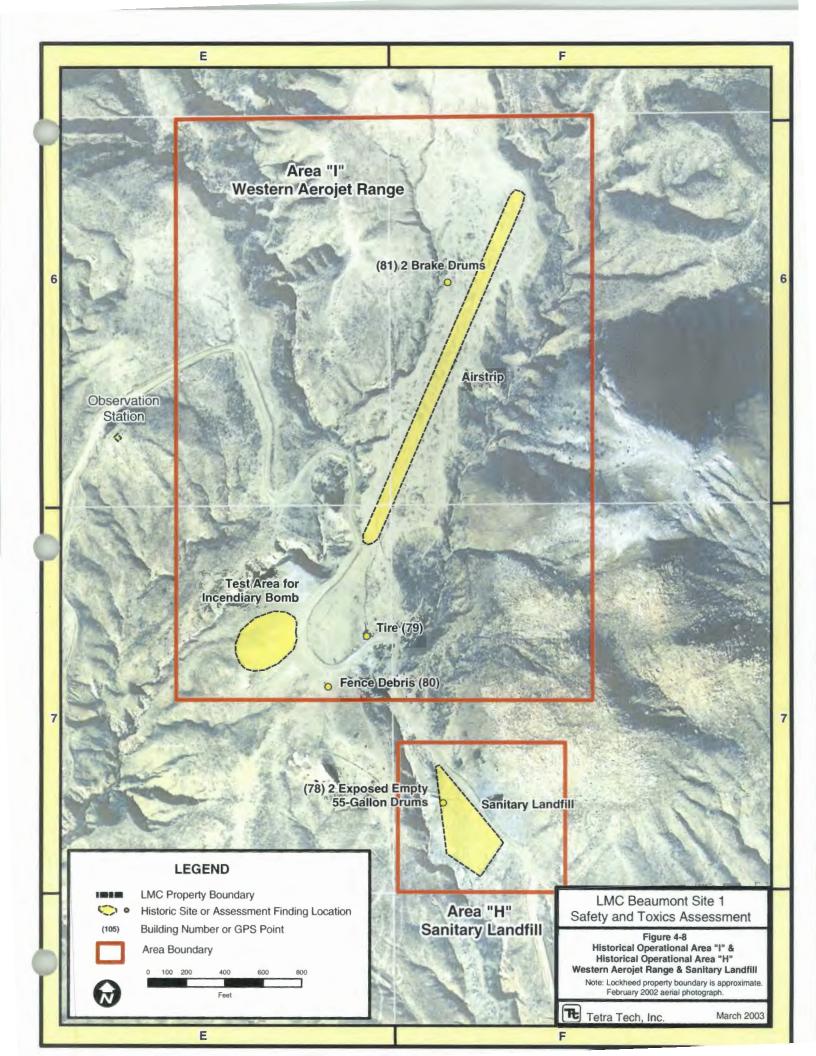












#### 4.1.2.1.1 Asbestos

An asbestos survey was conducted for all presumed ACM materials at Beaumont Site 1 in accordance with AHERA 40 CFR 763 and NESHAPS 40 CFR 61 Subpart M guidelines. A representative number of samples were collected from the various types of presumed ACM. The initial asbestos site inspection consisted of identification of presumed ACM based on location – see Appendix C. At the discretion of the certified asbestos contractor, multiple samples were collected from the same type of material at the same location or a representative sample was collected of a specific material type. The certified asbestos inspector further identified additional types of materials at the same location. Table 4-3 presents the specific material types identified at each of the locations presented in Appendix C and the corresponding bulk sample analytical results.

A total of 140 bulk samples of presumed ACM were collected and analyzed from Beaumont Site 1. ACM is defined in California as materials containing asbestos greater than one-tenth of one percent (>0.1%) by weight. Table 4-3 presents a summary of the sample number, material description, sample location, friable or non-friable, condition and hazardous assessment, approximate quantity, and asbestos content.

Table 4-3 Summary of Asbestos Sample Results for Site 1

Sample No.	Material Description	Sample / Material Location	Friable / Non- Friable	Condition & Hazardous Assessment	Approximate Quantity	Asbestos Content
310-1-1, -2, -3	Black tar residue	Concrete walls of building #310	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
308-2-1, -2, -3	Brown top coat	On horizontal component affixed to the concrete pad of building #308	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
308-3-1	Transite pipe and associated debris	At building 308 as well as northern hillside behind the building – partially exposed with some pipes underground	Non- Friable	Damaged with high potential for further damage	250 to 1,000 linear feet	10% CH and 2% CR
308-4-1, -2, -3	Concrete grout/ mortar	Throughout perimeter concrete block walls of building #308	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
308-5-1, -2, -3	Concrete grout/ mortar	Throughout concrete block walls of the storage building southwest of building #308	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
308-6-1, -2, -3	Black electrical conduit on electrical conduit insulation		N/A	N/A	N/A	None
305-7-1, -2, -3	Brown vinyl cove base mastic	Base of interior walls of building #305	N/A	N/A	N/A	None

# Table 4-3 (continued) Summary of Asbestos Sample Results for Site 1

Sample No.	Material Description	Sample / Material Location	Friable / Non- Friable	Condition & Hazardous Assessment	Approximate Quantity	Asbestos Content
305-8-1	9'x 9' floor tile and black mastic	At base of interior steps in the building	Non- Friable	Damaged / moderate potential for further damage	5 sq.ft.	Tile 3% CH
						Mastic 2% CH
305-9-1, -2, -3	2"x 4" acoustical ceiling panels	Back Room of building #305	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
305-10-1, -2, -	Drywall and joint compound material	Throughout interior walls/ceilings of building #305	Non friable	Damaged with moderate potential for further damage	6,000 sq.ft.	Trace values of CH
305-11-1, -2, -	Plaster Debris	Outside of building 305 on the ground	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
305-12-1	Transite pipe debris	Scattered on the exterior of building #305 from the northeast to the northwest – also on rear hillside – some pipes extend underground	Non- Friable	Damaged with moderate potential for further damage	200 to 2000 If	8%CH
305-13-1, -2, -	Beige exterior concrete wall texture coat	On the top of the concrete walls of building #308	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
305-14-1, -2, -	Beige and gray duct joint tape and mastic	On the HVAC duct joints, exterior of building #305 to the west on the hillside	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
305-15-1	Black foam insulation	In between 2 layers of HVAC ducting, exterior of building #305, to the west	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
305-16-1, -2, -	Gunnite with black tar/mastic	On the roof of building #305	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
305-17-1, -2, -	Concrete grout/ mortar	In between the concrete block walls of building #305	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
306-18-1, -2, -	Concrete grout/ mortar	In between the concrete block walls of building #305	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
306-19-1, -2, -	Plaster debris	On the ground of building #306	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
306-20-1, -2, - 3	Black roof tar and felt	Perimeter concrete walls roofing and on the ground	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
309-21-1, -2, - 3	Concrete grout/ mortar	In between the concrete block walls of building #305	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
304-22-1	Caulking putty	Exterior of concrete walls were HVAC ducting used to be on building #304	N/A	N/A	N/A	None

### Table 4-3 (continued) Summary of Asbestos Sample Results for Site 1

Sample No.	Material Description	Sample / Material Location	Friable / Non- Friable	Condition & Hazardous Assessment	Approximate Quantity	Asbestos Content
304-23-1, -2, -	Blue 9"x 9" floor tile and associated black mastic	Throughout the interior of building #304	Non- Friable	Damaged condition with moderate potential for further damage	400 SF	Trace values of CH
						Mastic 2% CH
304-24-1, -2, -	Brown vinyl cove base mastic	Throughout the base of the interior walls of building #304	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
304-25-1, -2, -	Black electrical conduit insulation	On electrical conduit on the hill over building #304	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
311-26-1	Brown filler and mudding compound	At connection point of steel beams and concrete walls inside building #311	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
311-27-1, -2, -	Concrete texture coating	On the top of the exterior concrete wall of building #311	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
311-28-1, -2, -	Black roof tar	On top of building #311	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
312-29-1, -2, -	Drywall and joint compound material	Interior ceiling of building #312	Non friable	Significantly damaged with high potential for further damage	702 SF	Trace values of CH
312-30-1, -2, -3	Roof tar and felt	Throughout the roof of building #312	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
312-31-1, -2, -	Roof base flashing and parapet material	Throughout the perimeter of the roof of building #312	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
312-32-1	Gray roof penetration mastic	Around penetrations on the roof of building #312	Non friable	Good condition with low potential for damage	10 sf	3%CH
311-33-1, -2, -	Concrete wall texture coating	Exterior walls of building 311	Non friable	Damaged condition with high potential for further damage	1,000 sf	Trace values of CH
312-34-1, -2, -	Concrete grout/ mortar	In between concrete block walls of building #312	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
T4-35-1	Gray 9"x 9" vinyl floor tile with yellow glue	Throughout the interior of building #T4	Non friable	Damaged condition with high potential for further damage	120 SF	1%CH

## Table 4-3 (continued) Summary of Asbestos Sample Results for Site 1

Sample No.	Material Description	Sample / Material Location	Friable / Non- Friable	Condition & Hazardous Assessment	Approximate Quantity	Asbestos Content
T4-36-1, -2, -	Drywall and joint compound material	Throughout the ceiling of building #T4	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
T4-37-1	Roof tar and felt	Throughout the roof of building #T4	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
T4-38-1	Gray roof penetration mastic	Around roof penetrations on building #T4	Non- Friable	Good condition with low potential for damage	5 sf	3% CH
T4-39-1, -2, -3	Concrete grout/ mortar	In between the concrete block walls of building #T4	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
303-40-1	Pipe elbow insulation	In one room and Inside the attic space of building #303, on pipe elbows	Friable	Good condition with moderate potential for damage	29 each	5%CH
303-41-1, -2, -	Drywall and joint compound material	Throughout the interior ceilings of building #303	Non- Fixable	Good condition with lo potential for damage – damaged only in 1 room approximatel y 100 sf	5,528 SF	Trace values of CH
303-42-1	Gray electrical wire insulation	Inside electrical box of building #303	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
303-43-1	White and beige caulking material	On the HVAC ducts inside the basement of building #303	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
303-44-1	White putty material	Exterior wall, lower end of building #303	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
303-45-1	HVAC vibration cloth (2 each)	On HVAC units inside the basement of building #303	Friable	Good condition with moderate potential for damage	25 sf	30%
303-46-1	Brown putty material	Exterior of basement on top of the walls of building #303	Non- Friable	Good with moderate potential for damage	400 lf	1%CH
303-47-1	Black mastic	On the ground of the entrance to the high bay of building #303	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
303-48-1	Gray mastic	On the ground of the entrance to the high bay of building #303	Non- Friable	Good with high potential for damage	N/A	3%СН
303-49-1, -2, -	Composite field roofing material	Throughout level 1 and 2 roofs of building #303	N/A	N/A	N/A	None

Table 4-3 (continued)
Summary of Asbestos Sample Results for Site 1

Sample No.	Material Description	Sample / Material Location	Friable / Non- Friable	Condition & Hazardous Assessment	Approximate Quantity	Asbestos Content
303-50-1, -2, -	Composite roof base flashing an parapet material	Throughout perimeter of roof levels 1 and 2 of building #303	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
303-51-1	Gray roof penetration mastic	Around roof penetrations of all roof levels	Non- Friable	Good condition with low potential for damage	350 sf	Trace values of CH
303-51-1, -2, -	Concrete grout/ mortar	In between the red brick walls of building #303	Non- Friable	Good condition with low potential for damage	2,400 SF	Trace values of CH
303-52-1, -2, -3	Concrete grout/ mortar	In between concrete block walls of building #303	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
T4-53-1	Brown cove base mastic	Throughout the interior walls (bottom) of building #T4	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
315-54-1, -2, -	White fishered, random hole 2'x 4' ceiling panels	Throughout the main office room of building 315A	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
315-55-1, -2	Yellow carpet glue	Throughout under the carpet in the main office room and tool storage room of building #315A	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
315-56-1	White window sealant material	Around exterior windows of building #315A	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
(Trailer)-57-1	White caulking material	Around the electrical boxes located on the exterior south wall of building #315B	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
(Trailer)-58-1	Black mastic	On the tow hitch located on the exterior south wall of building #315B	Non- Friable	Good condition with moderate potential for damage	15 SF	Trace values of CH
(Trailer)-59-1	Silver sealant material	On roof seams of building #315B	Non- Friable	Damaged condition with low potential for damage	120 sf	7%CH
315-60-1, -2, -	Beige/ gray texture material on concrete walls	Top of concrete walls of building #315A	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
315-61-1	Black roof penetration mastic	On top of building #315A, around perimeter of concrete walls at the base	N/A	N/A	N/A	None

Note: CH denotes Chrysotile; CR denotes Crosidolite; LF: denotes linear feet; and SF denotes square feet <1% Asbestos by Weight is regulated by Cal/OSHA only and exempt from Federal regulations.

None – no asbestos was detected by the Laboratory

Trace values were reported in several samples during the ACM survey. The trace values represent concentrations less than 1 % percent asbestos based on the PLM sampling methodology utilized during

this survey. The trace values could be further quantified using either the point count or Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM) test methodology.

Based on the asbestos survey, the following items were identified as asbestos containing material (denoted in bold print within Table 4-3). Friable ACM was found in two components (pipe elbow insulation and HVAC vibration cloth material) at the Betatron Building (Building 303). Category I and II non-friable ACM was discovered in the following items: transite pipe and debris at various locations throughout the site, 9"x 9" floor tile and black mastic in Bldg 305, black mastic associated with blue 9"x 9" floor tile in Bldg 304, gray roof penetration mastic on Bldg 312, gray 9"x 9" vinyl floor tile with yellow glue in Bldg T4, gray roof penetration mastic on Bldg T4 (307), brown exterior putty/caulking material on the walls of Bldg. 303, gray mastic on the ground at entrance to Bldg 303, and black mastic on tow hitch of Bldg. 315B (trailer). Details regarding sampling locations, condition, and hazard assessment are provided in the subcontractor's report in Appendix B.

#### 4.1.2.1.2 Lead-Based Paint

A LBP survey of all suspect painted items at Beaumont Site 1 was conducted using a Niton XRF analyzer. A representative number of all interior, and exterior surfaces/components and common areas, were tested for LBP following Housing and Urban Development (HUD) guidelines. A total of 257 XRF readings (including 14 calibration readings) were collected from various painted surfaces/components throughout this site. Of the 243 actual surface readings, 239 had detectable levels of lead in paint. Cal/OSHA and Federal OSHA Lead in Construction Standards consider any amount of lead in paint to be a concern during renovation and demolition activities.

The following components/surfaces were identified as Lead Containing Paint at Beaumont Site 1 utilizing the XRF method:

- All wood door components;
- All exterior concrete block walls;
- All interior drywall walls/ceilings;
- Exterior wood fascia boards/overhangs;
- Exterior metal gutters;
- Metal door and door components;
- Exterior metal fences;
- Exterior concrete walls and ceilings;
- Exterior metal rain gutter's overhangs;
- Metal access ladders;
- Wood door and door components;
- Bollard poles;
- Metal I-Beams;

- Test bay metal components;
- Metal roofs;
- Metal wall structures;
- Metal electrical boxes;
- Interior wood shelves;
- Metal roll up garage door and components;
- Metal hand railings;
- Metal electrical generators transformers;
- Concrete floors;
- Metal HVAC units and ducting;
- Metal frame components in concrete pads; and
- Metal sheeting debris.

The painted surfaces and interior/exterior finishes were generally observed to be in poor (deteriorated,

peeling, chipping, etc.) condition.

Details regarding sampling locations, condition, and hazard assessment are provided in the contractor's

report in Appendix B.

4.1.2.1.3 Other Toxic Materials

During the site inspection, several other potential toxic materials were identified, including, but not

limited to, PCBs, mercury switches, HID and florescent light bulbs, and unknown liquids found in sumps

or containers. A description of the other potential toxics materials identified during the site inspection is

presented below.

**PCBs** 

Potential PCB affected locations were identified throughout Site 1. Based on interviews and site

inspections, former PCB containing transformers were located at concrete pads with fencing enclosures.

Mercury Switches

Mercury containing switch capsules were found in the thermostats at the Betatron building (Building

303). These capsules present an exposure hazard from the elemental mercury contained inside if the glass

capsules were broken.

HID and Florescent Bulbs

HID and florescent bulbs were identified during the site inspection of Site 1. In the case of the

fluorescent bulbs, several tubes were observed to be broken verifying a release had taken place.

Unknown Liquids

Unknown liquids were identified on two occasions found in pits, sumps, and drums at Site 1. Unknown

liquids pose a direct exposure hazard to humans and wildlife. Additionally, since the liquids are

unknown, health risks are also unknown.

### 4.1.2.2 Summary of Biological Hazards

Concurrent with the toxic materials survey, building materials were visually observed for indications of biological hazards including surface mold and animal droppings. A total of five (5) biological hazard items were identified. During the site inspection, surface mold was found at three (3) buildings (Building 305, Building 312, and Building 315A). Mold samples were collected at the three (3) locations using tape lift sampling methods. The sampling report is presented in Appendix B.

Heavy levels of animal droppings (predominantly small rodent droppings) were found in two locations collected from Buildings 303 and 305. These droppings present a biohazard due to the possibility of contacting diseases such as Hantavirus or Valley Fever and other similar diseases from exposure to the droppings.

### 4.2 BEAUMONT SITE 2

A total of 105 safety and toxics related items were identified within Beaumont Site 2. There were 95 safety and 10 toxics related items. The following subsections present the detailed findings of the safety and toxics related items identified. The specific locations of the 105 items identified by historical operational areas are presented in Figure 4-9 through Figure 4-12 and Plate 2. The specific item description and location are presented within the Safety and Toxics Matrices in Appendix C.

### 4.2.1 Summary of Safety Related Items

The 95 safety related items were subdivided into two categories: structure and debris. The following table defines the various sub-categories of the safety related items. The majority of the items observed were located in the vicinity of the historical operational areas. In general, outside of the historical operational areas, Site 2 is clear of safety related items. Table 4-4 presents a summary of the safety related items by former historical operational areas.

Table 4-4
Summary of Safety Related Items within Operational Areas
For Site 2

Historical Operational Area	Total	Category		
	ltems -	Structure	Debris	
J	30	13	17	
K	49	25	24	
L	9	5	4	
M	1	1	0	
Outside of Historical Operational Areas	6	4	2	
Total	95	48	47	

According to Table 4-4, 89 safety items were associated with a historical operational area. However, six (6) additional safety items were identified that were not associated with a specific historical operational area.

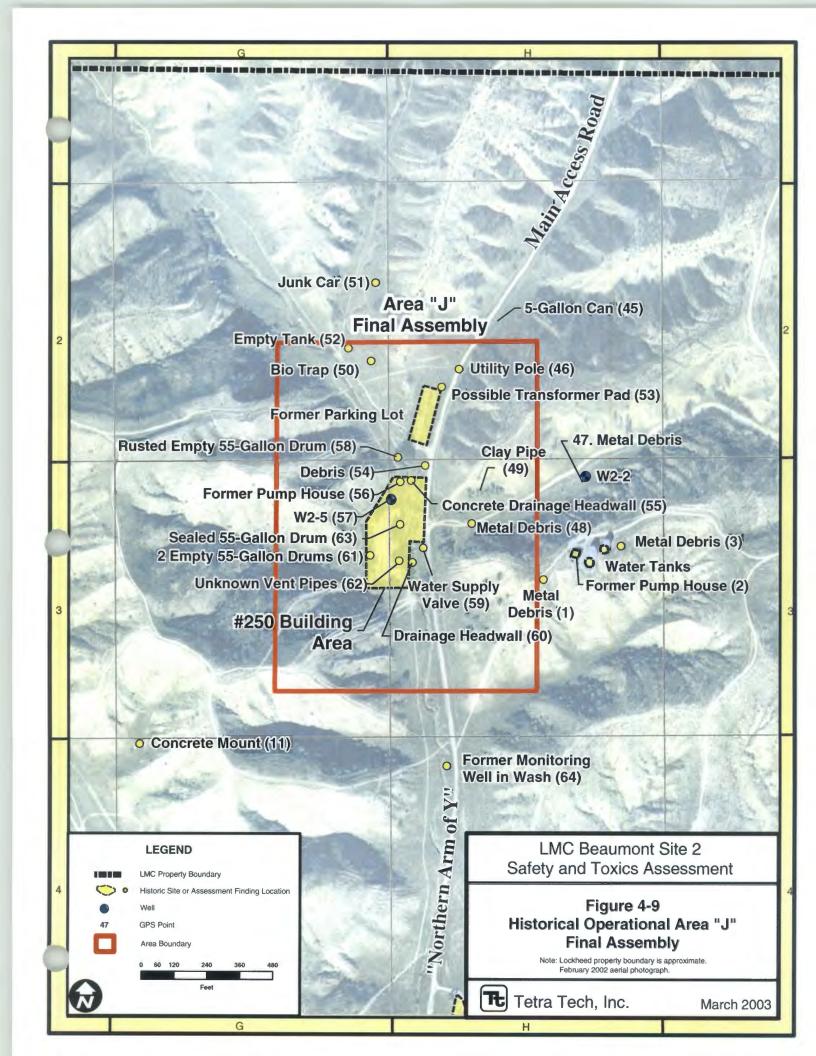
As presented in Table 4-4, historical operational Area "K", former Test Bays & Miscellaneous Facilities, contained the largest number of structural and debris related safety items. The specific locations of the items identified by historical operational areas are presented in Figure 4-9 through Figure 4-12 and LMC Beaumont Site 2 Plate 2.

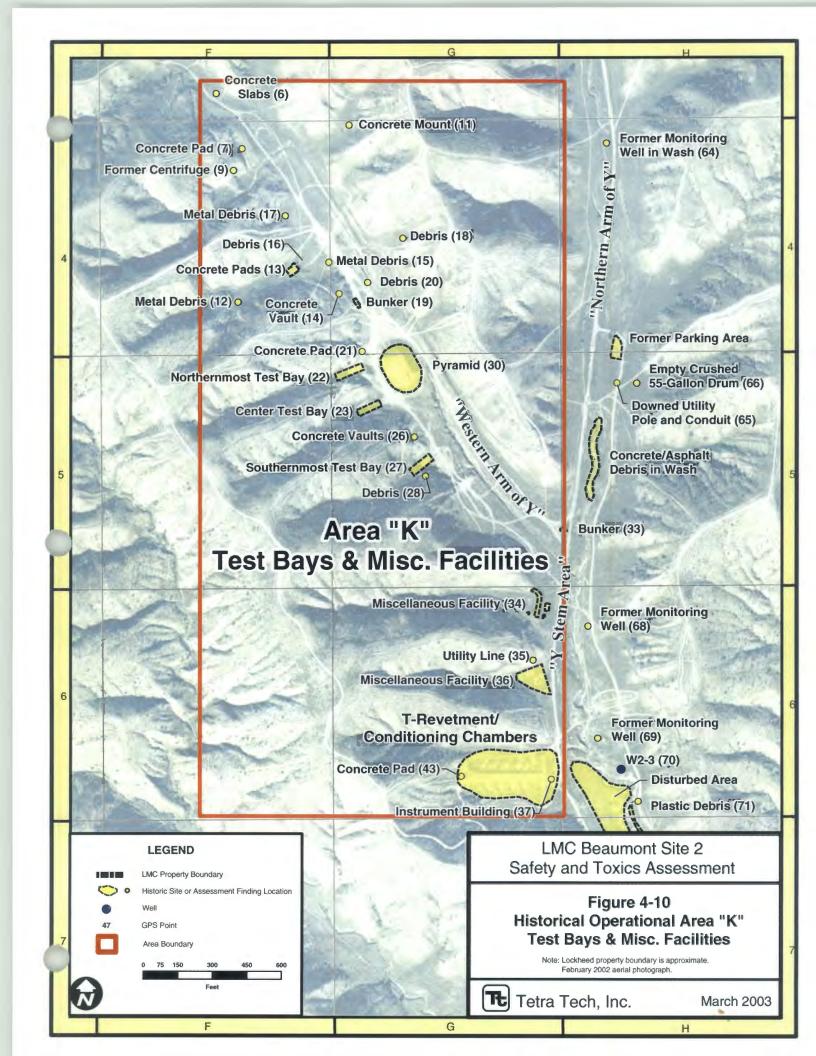
### 4.2.2 Summary of Toxics Related Items

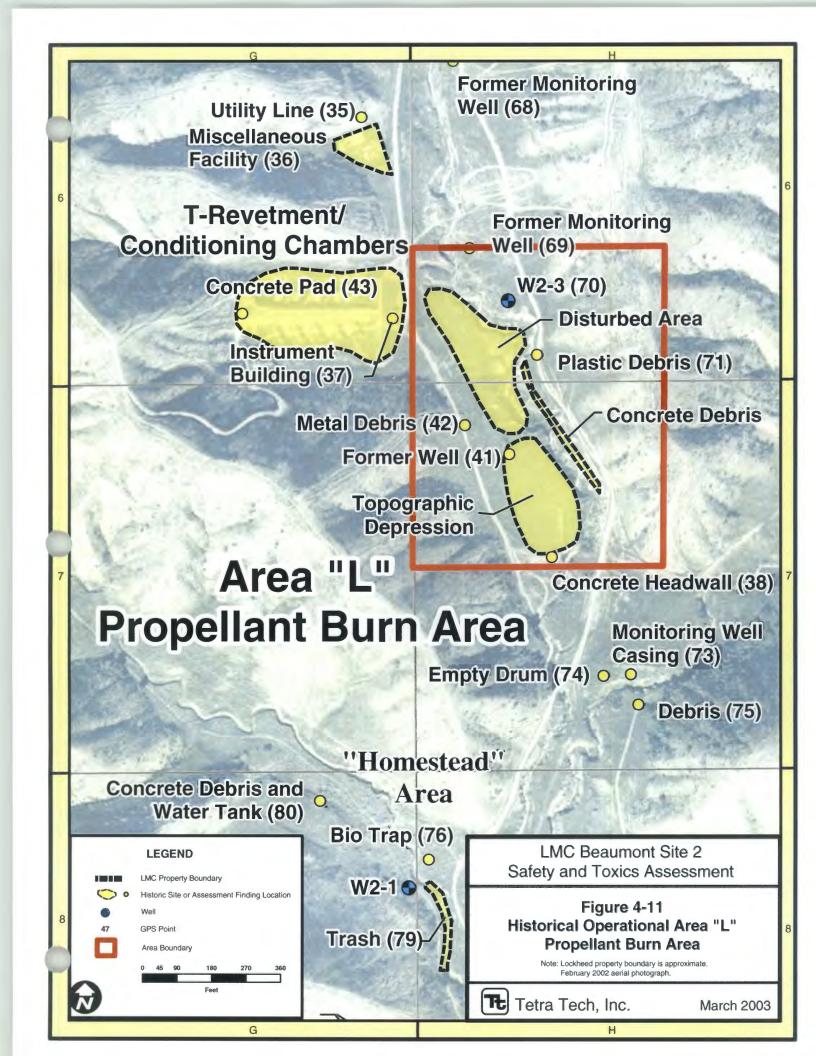
During the safety and toxics assessment, a total of 10 toxics related items were identified within Beaumont Site 2. All 10 items were identified as toxic materials and no biological hazards were identified at Site 2.

### 4.2.2.1 Summary of Toxic Materials

During the site inspection of Beaumont Site 2, 10 toxic materials were identified at the site including: ACM, LBP, and other toxic materials (i.e. PCBs, unknown liquids). Table 4-5 presents the toxic materials identified.







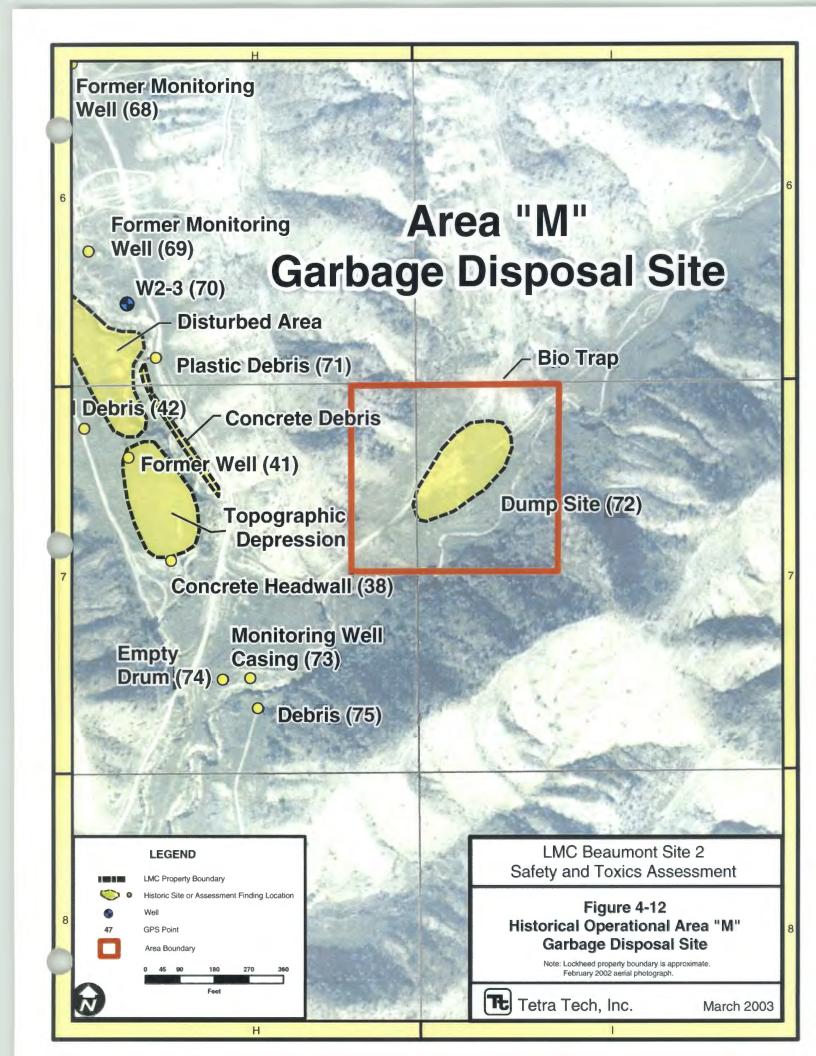


Table 4-5
Summary of Toxic Materials for Site 2

Toxic Material Description	Total Items
Asbestos Containing Material	5
Lead-Based Paint	2
Other Toxic Materials	
PCBs	2
Unknown Materials	1
Total	10

The following subsections present the finding of the toxic materials assessment.

#### 4.2.2.1.1 Asbestos

During the site inspection activities, a total of twenty-six (26) bulk samples of presumed ACM were collected and analyzed from six primary locations. A representative number of samples were collected from the various types of presumed ACM. The initial asbestos site inspection consisted of identification of presumed ACM based on location – see Appendix C. At the discretion of the certified asbestos contractor, multiple samples were collected from the same type of material at the same location or a representative sample was collected of a specific material type. The certified asbestos inspector further identified additional types of materials at the same location. Table 4-6 presents the specific material types identified at each of the locations presented in Appendix C and the corresponding bulk sample analytical results.

Table 4-6 presents a summary of the sample number, material description, sample location, friable or non-friable, condition and hazardous assessment, approximate quantity, and asbestos content.

Table 4-6 Summary of Asbestos Sample Results for Site 2

Sample No.	Material Description	Sample / Material Location	Friable / Non-	Condition & Hazardous	Approximate Quantity	Asbestos Content
			Friable	Assessment		
37-1-1, 2, 3	Concrete grout/	In-between concrete block	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
	mortar	walls throughout interior and				
		exterior walls of building #37				
33-2-1, 2, 3	Concrete grout/	In-between concrete block	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
·	mortar	walls throughout interior and				
		exterior walls of building #33				
33-3-1, -2, -3	Asphalt roofing	On the roof of building #33	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
	material	and on the surrounding				
		ground				

# Table 4-6 (continued) Summary of Asbestos Sample Results for Site 2

Sample No.	Material Description	Sample / Material Location	Friable / Non- Friable	Condition & Hazardous Assessment	Approximate Quantity	Asbestos Content
TB1-4-1, 2	4" OD Transite pipes and debris	At test bays 1, 2, and 3 protruding from walls, debris scattered on ground in adjacent areas, and some encased in larger concrete pipes – also present in wash near way point 67	Non Friable	Damaged with moderate potential for further damage	Debris and pieces over a 40,000 sq.ft. area	10% CH and 2% CR
TB2-5-1	Black waterproofing roof tar and felt	At base of test bays 1, 2, and 3 mostly under concrete foundation	Non- Friable	Damaged with moderate potential for further damage	400 SF	7%CH
TB2-3-4, -5, -	Asphalt roofing material	Scattered on ground adjacent to all test bays	Non- Friable	N/A	N/A	None
MB-7-1	9"x 9" vinyl floor tile and associated black mastic	Throughout the interior of the main bunker	Non- Friable	Damaged with moderate potential for further damage	1000 SF	2% CH
MB-6-1, 2, 3	Drywall (no joint compound)	Located in the restroom of the main bunker	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
MB-8-1, 2, 3	Composite plaster material	Located in the restroom of the main bunker	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
TB3-9-1	Transite siding debris	On the ground south of test bay #3	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
TB3-10-1	Black gasket material	On pipe leading into large water tanks	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
54-11-1	White insulation material	In abandoned forced air heating furnace near way point 54	N/A	N/A	N/A	None

Note: CH denotes Chrysotile; CR denotes Crosidolite; LF: denotes linear feet; and SF denotes square feet <1% Asbestos by Weight is regulated by Cal/OSHA only and exempt from Federal regulations.

None – no asbestos was detected by the Laboratory

Friable ACM was not discovered at the site. However, Category I and II non-friable ACM was discovered in the following materials: waterproofing tar and felt at base of Test Bays, approximately 400 square feet; transite pipes and associated debris, scattered in pieces over a 40,000 square foot area; and 9"x 9" vinyl floor tile and associated mastic in the large bunker, approximately 1,000 square feet.

Details regarding sampling locations, condition, and hazard assessment are provided in the subcontractor's report in Appendix C.

### 4.2.2.1.2 Lead

The site inspection activities identified one location that was suspect for lead-based paint on building components and equipment. This area and additional areas identified by the LBP subcontractor were sampled for LBP. The following is a summary of those results.

Thirteen paint chip samples were collected from the exterior and interior surfaces of the buildings at Site 2. Paint chip samples were collected from the following locations:

- The small concrete masonry block bunker (GPS waypoint 33);
- The instrumentation building near the T-revetment (GPS waypoint 37);
- Bollards at the concrete headwall of the storm drainage at Building 250 (GPS waypoint 60);
- All 3 test bays;
- The large bunker; and
- The water tanks/appurtenances.

A summary of the analytical results is presented in Table 4-7. The table presents the sample number, description, sample location and condition of material, analytical results, and approximate quantity of material observed.

Table 4-7
Summary of Lead-Based Paint Sample Results
for Site 2

Sample No.	Description	Sample Location / Condition	Total Lead Analytical Results (ppm)	Approximate Quantity
37-P-1	Gray/White Paint	Bldg. 37 Interior concrete block walls/Peeling/damaged	38,551.3	320 square feet
37-P-2	Gray/White Paint	Bldg 37 Wood door frame / Peeling/damaged	15,566.5	One door only
33-P-3	Gray Paint	Bldg. 33: On steel door / Intact	31,507.2	One door only
TB1-P-4	Thick white paint	Coating on concrete walls of test bay I/Intact some surface damage	349.7	500 SF
TB2-P-5	Thick white paint	Coating on concrete walls of test bay2/Intact some surface damage	156.1	1,000 SF
MB-P-6	White/yellow/o range thick paint	Exterior walls of main Bunker/Intact	217.9	300 SF
MB-P-7	Silver/gray paint	Exterior walls of main Bunker/Intact	88.1	500 SF
MB-P-8	Silver/gray paint	Interior walls of main Bunker/Intact	603.7	3,900 SF
MB-P-9	Green ceramic tile	In restroom of main Bunker	646.9	50 SF

# Table 4-7 (continued) Summary of Lead-Based Paint Sample Results for Site 2

Sample No.	Description	Sample Location / Condition	Total Lead Analytical Results (ppm)	Approximate Quantity
TB3-P-10	White/Gray	Test bay 3 - Concrete walls/	178.2	1,500 SF
	paint	Significant deterioration		
60-P-11	Yellow paint	On concrete bollards/ Sig	177,468.6	12 each 4'
		deteriorated		
1-P-12	Gray paint &	On water tank #1 and	277,489.2	1.500 SF - Also on 12
	Orange primer	pipes/appurtenances		bollards
2-P-13	Gray paint &	On water tank #2 and	205,892.5	1.500 SF
	Orange primer	pipes/appurtenances		

Note: PPM-Parts per million, SF-Square Foot, TB-Test Bays, MB-Main Bunker.

All samples collected and analyzed had reportable concentration of total lead. The lead concentrations reported within the paint samples ranged from 88.1 ppm to 277,489 ppm. With the exception of the water tanks, the condition of all other lead paint at Site 2 was considered to be poor (peeling, chipping, damaged, etc.). Cal OSHA and Federal OSHA Lead in construction standards consider any amount of lead in paint to be a concern during renovation and demolition activities.

Details regarding sampling locations, condition, and hazard assessment are provided in the subcontractor's report in Appendix C.

### 4.2.2.1.3 Other Toxic Materials

During the site inspection, no PCB-containing equipment, fluorescent lights, mercury switches or thermostats were identified at the site. However, only one unknown drum with liquids was identified near the southern boundary of Site 2.

### **PCBs**

Although no PCB-containing equipment was visually identified during the site inspection, historical information acknowledged former locations of PCB usage. PCB-transformers were reportedly vandalized at Building 250. Based on the configuration of concrete pads and the proximity to electrical lines, there are two locations near Building 250 which are likely to have had former transformers.

### Unknown Liquids

One unmarked 55-gallon drum with unknown contents (Grid Identification H11) was identified near the southern boundary of Site 2. The drum is intact and partially buried.

## **SECTION 5**

### **REFERENCES**

- 1. Earth Tech, Inc., 2000. 5-Year Review Lockheed Martin Corporation Beaumont Site No. 1. March 2000.
- 2. Radian Corporation, 1986. Historical Report, Lockheed Propulsion Company Beaumont Test Facilities, September 1986.

## **APPENDIX A**

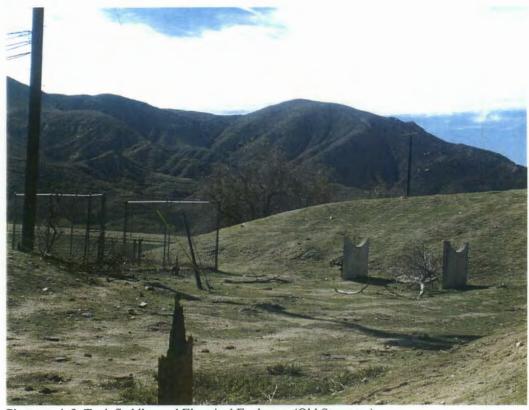
PHOTOGRAPHS FOR BEAUMONT SITE 1



Photograph 1. Catalytic Oxidizer (Remediation System)



Photograph 2. Groundwater Treatment System (Remediation System)



Photograph 3. Tank Saddles and Electrical Enclosure (Old Structure)



Photograph 4. Fluorescent Light Fixtures (Toxics)



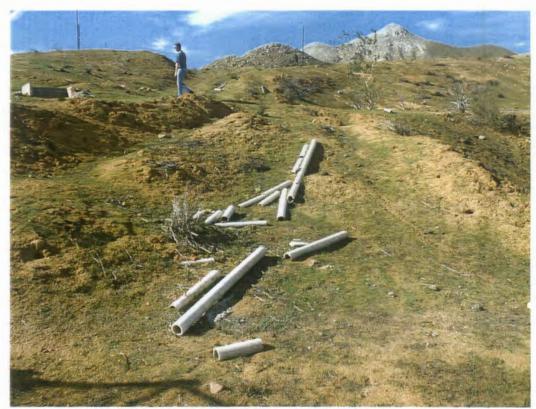
Photograph 5. Mold (Toxics)



Photograph 6. Typical Vault (Old Structure)



Photograph 7. Mercury Switch (Toxics)



Photograph 8. Transite Pipe (ACM)



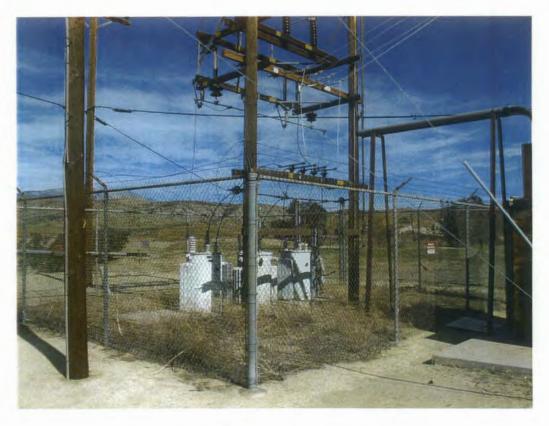
Photograph 9. Building 312 (Old Structure)



Photograph 10. Building 312 Interior (Old Structure)



Photograph 11. Former Transformer Location (Toxics) and Former Building Pads (Old Structure)



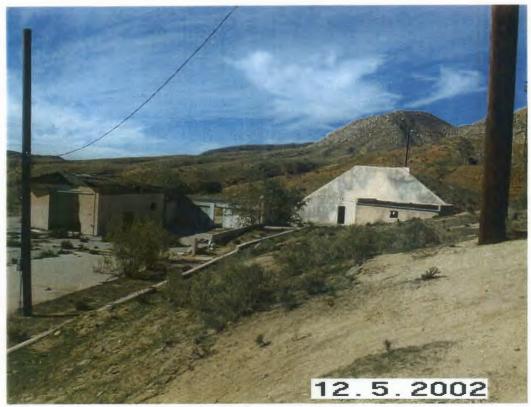
Photograph 12. Transformers (Possible Toxics)



Photograph 13. Building 325 Bunker (Old Structure)



Photograph 14. Typical Rocket Test Facility (Old Structure)



Photograph 15. Buildings 305 and 306 (Old Structure)



Photograph 16. Typical Concrete Foundation and Debris (Old Structure/Debris)



Photograph 17. Typical Drum (Debris)

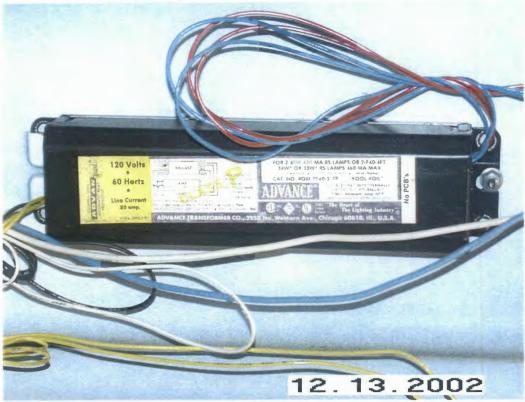




Photograph 19. Typical Pad with Protruding Bolts (Old Structure)



Photograph 20. Betatron Building 303 (Old Structure)



Photograph 21. Fluorescent Light Ballast (Toxic)



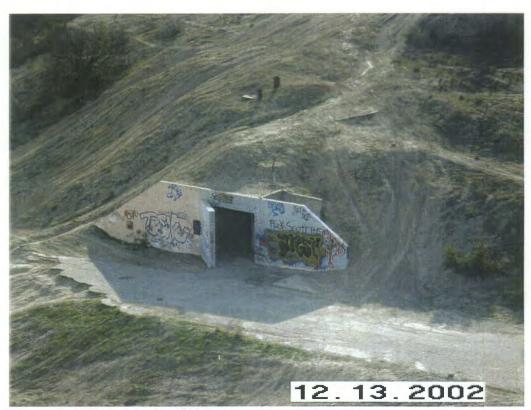
Photograph 22. Concrete Pads (Old Structure)

## **APPENDIX A**

PHOTOGRAPHS FOR BEAUMONT SITE 2



Photograph 1. Water Tanks (Old Structure)



Photograph 2. Typical Bunker (Old Structure)



Photograph 3. View of a Bunker, Two Test Bays, and Pyramid located in the Western Canyon



Photograph 4. Typical Concrete Debris Located in the Wash (Debris)



Photograph 5. Bunker at Junction of Y, GPS pt. 33 (Old Structure)



Photograph 6. Interior of Pump House, GPS pt. 2 (Old Structure)



Photograph 7. Centrifuge GPS pt. 9 (Old Structure)



Photograph 8. Typical Debris, GPS pt. 15 (Debris)



Photograph 9. Vault (Old Structure)



Photograph 10. Transite Pipe



Photograph 11. Concrete Vault for Instrumentation at Test Bay (Old Structure)



Photograph 12. Typical Concrete Pad (Old Structure)



Photograph 13. Revetments at Conditioning Chambers



Photograph 14. Biological Trap



Photograph 15. Test Bay (Old Structure)

## **APPENDIX B**

ASBESTOS SURVEY FOR BEAUMONT SITE 1

## CITY Environmental Services, Inc.

Hazardous Materials Inspections & Abatement Management 1450 S. Burlington Ave., Suite B Los Angeles, CA 90006 Phone (213)-632-0410 Fax (213)-632-0414

January 23, 2003

Ms. Theresa Congdon
Tetra Tech, Inc.
348 W. Hospitality Lane
Suite 100
San Bernardino, California 92408

Re:

Asbestos Identification Survey Report

Lockheed Martin Beaumont Site #1 Beaumont, California

Dear Ms. Congdon:

As requested, Buildings 310, 308, 305, 306, 309, 304, 311, 325, 312, T4, 303, 315, Fuel Sullury Station, & Main Transformers was surveyed by CITY Environmental Services, Inc. (CITY) on January 16, 2003 and January 18, 2003, for asbestos-containing materials (ACM). This survey was conducted by Frank Najafi, a California State Certified Asbestos Consultant (Cert. No. 93-1185) and Adrienne Shivak, a California State Certified Site Surveillance Technician (Cert. No. 91-2912). The survey included visual observation for ACM, sampling of accessible suspect materials throughout the interior and exterior areas and laboratory analysis. The survey was performed in accordance with requirements of the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) 40 CFR 763 as well as the National Emissions Standards For Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPS) 40 CFR 61 Subpart M. Findings of the survey, recommendations and conclusions are summarized below.

This survey was comprehensive and including interior, exterior, roof, attic, crawlspace, mechanical room, and common areas of all buildings at the site.

#### **FINDINGS**

Materials containing detectable quantities of asbestos – legally defined in California as materials containing percentages of asbestos greater than one-tenth of one percent (>0.1%) by weight  $^{1}$  – were found at this facility. Materials with these concentrations of asbestos are regulated by various government agencies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 1529.

A total of one hundred and forty (140) bulk samples of suspect asbestos containing material were collected and delivered to Micron Environmental Laboratories, Inc. (Micron) for analysis by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) in accordance with EPA Method 600/M4-82-020.

#### The following Friable ACM were discovered at this site:

- Pipe elbow insulation material in bldg #303
- HVAC vibration cloth material in bldg. #303

#### The following Category I and II Nonfriable<sup>2</sup> ACM were discovered:

- Transite pipe and debris at various locations throughout the site
- 9"x 9" floor tile and black mastic in bldg. #305
- Drywall Joint Compound on Interior walls/ceilings throughout Building #305
- Black mastic associated with blue 9"x 9" floor tile in bldg #304
- Drywall Joint Compound on Interior ceilings throughout Building #312 (as well as debris on floor)
- Gray roof penetration mastic on bldg #312
- Exterior Concrete Wall Textured Paint on Concrete @ Building # 311
- Gray 9"x 9" vinyl floor tile with yellow glue in bldg #T4
- Gray roof penetration mastic on bldg #T4
- Drywall Joint Compound on Interior ceilings throughout Building #303
- Brown exterior putty/caulking material on the walls of bldg. #303
- Gray mastic on the ground at entrance to bldg #303 as well as on roof (all three levels)
- Brick Wall Grout/Mortar on Structural Walls of Building 303
- Black mastic on tow hitch of bldg. #315B (trailer)
- Silver roof sealant mastics @ Building 315B

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Friable: materials which can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure when dry.

Nonfriable: materials which if used as intended, cannot be broken, crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure when dry; but can be made friable by mechanical means such as sanding, sandblasting, cutting, Scraping, improper handling and disposal, or leaching of matrix binders amongst other means.

## The following material/components were considered inaccessible at the time of the survey and hence must be assumed/presumed to contain asbestos:

- Building 315B Trailer interior areas were inaccessible; all interior building material should be presumed to contain asbestos.
- Building 325 roofing material was inaccessible and buried under earth/soil material.
- Additional asbestos containing Transite pipe material below grade throughout the property.

The following table provides a summary of all samples collected, description, location, condition, quantity, and analytical results:

Sample No.	Material Description	Sample/Material Location	Friable / Non- Friable	Condition& Hazard Assessment	Approximate Quantity	Asbestos Content
310-1-1, -2, -	Black tar residue	Concrete walls of building #310	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
308-2-1, -2, -	Brown top coat	On horizontal component affixed to the concrete pad of building #308	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
308-3-1	Transite pipe and associated debris	At building 308 as well as northern hillside behind the building – partially exposed with some pipes underground	Non- Friable	Damaged with high potential for further damage	250 to 1,000 linear feet	10% CH 2% CR
308-4-1, -2, -	Concrete grout/ mortar	Throughout perimeter concrete block walls of building #308	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
308-5-1, -2, -	Concrete grout/ mortar	Throughout concrete block walls of the storage building southwest of building #308	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
308-6-1, -2, -	Black electrical conduit insulation	Northeast of building #308, on electrical conduit	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
305-7-1, -2, -	Brown vinyl cove base mastic	Base of interior walls of building #305	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
305-8-1	9"x 9" floor tile and black mastic	At base of interior steps in the building	Non- Friable	Damaged / moderate potential for further damage	5 sq.ft.	Tile 3% CH Mastic 2% CH

Sample No.	Material Description	Sample/Material Location	Friable / Non- Friable	Condition& Hazard Assessment	Approximate Quantity	Asbestos Content
305-9-1, -2, - 3	2"x 4" acoustical ceiling panels	Back Room of building #305	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
305-10-1, -2, -3	Drywall and joint compound material	Throughout interior walls/ceilings of building #305	Non friable	Damaged with moderate potential for further damage	6,000 sq.ft.	<1% CH
305-11-1, -2,	Plaster Debris	Outside of building 305 on the ground	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
305-12-1	Transite pipe debris	Scattered on the exterior of building #305 from the northeast to the northwest – also on rear hillside – some pipes extend underground	Non- Friable	Damaged with moderate potential for further damage	200 to 2000 If	8%CH
305-13-1, -2,	Beige exterior concrete wall texture coat	On the top of the concrete walls of building #308	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
305-14-1, -2,	Beige and gray duct joint tape and mastic	On the HVAC duct joints, exterior of building #305 to the west on the hillside	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
305-15-1	Black foam insulation	In between 2 layers of HVAC ducting, exterior of building #305, to the west	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
305-16-1, -2,	Gunnite with black tar/mastic	On the roof of building #305	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
305-17-1, -2, -3	Concrete grout/ mortar	In between the concrete block walls of building #305	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
306-18-1, -2, -3	Concrete grout/ mortar	In between the concrete block walls of building #305	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
306-19-1, -2, -3	Plaster debris	On the ground of building #306	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
306-20-1, -2, -3	Black roof tar and felt	Perimeter concrete walls roofing and on the ground	N/A	N/A	N/A	None

Sample No.	Material Description	Sample/Material Location	Friable / Non- Friable	Condition& Hazard Assessment	Approximate Quantity	Asbestos Content
309-21-1, -2,	Concrete grout/ mortar	In between the concrete block walls of building #305	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
304-22-1	Caulking putty	Exterior of concrete walls were HVAC ducting used to be on building #304	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
304-23-1, -2, -3	Blue 9"x 9" floor tile and associated black mastic	Throughout the interior of building #304	Non- Friable	Damaged condition with moderate potential for further damage	400 SF	Tile <1% CH Mastic 2% CH
304-24-1, -2,	Brown vinyl cove base mastic	Throughout the base of the interior walls of building #304	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
304-25-1, -2,	Black electrical conduit insulation	On electrical conduit on the hill over building #304	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
311-26-1	Brown filler and mudding compound	At connection point of steel beams and concrete walls inside building #311	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
311-27-1, -2,	Concrete texture coating	On the top of the exterior concrete wall of building #311	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
311-28-1, -2, -3	Black roof tar	On top of building #311	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
312-29-1, -2, -3	Drywall and joint compound material	Interior ceiling of building #312	Non friable	Significantly damaged with high potential for further damage	702 SF	<1%CH
312-30-1, -2, -3	Roof tar and felt	Throughout the roof of building #312	N/A	N/A	N/A	None

Sample No.	Material Description	Sample/Material Location	Friable / Non- Friable	Condition& Hazard Assessment	Approximate Quantity	Asbestos Content
312-31-1, -2, -3	Roof base flashing and parapet material	Throughout the perimeter of the roof of building #312	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
312-32-1	Gray roof penetration mastic	Around penetrations on the roof of building #312	Non friable	Good condition with low potential for damage	10 sf	3%СН
311-33-1, -2, -3	Concrete wall texture coating	Exterior walls of building 311	Non friable	Damaged condition with high potential for further damage	1,000 sf	<1%CH
312-34-1, -2,	Concrete grout/ mortar	In between concrete block walls of building #312	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
T4-35-1	Gray 9"x 9" vinyl floor tile with yellow glue	Throughout the interior of building #T4	Non friable	Damaged condition with high potential for further damage	120 SF	1%СН
T4-36-1, -2,	Drywall and joint compound material	Throughout the ceiling of building #T4	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
T4-37-1	Roof tar and felt	Throughout the roof of building #T4	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
T4-38-1	Gray roof penetration mastic	Around roof penetrations on building #T4	Non- Friable	Good condition with low potential for damage	5 sf	3% CH
T4-39-1, -2, -	Concrete grout/ mortar	In between the concrete block walls of building #T4	N/A	N/A	N/A	None

Sample No.	Material Description	Sample/Material Location	Friable / Non- Friable	Condition& Hazard Assessment	Approximate Quantity	Asbestos Content
303-40-1	Pipe elbow insulation	In one room and Inside the attic space of building #303, on pipe elbows	Friable	Good condition with moderate potential for damage	29 each	5%CH
303-41-1, -2,	Drywall and joint compound material	Throughout the interior ceilings of building #303	Non- Fixable	Good condition with lo potential for damage – damaged only in 1 room approximate ly 100 sf	5,528 SF	<1%CH
303-42-1	Gray electrical wire insulation	Inside electrical box of building #303	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
303-43-1	White and beige caulking material	On the HVAC ducts inside the basement of building #303	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
303-44-1	White putty material	Exterior wall, lower end of building #303	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
303-45-1	HVAC vibration cloth (2 each)	On HVAC units inside the basement of building #303	Friable	Good condition with moderate potential for damage	25 sf	30%
303-46-1	Brown putty material	Exterior of basement on top of the walls of building #303	Non- Friable	Good with moderate potential for damage	400 If	1%CH
303-47-1	Black mastic	On the ground of the entrance to the high bay of building #303	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
303-48-1	Gray mastic	On the ground of the entrance to the high bay of building #303	Non- Friable	Good with high potential for damage	N/A	3%СН

Sample No.	Material Description	Sample/Material Location	Friable / Non- Friable	Condition& Hazard Assessment	Approximate Quantity	Asbestos Content
303-49-1, -2,	Composite field roofing material	Throughout level 1and 2 roofs of building #303	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
303-50-1, -2,	Composite roof base flashing an parapet material	Throughout perimeter of roof levels 1and 2 of building #303	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
303-51-1	Gray roof penetration mastic	Around roof penetrations of all roof levels	Non- Friable	Good condition with low potential for damage	350 sf	<1%CH
303-51-1, -2,	Concrete grout/ mortar	In between the red brick walls of building #303	Non- Friable	Good condition with low potential for damage	2,400 SF	<1%CH
303-52-1, -2,	Concrete grout/ mortar	In between concrete block walls of building #303	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
T4-53-1	Brown cove base mastic	Throughout the interior walls (bottom) of building #T4	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
315-54-1, -2,	White fishered, random hole 2'x 4' ceiling panels	Throughout the main office room of building 315A	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
315-55-1, -2	Yellow carpet glue	Throughout under the carpet in the main office room and tool storage room of building #315A	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
315-56-1	White window sealant material	Around exterior windows of building #315A	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
(Trailer)-57-	White caulking material	Around the electrical boxes located on the exterior south wall of building #315B	N/A	N/A	N/A	None

Sample No.	Material Description	Sample/Material Location	Friable / Non- Friable	Condition& Hazard Assessment	Approximate Quantity	Asbestos Content
(Trailer)-58- 1	Black mastic	On the tow hitch located on the exterior south wall of building #315B	Non- Friable	Good condition with moderate potential for damage	15 SF	<1%CH
(Trailer)-59- 1	Silver sealant material	On roof seams of building #315B	Non- Friable	Damaged condition with low potential for damage	120 sf	7%CH
315-60-1, -2,	Beige/ gray texture material on concrete walls	Top of concrete walls of building #315A	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
315-61-1	Black roof penetration mastic	On top of building #315A, around perimeter of concrete walls at the base	N/A	N/A	N/A	None

CH denotes Chrysotile; CR denotes Crosidolite; LF: denotes linear feet; and SF denotes square feet <1% Asbestos by Weight is regulated by Cal/OSHA only and exempt from Federal regulations.

#### **RECOMMENDATIONS & CONCLUSIONS**

Damaged ACM of any degree, and ACM in good condition with a high potential for damage, warrants immediate abatement to mitigate health and environmental risks.

Removal and handling of ACM must be performed by licensed and registered asbestos abatement contractors with personnel who are properly trained and certified in asbestos abatement work. All identified ACM must be properly removed and disposed by a licensed and Cal/OSHA registered asbestos abatement contractor prior to any construction/demolition activities at this site. A 10 business-day notification is required to the local Air Pollution Control District and a 24 hour notification is required to Cal/OSHA) prior to start of asbestos removal activities.

The California Health & Safety Code Section 25915-25919.7 requires owners of any building constructed prior to 1979, who know the building contains ACM, to furnish notifications to employees, contractors, and agents concerning the existence, location, handling requirements, summary of analytical results, & potential health risks associated with ACM. This notification must be provided in writing within 15 days of the first receipt by the owner of information identifying the presence or location of ACM at the building(s).

#### LIMITATIONS

CITY is committed to providing quality consulting services. However, asbestos survey work is not an exact science. The possibility of field and general conditions, beyond CITY' control, that affect our work or that present a concern for the safety of our employees, our consultants, building occupants and the public at the site, and insurance constraints, requires that we qualify the services we provide with the following limitations:

The findings of this survey, opinions rendered, recommendations and conclusions provided in this survey report are only valid for a period of up to one year from the date of this survey report

Reasonable effort is made by CITY' personnel to locate and sample all suspect materials. However, for any facility the existence of unique or concealed asbestos-containing materials and debris is a possibility. In addition, sampling and laboratory analysis constraints typically hinder the investigation. CITY does not warrant, guarantee or profess to have the ability to locate or identify all asbestos-containing materials in a facility.

Confined spaces, and areas determined by CITY' personnel as unsafe to access, are excluded from the scope of work.

CITY does not employ professional cost estimators. Statements of probable construction cost or cost estimates prepared by CITY represent CITY' professional opinion of probable costs based upon current industry information. Actual costs may fluctuate due to several variables including, but not limited to, the time the work is performed, phasing, labor availability, quantity of work performed, product availability, specification requirements, and unforeseeable changes in the economy and asbestos regulations.

CITY is not, and has no responsibility as, a generator, operator, treater, storer, transporter or disposer of hazardous materials or waste found or identified as a result of CITY' work.

CITY does not guarantee or warrant that the facility or workplace is safe, nor does CITY' involvement in this property relieve the Client, building owner/operator or tenant of any continuing responsibility of providing a safe facility or workplace.

This report was based on those conditions observed on the day(s) the field evaluation was accomplished. In the event that changes in the nature of the property have occurred, or additional relevant information about the property is subsequently discovered, the findings and recommendations contained in this report may not be valid unless these changes and additional relevant information are reviewed and the conclusion of this report is modified and verified in writing.

In as such that no destructive investigation has been performed during the survey, the report may not reveal concealed asbestos-containing materials. Subsequently, additional investigation including construction documents review and/or destructive investigation is recommended as a precaution to prevent accidental exposure when construction or demolition is planned for this facility.

#### **ATTACHMENTS**

- 1) Field sampling chain-of-custody and lab analysis reports
- 2) Sample and material location drawings
- 3) Procedures and Methodology

Please do not hesitate to contact us should there be any questions or if additional services are necessary.

Sincerely,

Frank Najafi

Senior Project Manager

Cal/OSHA Certified Asbestos Consultant, No. 93-1185

Bldg. Floor HGN SN Material Description Sample Location Other Locations Total Quantity  310   Black Tar  Residue on Source walls Blay 310	DR CP		EP H	Recommended Action
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soilgeath maderial.				
HGN: Homogenous Group Number SN: Sample No.  AR: Analytical Result SD: Significant Damage  DR: Damage Rating CP: Contact Potential  Wi Vibration Influence EP: Erosion Potential  GC: Good Condition (None, or minimal damage) D: Damaged Scient Damage  CP: Good Condition (None, or minimal damage) D: Damaged Scient Damage  CITY Env Services, Inc. 1450 S. Burlington Avenue Suite B Los Angeles, CA 90006 Phone: (213) 632-0410 Fax: (213) 632-0414  CITY Env Services, Inc. 1450 S. Burlington Avenue Suite B Los Angeles, CA 90006 Phone: (213) 632-0410 Fax: (213) 632-0414	TEM VES	7	_1_	_
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Bldg. No.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	O	ther Locations	Total Quantity	AR	F/NF	DR	СР	VI	EP	Recommended Action
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HGN: SN: AR: F/NF: DR: CP: VI: EP:	Sample I Analytics Friable/N Damage Contact I	al Result Ion-Friable Rating Potential Influence		GC: Good Condition D: Damaged SD: Significant Dan  L: Low M: Moderate H: High	(None, or minima dama	age)	Deliver Report & Frank Najafi CITY Env Service 1450 S. Burlington Suite B Los Angeles, CA 9 Phone: (213) 632- Fax: (213) 632-04	es, Inc. n Avenue 90006 0410	Lab Name: Mi Analysis Requ Turn Around Analyze to Fir Project Refere Project Number	ested: P Time: st Positive	S DA VES	EM A		1	_	
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#### BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING

#### M AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

PROJE	ECT NA	ME:		Lockheed Beaumont Sike	PROJECT NO	. 2614	DATE	:	SAN	1PLED	BY:	Fran	k Najai	fi CAC 93-1185
Bldg. No.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	Other Locations	Total Quantity	AR	F/NF	DR	СР	VI	EP	Recommended Action
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HGN: Homogenous Group Number SN: Sample No. AR: Analytical Result F/NF: Friable/Non-Friable DR: Damage Rating CP: Contact Potential VI: Vibration Influence EP: Erosion Potential  GC: Good Condition (None, or minimal damage) Damaged SD: Good Condition (None, or minimal damage) Damaged SD: Significant Damage SD: Significant Damage CITY Env Services, Inc. 1450 S. Burlington Avenue Suite B Los Angeles, CA 90006 Phone: (213) 632-0410 Fax: (213) 632-0414  Project Number: 2614	
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#### **BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING**

#### **M AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY**

PROJ	ECT NA	ME:		Lockheed B	caumont Side	PROJECT NO	).	2614	DATE	:	SAN	1PLED	BY:	Fran	k Najat	i CAC 93-1185
Bidg. No.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material	Description	Sample Location	İ	ther Locations	Total Quantity		F/NF	DR	CP	VI	EP	Recommended Action
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Bldg.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	0	ther Locations	Total Quantity	AR	F/NF	DR	CP	VI	EP	Recommended Action
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xuile		57		Ext. Caulking, white	around electric boxes on s. side.	ω				NF	GC	H	H	Н	
7		58		Black Mustic	on town Hitch			10 \$	1	NF	GC	H	#	#	
	1	59	1	Silver sealant material	top of trailer on			20 p	7	NF	GC	L	M	4	
315		(e0	-18m	texture on concrete, beige und grey Black patch Mastriz	Roof top of Concrete Walls Roof, around					N/=	60	2	М	14	
315		61	1	Black patch Mastriz	Roof, around Walls, base					NF	GC	L	М	H	
HGN: SN: AR: F/NF: DR: CP: VI: EP:	Sample I Analytic Friable/N Damage Contact I	al Result Non-Friable Rating Potential n Influence		GC: Good Condition D: Damaged SD: Significant Dar  L: Low M: Moderate H: High	n (None, or minimal dama	age)	Deliver Report & Frank Najafi CITY Env Service 1450 S. Burlingto Suite B Los Angeles, CA Phone: (213) 632-04	es, Inc. on Avenue 90006 -0410	Lab Name: M Analysis Requ Turn Around Analyze to Fir Project Refere Project Numbe	ested: Pl Time: st Positive ence: Lockl	YES heed Bea	EM A ONO	7	_/_	
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to Mickon : wow. - 5 day turn around!

Micron Environmental Labs 292 E. Foothill Bird, Suite B Arcadia, California 91006

> (626) 357-8627 fax (626) 256-9017

#### **Preliminary PLM Bulk Results**

Client Job # 2614\_Lock HETD BEAUMONT SITE | Micron Labs Ref # 11302017

To: TRANK		AIAF	7			Of: Coty
From: <b>DANII</b> Total # of pa	ct G/ aes:	I/S	-			Date /_ 24_03 Time 3.50 PM
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16-1	10				1	
2					/	
3					1	
4.1					/	
2-					0	
. 3					1	
3_1					6	
2					/	
3					0	
6-1					/	
2					/	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3	·				1	
7-1					/	
2		ļ			6	·
3		ļ			<b>/</b>	
1-8-1	3					M= MAStic
M. 8-1	2					McMastic
9.1					/	·

Micron Environmental Labs 292 E. Foothill Blvd. Suite B Arcadia, California 91006

> (626) 357-8627 fax (626) 256-9017

#### Preliminary PLM Bulk Results

Client Job # 2614\_Lock HETD BEAUMONT SITE | Micron Labs Ref # 11303017

To: TRAN	$\langle \underline{\mathcal{U}}$	AAF	J.			Of: Cty
From: DANI Total # of pa	EL GA	AMEZ 2/S	_			Date /_ 24_03 _ Time _ 3.50 PM
rutar # or pa	ges.	Asbest			T	
		ASDUST			Non Delected	
	유	≥	Crockdolile		00	PLM POINT COUNT (GRAVIMETRY) 400 POINTS 1000 POINTS
	Chrysotile	Amosite	<u>Ş</u>	Other	<u>6</u>	
Client ID#	<b></b>	ð	<b></b>	9	2	Comments
9_2					V	
3					0	
10-1	21					CHRY DEPECTED IN I.C.
7					1	Driheall Only
3	61					SAME # 10-1
111					V	
2					5	
3					V	
12-1	8					
13-1						
2.					V	
3					1	
15.1						
14_1					8	
2						
3						
17-1					1	·
2					1	
3					1	
18.1						
2						
3						
19.1					W	
2						
१					1	

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#### Preliminary PLM Bulk Results

Client Job # 2614\_LOCKHETD BEAUGUT Site \ Micron Labs Ref # 11303017

Aspestos %   PLM   POINT COUNT (GRAVIMETRY)   400 POINTS   1000 POINTS	To: FRAN From: DANI Total # of pa	EL GA	A A F	<u>```</u>			Of:
2			Aspes		Other	Non Detected	1000 POINTS
3 21-1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1_05					1	
21	2					[i/	
2						1	
3						V	
22-1	ع					1/	
1-23_1 <1						1	
M_23_1 2						6	
\$\frac{1}{23.2} \rm 2 \rm \rm \rm \rm \rm \rm \rm \rm \rm \rm							
M_23_2 2	W-53-1	2					
+_23_3 <1	+-23-2						
M-23.3 2  24-1  2							
24_1 2							
2		2					
3							
25_1							
26_1							<u></u>
27_1						0	<del>(</del>
2						4	<u> </u>
3		·				0	
28-1						1	
2		·					
3	2					-	
						4	
29-11-11 CHRY DETECTED IN 1.C		21				~	CHRY Detected in I.C

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#### **Preliminary PLM Bulk Results**

Client Job # 2614\_LOCKHETD BEAUMONT SITE \ Micron Labs Ref # 11303017

	<i>.</i>	<u> </u>				
TO: FRANK		AAT	<del>7</del> ,			Of: (1+1)
From: DANII Total # of pa	EL G/	AME4	_			Date /_ 24_03 Time 3:50 PM
rotar# or pa		Asbest			_	
		ASDest			Sol	
	유	≥	Crockdolile		Non Detected	PLM POINT COUNT (GRAVIMETRY) 400 POINTS
	Chrysolile	Amoste		Other	8	, <del></del>
Cilent ID#	8	õ	<u> </u>	4	8	Comments
29_2					1	
3	21					SAME # 29-1
30-1					1	
2					V	
. 3					V	
31_1					1/	
7					V	
3					1	
32_1	3					
33_1	41					
2	<1					
3	41					
34_1			-		V	
2					0	
3					7/	
35-1	1		-			
36-1	ļ <b>'</b>					
2					1	
3					V	
37-1						
38_1	3					
39_1	<del></del>					
2						
3						
40-1	5				-	

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#### **Preliminary PLM Bulk Results**

Client Job # 2614\_LOCKHETD BEAUMONT SITE \ Micron Labs Ref # 11303017

To: Frank From: <b>DANI</b> Total # of pa	EL G	AMEZ,				Of:
Client ID#	Chrysotile	Asbes Amoste	cos % Crocidolite	Other	Non Delected	PLM POINT COUNT (GRAVIMETRY) 400 POINTS 1000 POINTS Comments
41_1	21					
ے	41					
3	41					4
42-1					1	
43_1					1	
44_1					/	
45_1	30		<u> </u>			
46-1						
47_1					1	
48-1	3					
49_1					6	·
2					0	
3					1	
50_1					ارز	
7					0	·
3					1	
51_1	41					
51.1	41					CHRY DEFECTED IN PEIGE LOYER
2	2)					SAME # 51-1
3	4)					SAME # SI-1
1.52	4)					CHRY DetertED NO BEIGG lATER
2	41					SAME # 51-1 CHRY Deferted No Boigo later SAME # 52-1 No Beige layer
3	1				1	NO BEIGE LAYER
						V /

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#### **Preliminary PLM Bulk Results**

To: From: Enriq Total # of pa	ue Qu	interd	 )		Of: — CITY DOG TIME YPM									
Client ID#	Chrysotile	Asbest Amosite	% Crocidolite	Other	Non Detected	PLM POINT COUNT (GRAVIMETRY) 400 POINTS 1000 POINTS Comments								
53-1					1									
CT - 541					$ \checkmark $									
54-5 H	<u> </u>				<b>V</b>									
CT 54-2			<u> </u>		<b>√</b>									
84-2 M	ļ				$ \checkmark $									
CT - 54-3					V									
54-3 M					1									
55-/					V									
55-2					<u> </u>									
56-1														
59-1					1									
55-1	<1													
59-1	7													
60-1					~									
60-2					~									
60-3					/									
61-1					~									
8														
	<b>†</b>													

ROJ	ECT NA	ME:		Lockheed Beaumont S &	PROJECT NO.	2614	DATE:		SAN	1PLE	BY:		k Najat	i CAC 93-118
dg. o.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	Other Locations	Total Quantity	AR	F/NF	DR	CP	· VI ·	EP	Recommender Action
0	١	1	1	Black Tar Pesidve on soncote walls	·		·		-				·	
			2											
			3											
3		~	1	Breun concret def coat Horizontal component	٤									
			2	Horizon toll component				1						
			3					:		·				
,		3	1	Transite Pip Debis	r l				-					
5		16	123	Transite Pip Debis Granide with Black tar/ many	Pool		·							
				,			·							
:	Sample N Analytica Friable/N Damage I Contact P	l Result on-Friable Rating otential Influence	Numbe	GC: Good Condition D: Damaged SD: Significant Dam L: Low M: Moderate H: High	(None, or minimal damage	Peliver Report Frank Najafi CITY Env Servic 1450 S. Burlingt Suite B Los Angeles, CA Phone: (213) 632 Fax: (213) 632-0	es, Inc. on Avenue 90006 1:-0410	Lab Name: M Analysis Requ Furn Around Analyze to Fir Project Refere Project Numb	ested: Pl Time: st Positive ence: Lock!	TO A	EM A			

PROJ	ECT NA	ME:		Lockheed B	eaumont side	PROJECT NO	). [	2614	DATE:	<u> </u>	SAN	APLEI	BY:	Fran	k Najai	i CAC 93-1185
Bidg. No.	Floor	HGN	SN	1 .	Description	Sample Location	1	her Locations	Total Quantity	AR	F/NF	DŘ	CP	VI	EP	Recommended Action
308	١	4	(	Concrede	Mang.	Perneter Block	eni/	e h								
			ے													
			3			$\downarrow$										
		5	t			conerede	Ble	the								
			2			SHOULD	es	ridig								
			3	,	/	٠.	V	•		·				·		•
		6	1	black Constr	electic	ul NE	et:	30l bonknh						:		
			ح		İ											
	-		ئی					••								
IGN: N: .R: .NF: P: .T: P:	Sample ? Analytics Friable/N Damage Contact !	il Result fon-Friable Rating Potential i Influence		GC: D: SD: L: M: H:	Good Condition Damaged Significant Dam Low Moderate High	a (None, or minimal dan	nage)	Deliver Report & Frank Najafi CITY Env Service 1450 S. Burlingto Suite B Los Angeles, CA Phone: (213) 632- Fax: (213) 632-04	es, Inc. n Avenue 90006 -0410	Lab Name: N Analysis Req Turn Around Analyze to Pi Project Refer	uested: P I Time: rst Positive rence: Lock	TM) 1	EM	Site No.		-
telino	quished	By:	70	ne	Dat	e: 1/17/0	}	Received B	y: 12	allio	8'		~	D	ate:	1-17-03

# P. 15

PROJECT NAME:				Lockheed Beaumont Side !	PROJECT NO.	DATE	SAN	1PLEI	BY:	Frank Najafi CAC 93-1185				
idg.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	Other Locations	Total Quantity	AR	FNF	DR	CP	VI	EP	Recommended Action
05		7	2 3	Grown Vinyl Core base men die										
		8	I	9d9 floor the to black marks										
	-	g.	23	zx4 acoustic ceiling fanels										
		60	1 2 3	aquell& Joint Compat	ceds of									-
		<del>į</del> C.	1 23	Synall Joint Compart Plander Debis	or ground									
	-	12	1	Pansife Pipe										
		13	<b>~</b> ⟨ ⟨ −	beign concrete of	Afric Coat									
		XX 15		Buck foar ining invlation Buge/ging Drid Joint on	in beetween 2 layers of Fh duct in	: :				,				
		14			pe/ roud	on Hillsia	æ							
N: F:	Homogenous Group Nun Sample No. Analytical Result Friable/Non-Friable Damage Rating Contact Potential			lytical Result SD: Significant Darrage ble/Non-Friable lage Rating L: Low				Lab Name: M Analysis Requ Turn Around Analyze to Fin Project Refere	ested: Pl Time: ot Positive	SAES	EM A ) /+/ ) NO		1	

P. 16

PROJECT NAME:			·	Lockheed Beaumont 5-Je	2614	DATE:		SAMPLED BY:				Frank Najafi CAC 93-1185				
Bldg. No.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	Other Locations	Total Quantity	AR	FAT	DR	СР	VI	EP	Récommended Action		
305		17	23	growt moster	beforen carrie black	K										
306		18	! 2 3													
306		19	ا ح 3	Plander Debis	on glornel											
306		ro	う こ ス	black fool tur	Perinaki conerefe, valls/Roef	Deformand							ŕ			
309		ZI	123	black fool to Efelt grout/ander	Between in	xllq	£	-								
304		22	1	carlky Putty	concrete par another to	U former										
30t	·	23	2	Bre 929 for the & black martic	tuside Room	~				D						
304		24	123	Brown Vinyl combase men	gi.						·			·		
304	-	25	)	Bluck tops	ration conduct o-	- Hell over						·		reterport		
IGN: IN: IR: VNF: DR: IP: IP: IP:	Sample N Analytica Friable/N Damage I Contact I	al Result lon-Friable Rating Potential Influence		GC: Good Condition D: Damaged SD: Significant Dam L: Low M: Moderate H: High	(None, or minimal damag	pc) Deliver Report of Frank Najafi CITY Env Service 1450 S. Burlingto Suite B Los Angeles, CA Phone: (213) 632-64	es, Inc. in Avenue 2 90006 I	Lab Name: Mi Analysis Requ Lurn Around Analyze to Fir Project Refere Project Numbe	ested: (P) Figne: 5 st Positive nce: Locki	DAY YES	EM A			under Say.		
teling	uished	By:	C	noy Date	e: 1/17/03	Received B	y: Þ	xeelo	Χ			D	ate:	1-17-03		

### BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING FL

# AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

ROJ.	ECT NA	ME:		Lockheed Beaumont S: le	PROJECT NO.	2614	DATE		SAN	APLED	BY:	Fran	k Naja	fi CAC 93-1185
idg.	Floor	HGN	sN	Material Description	Sample Location	Other Locations	Total Quantity	AR	F/NF	DR	CF	ΫI	EP	Recommended Action
11		26	1	Brown filler Emulling Carpo Concrete top coat/Jendre Black Roof	end before	edicapoint in steel bea anerth wall	-3 K				•			
		27	2 3	concrete top	count cone	t enseror not wells		-						
И		28	1 2 3	Glack Roof										
25														s-speet vaterpir en fact unders
2		29	2 3	Ayud & Joint corpus Roof per & Fe H	d ceilij									Mold
2	-	30	2 3	Roof par & felt				-		·				
2		31	N 20-	Roof base Gathy & Para	eef									
2		32	1	Gray Roof of man	bredadin									
		33	2	Roof base flathy & Para Groy Roof A  Man  CASE CONC  Seafure  GC: Good Condition	coaty					`				
i:	Sample N Analytica Friable/N Damage I Contact P	l Result on-Friable Rating otential Influence	Numbe	GC: Good Condition D: Damaged SD: Significant Dam L: Low M: Moderate H: High		Deliver Report & Frank Najafi CTTY Env Service 1450 S. Burlingto Suite B Los Angeles, CA Phone: (213) 632- Pax: (213) 632-04	es, Inc. n Avenue 90006 0410	Lab Name: M Analysis Requ Turn Arouad Analyze to Fit Project Refen Project Numb	rested: [P] Time: rst Positive ence: Locki	5 0 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	EM A		1	-
ling	uished	By:	y	Date Date	e: 1/17/03	Received B	y: \	Baer	CK			D	ate:	1-17-03

P. 18

PROJ	ECT NA	ME:		Lockheed Beaumont Sike	PROJECT NO.	2614	DATE	: [	SAN	1PLE	BY:	Fran	k Najal	i CAC 93-1185
Bldg. No.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	Other Locations	Total Quantity	AR	FINE	DR	CP	VI	EP	Recommended Action
312		34	2	grout Moita:	ucak block	e walls								•
14		35	1	grout Moita: between Co 929 him Vinyl floor tile with ?	eller glue					D				
14		36	123	Drywall Ledij						D				Debos
		37	1	Rock da & felt						D				on grown
		<i>3</i> 8	<i>(</i> .	Ging cost Patch mustice growt/morphy Consorte Bloc Pipe elban/ Ens lat/Doney	-									
1		39	しるの	your family store	k nulls	. , .				. :				
303		40	, —	Enselat/Doney	10		29eni	Å	K	ac				
303	-	41	123	Grand Sc Gray electron wire Insulan	ceilins			-						
30>		42	ŗ	ary electron	for									
IGN: IN: IR: VNF: IR: IP: IP: IP:	Contact Potential   Cont						AG, Mrc.	Lab Name: M Analysis Requ Turn Around Analyze to Fir Project Refer Project Numb	ested: P Time: at Positive ence: Lock	YES	EM A			-
Relina	uished	By: ¿	Cr	Dat	e: 1/17/03	Received B	y: X	merc	<u> </u>			D	ate: /	1-17-03

PRO	ECT NA	ME:		Lockheed Beaumont Side	PROJECT NO.	I	2614	DATE	: [	SAN	1PLED	BY:	Fran	k Najai	fi CAC 93-1185
Bldg.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	Ot	ber Locations	Total	AR	FINE	DR	СР	Ŷŧ	EP	Recommended
303		43	į	while/Beige Carlky	Enterior Windle		13	Quantity						-	Action
		44	1	while/Beige carlling white fully	enderier undle jen	L		:							
		45	1	Brown Potty Brown Brownie	love lend Room			Zend	-						
		46	1	Brown P-Hy	oper walls										
		47	1			o de	High Bay								
		48	1	aray mondic	or V	٤	۳				·		·		
		49	2 3	Composte Ports	1evel 1										
		50	ر ک ک	composite Roofs composit hosty parapet & Go grap Rostraso	se fleshy										
		51									-				
IGN: IN: UR: VNF: VR: UP: UP: UE:	Sample N Analytica Friable/N Damage I Contact P	l Result on-Friable Rating otential Influence otential		D: Damaged SD: Significant Dan L: Low M: Moderate H: High	(None, or minimal damag	ge)	Deliver Report & Frank Najafi CITY Env Service: 1450 S. Burlington Suite B Los Angeles, CA 9 Phone: (213) 632-041 Fax: (213) 632-041	s, inc. Avenue 10006 1410	Lab Name: M Analysic Requ Turn Around Analyze to Fir Project Refere Project Numb	ested: Pi Time: st Positive ence: Locki	WST	DAY S NO		_1_	-
Reling	uished	By:	Th	Dat	e: 1/17/03	Received By	/: J	Sales	×			D	ate:	1-17-03	

BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING FG.... A AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

# BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING FORM AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

PROJ	ECT NA	ME:		Lockheed Beaumont 5 de [	PROJECT NO.	2614	DATE	l:	SAN	1PLEI	BY:	Fran	k Naja	Ti CAC 93-1185
Bidg. No.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	Other Locations	Total Quantity	AR	F/NF	DR	- CP	VI	EP	Recommended Action
८०५	ĺ	51	127	group Marker	Red Brick CMV Conerse Blockwalls									
(0)	Lower	52	ا ک	V	Blockwalls									
						:								
		1												
SN: E: U: NF: U: U: U: U: U: U: U: U: U: U	Sample N Analytica Friable/N Damage N Contact F	al Result ion-Friable Rating Potential Influence		GC: Good Condition D: Darraged SD: Significant Dam L: Low M: Moderate H: High	(None, or minimal darnage)	Peliver Report Frank Najafi CITY Env Servic 1450 S. Burlingt Suite B Los Angeles, CA Phone: (213) 632 Fax: (213) 632-0	es, Inc. on Avenue 90006 -0410	Lab Name: M Analysis Requ Turn Around Analyze to Flu Project Refere Project Numb	nested: [P] Time: st Positive ance: Locki	T YES	EM A		1	-
ling	uished	By: 7	Cu	Date	: 1/1/03	Received B	y: \	Pace	OX			D	ate: ,	1-17-03

#### BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING FURM AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

113030ə4 PROJECT NAME: Lockheed Beaumont & ## PROJECT NO. Frank Najafi CAC 93-1185 2614 . DATE: 1/18/03 SAMPLED BY: Bidg. Floor HGN SN Material Description Sample Location Total AR F/NF VI. EP Other Locations DR CP Recommended No. Onnatity' Action 1-4 COVE base Inside base Mostic Brown or wills NF H53 GC behind DELIGIBLE TO Inside Main 54 315 Office RM + Rundom pinhot 1 H 2x4 Ceiline hellow rewrest 315 55 brown NF window 315 56 Sealant windows NFIGC around electricus boxes on s. side. NF Black Mustic on town NF Hitch top of trailer on Silver sealant NF material texture on (QO 315 Concrete, beige Concrete 14 walls 315 61 patch Mastiz Wulls, base HGN: Homogenous Group Number Lab Name: Micron Environmental labs
Analysis Requested; PLM TEM AAS GC: Good Condition (None, or minimal damage) Deliver Report & Bill To: SN: Sample No. Frank Najafi D: Damaged AR: Analytical Result SD: Significant Damage CITY Env Services, Inc. Turn Around Time? F/NF: Friable/Non-Friable 1450 S. Burlington Avenue Analyze to First Positive? YES NO DR: Damage Rating Low Suite B CP: Contact Potential M: Moderate Los Angeles, CA 90006 Project Reference: Lockhood Beaumont Site No. VI: Vibration Influence Phone: (213) 632-0410 Project Number: 2614. High EP: **Erosion Potential** Fax: (213) 632-0414 Relinquished By: Received By: Date: 1-20-03

Micron Environ - 5 day turn around!



#### Micron Environmental Labs

Analytical Method: EPA 600/R-93/116

MIST / NVLAP Lab Code No. 200294-0
California ELAP Certificate No. 2297

Micron Ref. No. 11303017

626-357-8627 FAX: 626-256-9017

## Sample Summary Results

Customer Project: 2614/ Lockheed Beaumont-Site1 Microscopist: Leonardo Cristofaro

February 05, 2003

Frank Najafi

City Environmental Services, Inc.

P.O. Box 641818

Los Angeles, CA 90064

Date Collected: January 17, 2003

Date Received: January 17, 2003

Date Analyzed: January 22, 2003

No. Samples: 123

Cust ID No. Micron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	Q.C.
<b>1-1</b> 98391	Tar Residue on Concrete Wall beige & black	No	100% Mineral Filler	
1-2 98392	Tar Residue on Concrete Wall beige & black	No	100% Mineral Filler	
1-3 98393	Tar Residue on Concrete Wall beige & black	No	100% Mineral Filler	
<b>2-1</b> 98394	Concrete Top Coat grey	No	100% Mineral Filler	
<b>2-2</b> 98395	Concrete Top Coat grey	No	100% Mineral Filler	4.
<b>2-3</b> 98396	Concrete Top Coat grey	No	100% Mineral Filler	

Date: February 05, 2003

Micron Ref. No.: 11303017

Cust ID No. Micron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	q.c.
<b>3-1</b> 98397	Transite Pipe Debris gray & black	Yes	10% chrysotile 2% Crocidolite 88% Mineral Filler	
1 <b>6-1</b> 98398	Granite with Tar/Mastic gray & black	No	90% Mineral Filler 10% Organic Binders	
<b>16-2</b> 98399	Granite with Tar/Mastic gray & black	No	90% Mineral Filler 10% Organic Binders	
<b>16-3</b> 98400	Granite with Tar/Mastic gray & black	No	90% Mineral Filler 10% Organic Binders	
<b>4-1</b> 98401	Concrete Grout/Mortar beige	No	100% Mineral Filler	
<b>4-2</b> 98402	Concrete Grout/Mortar beige	No	100% Mineral Filler	
<b>4-3</b> 98403	Concrete Grout/Mortar beige	No	100% Mineral Filler	
<b>5-1</b> 98404	Concrete Grout/Mortar beige	No	100% Mineral Filler	

Date: February 05, 2003

Micron Ref. No.: 11303017

Cust ID No. Micron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	q.c.
<b>5-2</b> 98405	Concrete Grout/Mortar beige	No	100% Mineral Filler	
5-3 98406	Concrete Grout/Mortar beige	No	100% Mineral Filler	
<b>6-1</b> 98407	Conduit Insulation black	No	40% Cellulose 10% Mineral Filler 50% Organic Binders	
<b>6-2</b> 98408	Conduit Insulation black	No	40% Cellulose 10% Mineral Filler 50% Organic Binders	
<b>6-3</b> 98409	Conduit Insulation black	No	40% Cellulose 10% Mineral Filler 50% Organic Binders	
7-1 98410	Covebase Mastic brown	No	10% Mineral Filler 90% Organic Binders	
<b>7-2</b> 98411	Covebase Mastic brown	No	10% Mineral Filler 90% Organic Binders	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
7-3 98412	Covebase Mastic	No	10% Mineral Filler 90% Organic Binders	
		·		

Date: February 05, 2003

Micron	Ref.	No.:	11303017
--------	------	------	----------

Micron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	q.c.
<b>8-1</b> 98413	Floor Tile grey	Yes	3% chrysotile 97% Mineral Filler	
<b>8-1</b> 98413	Floor Tile-Mastic black	Yes	2% chrysotile 98% Organic Binders	
<b>9-1</b> 98414	Acoustic Ceiling Panels beige	No	40% Cellulose 55% Fibrous Glass 5% Mineral Filler	
<b>9-2</b> 98415	Acoustic Ceiling Panels beige	No	40% Cellulose 55% Fibrous Glass 5% Mineral Filler	1.0
<b>9-3</b> 98416	Acoustic Ceiling Panels beige	No	40% Cellulose 55% Fibrous Glass 5% Mineral Filler	
<b>10-1</b> 98417	Drywall & Joint Compound white & beige	Yes	<1% chrysotile 99% Mineral Filler	
HRY detected in J 10-2 98418	.C.  Drywall & Joint Compound  white	No	100% Mineral Filler	
rywall only	Drywall & Joint Compound white & beige	Yes	<1% chrysotile 99% Mineral Filler	

Date: February 05, 2003

Micron Ref. No.: 11303017

Cust ID No. Micron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	Q.C.
11-1	Plaster Debris	No	1% Cellulose	
98420	white		99% Mineral Filler	X
11-2	Plaster Debris	No	1% Cellulose	
98421	white		99% Mineral Filler	
11-3	Plaster Debris	No	1% Cellulose 99% Mineral Filler	
98422	white		yyw Mineral Filler	
12-1	Transite Pipe Debris	Yes	8% chrysotile	
98423	grey		92% Mineral Filler	
13-1	Concrete Texture Coat	No	95% Mineral Filler	
98424	дтеу		5% Organic Binders	
13-2	Concrete Texture Coat	No	95% Mineral Filler	
98425	grey	NO	5% Organic Binders	X
13-3	Concrete Texture Coat	No	95% Mineral Filler	
98426	grey	NO	5% Organic Binders	
, <del>.</del>				
15-1	Foam Lining Insulation	No	30% Cellulose	

Date: February 05, 2003

Micron Ref. No.: 11303017

Cust ID No. Micron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	Q.C.
14-1 98428	Duct Joint Tape/ Mastic white & beige	No	70% Cellulose 20% Mineral Filler 10% Organic Binders	
<b>14-2</b> 98429	Duct Joint Tape/ Mastic white & beige	No	70% Cellulose 20% Mineral Filler 10% Organic Binders	
<b>14-3</b> 98430	Duct Joint Tape/ Mastic white & beige	No	70% Cellulose 20% Mineral Filler 10% Organic Binders	
17-1 98431	Grout/ Mortar beige	. No	100% Mineral Filler	
17-2 98432	Grout/ Mortar beige	No	100% Mineral Filler	X
17-3 98433	Grout/ Mortar beige	No	100% Mineral Filler	
1 <b>8-1</b> 98434	Grout/ Mortar beige	No	100% Mineral Filler	X
<b>18-2</b> 98435	Grout/ Mortar beige	No	100% Mineral Filler	

Date: February 05, 2003

Micron Ref. No.: 11303017

Cust ID No. Micron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	a.c.
<b>18-3</b> 98436	Grout/ Mortar white	No	100% Mineral Filler	

MICION ID NO.	Sample Description / Color	Detected	Analytical Results	<u> </u>
18-3	Grout/ Mortar	No	100% Mineral Filler	
98436	white	110	20070 11110/00 21110/	
30430	***************************************			
19-1	Plaster Debris	No	100% Mineral Filler	
98437	white		20010 2211001001	
30.37				
				•
19-2	Plaster Debris	No	100% Mineral Filler	
98438	white			
19-3	Plaster Debris	No	100% Mineral Filler	
98439	white	,		
22.22				
20-1	Roof Tar & Felt	No	60% Cellulose	
98440	black	210	20% Mineral Filler	
30110			20% Organic Binders	
	•			
20-2	Roof Tar & Felt	No	60% Cellulose	
98441	black	110	20% Mineral Filler	
30441			20% Organic Binders	
			•	
20-3	Roof Tar & Felt	N/a	60% Cellulose	
		No	20% Mineral Filler	
98442	black		20% Organic Binders	
21-1	Grout/ Mortar	No	100% Mineral Filler	
<b>9844</b> 3	gray & white			
			•	

Date: February 05, 2003

Micron	Ref.	No.:	11303017
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Cust ID No. Micron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	Q.C.
21-2	Grout/ Mortar	No	100% Mineral Filler	
98444	grey			
21-3	Grout/ Mortar	No	100% Mineral Filler	
98445	gray & white			
22-1	Caulking Putty	No	100% Mineral Filler	
98446	beige			X
23-1	Floor Tile	Yes	10 sharestile	
98447	grey	162	<1% chrysotile 99% Mineral Filler	
<b>23-1</b> 98447	Floor Tile-Mastic black	Yes	2% chrysotile 98% Organic Binders	
23-2 98448	Floor Tile grey	Yes	<1% chrysotile 99% Mineral Filler	
23-2	Floor Tile-Mastic			
23-2 98448	rioor Tile-Mastic black	Yes	2% chrysotile 98% Organic Binders	
23-3	Floor Tile	Vac	10/ shunsabile	
98449	grey	Yes	<1% chrysotile 99% Mineral Filler	

Date: February 05, 2003

Micron Ref. No.: 11303017

Cust ID No. Micron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	Q.C.	
23-3	Floor Tile-Mastic	Yes	2% chrysotile		
98449	black		98% Organic Binders		
24-1	Covebase Mastic	No	100% Organic Binders		
98450	brown		20070 07 <b>9</b> 4110 21114010		
24-2	Covebase Mastic	No	100% Organic Binders		
98451	brown				
24-3	Covebase Mastic	No	100% Organic Binders		
98452	browπ				
25-1	Conduit Insulation	No	60% Cellulose	·	
98453	black	110	20% Mineral Filler		
			20% Organic Binders		
26-1	Filler & Molding Compound	No	100% Mineral Filler		
98454	дтеу				
27-1	Concrete Top Coat	No	100% Mineral Filler		
98455	дтеу				
27-2	Concrete Top Coat	No	100% Mineral Filler		

Date: February 05, 2003

Cust ID No. Micron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	Q.C.
27-3	Concrete Top Coat	No	100% Mineral Filler	
98457	beige & grey			
28-1	Roof Tar	No	100% Organic Binders	
98458	black			
28-2	Roof Tar	No	100% Organic Binders	
98459	black			
28-3	Roof Tar	No	100% Organic Binders	
98460	black			
29-1	Drywall & Joint Compound	Yes	<1% chrysotile 99% Mineral Filler	
98461	white & beige		99% Mineral Filler	
detected in J.	с.			
<b>29-2</b> 98462	Drywall & Joint Compound white	No	100% Mineral Filler	
29-3	Drywall & Joint Compound	Yes	<1% chrysotile	
98463	white & beige		99% Mineral Filler	
detected in J.				
30-1	Roof Tar & Felt	No	100% Organic Binders	
98464	black			

Date: February 05, 2003

Micron Ref. No.: 11303017

Cust ID No. Micron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	Q.C.	
<b>30-2</b> 98465	Roof Tar & Felt black	No	100% Organic Binders		
<b>30-3</b> 98466	Roof Tar & Felt black	No	100% Organic Binders		
31-1 98467	Roof Material black	No	100% Organic Binders		
30407					
<b>31-2</b> 98468	Roof Material black	No	100% Organic Binders		
<b>31-3</b> 98469	Roof Material black	No	100% Organic Binders		
<b>32-1</b> 98470	Penetration Mastic black	Yes	3% chrysotile 97% Organic Binders		
<b>33-1</b> 98471	Concrete Wall Texture Coating white & beige	Yes	<1% chrysotile 99% Mineral Filler		
33-2 98472	Concrete Wall Texture Coating white & beige	Yes	<1% chrysotile 99% Mineral Filler		

Date: February 05, 2003

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Micron	Ref.	No.:	11303017	
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Cust ID No. Micron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	Q.C.		
<b>33-3</b> 98473	Concrete Wall Texture Coating white & beige	Yes	<1% chrysotile 99% Mineral Filler			
984/3	wille a beige		John America Timer			
34-1	Grout/ Mortar	No	100% Mineral Filler			
98474	grey					
34-2	Grout/ Mortar	No	100% Mineral Filler			
98475	gray & white					
34-3	Grout/ Mortar	No	100% Mineral Filler			
98476	grey					
<b>35-1</b> 98477	Vinyl Floor Tile beige	Yes	<1% chrysotile 99% Mineral Filler			
964//			33 N Miletal Milet			
36-1	Drywall	No	100% Mineral Filler			
98478	white					
36-2	Drywall	No	100% Mineral Filler			
98479	white					
36-3	Drywall	No	100% Mineral Filler			
98480	white					

Date: February 05, 2003

Micron Ref. No.: 11303017

Cust ID No. Micron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected Analytical Result		Q.C.
<b>37-1</b> 98481	Roof Tar & Felt black	No	60% Cellulose 40% Mineral Filler	
<b>38-1</b> 98482	Roof Mastic black	Yes	3% chrysotile 97% Mineral Filler	
<b>39-1</b> 98483	Grout/ Mortar grey	No	100% Mineral Filler	
<b>39-2</b> 98484	Grout/ Mortar grey	No	100% Mineral Filler	
39-3 98485	Grout/ Mortar grey	No	100% Mineral Filler	
<b>40-1</b> 98486	Pipe Insulation beige	Yes	5% chrysotile 95% Organic Binders	
<b>41-1</b> 98487	Drywall & Joint beige	Yes	<1% chrysotile 99% Mineral Filler	X
41-2 98488	Drywall & Joint beige	Yes	<1% chrysotile 99% Mineral Filler	

Date: February 05, 2003

Micron Ref. No.: 11303017

Cust ID No. icron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	Q.C.	
41-3	Drywall & Joint	Yes	<1% chrysotile		
98489	beige		99% Mineral Filler		
42-1	Wire Insulation	No	60% Cellulose		
98490	дтеу		20% Mineral Filler 20% Organic Binders		
43-1	Caulking	No	100% Organic Binders		
98491	clear				
<b>44-1</b> 98492	Putty white	No	100% Mineral Filler		
<b>45-1</b> 98493	HVAC Cloth beige	Yes	30% chrysotile 40% Cellulose 15% Mineral Filler 15% Organic Binders		
46-1	Putty	Yes	1% chrysotile 99% Mineral Filler	<b>T</b>	
98494	grey		99% Mineral Filler	X	
47-1	Mastic	No	100% Organic Binders		
98495	black	110	20010 organic Dimero		
48-1	Mastic	Yes	3% chrysotile		
98496	black		97% Organic Binders		

Date: February 05, 2003

Micron Ref. No.: 11303017

Cust ID No. ficron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	Q.C.	
<b>49-1</b> 98497	Composite Roof Material black	No	100% Organic Binders		
<b>49-2</b> 98498	Composite Roof Material black	No	50% Cellulose 50% Organic Binders		
<b>49-3</b> 98499	Composite Roof Material black	No	50% Cellulose 50% Organic Binders		
<b>50-1</b> 98500	Composite Roof Material black	No	50% Cellulose 25% Mineral Filler 25% Organic Binders		
<b>50-2</b> 98501	Composite Roof Material black	No	50% Cellulose 25% Mineral Filler 25% Organic Binders		
<b>50-3</b> 98502	Composite Roof Material black	No	50% Cellulose 25% Mineral Filler 25% Organic Binders		
<b>51-1</b> 98503	Roof Mastic gray & black	Yes	<1% chrysotile 99% Organic Binders	X	
<b>51-1</b> 98504	Grout/ Mortar beige & grey	Yes	<1% chrysotile 99% Mineral Filler	4,914.	
detected in b	veiae laver				

Date: February 05, 2003

Microscopist: Enrique Quintero Jr.

Micron	Ref.	No.:	11303017
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Cust ID No. Micron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	Q.C.		
51-2	Grout/ Mortar	Yes	<1% chrysotile			
98505	beige & grey		99% Mineral Filler	X		
HRY detected in b	eige layer					
51-3	Grout/ Mortar	Yes	<1% chrysotile			
98506	beige & grey		99% Mineral Filler			
HRY detected in b	eige layer					
52-1	Grout/ Mortar	Yes	<1% chrysotile			
98507	beige & grey		99% Mineral Filler			
HRY detected in b	eige layer					
52-2	Grout/ Mortar	Yes	<1% chrysotile			
98508	beige & grey		99% Mineral Filler			
HRY detected in b	eige layer					
52-3	Grout/ Mortar	No	100% Mineral Filler			
98509	gray & white					
o beige layer						

The limit of detection for this analytical method is less than one percent asbestos (visual area estimates).

## BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING FORM AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

11303017

PROJ	ECT NA	ME:		Lockheed Beaumont S &	PROJECT NO		2614	DATE	:	SAN	IPLED	BY:	Fran	k Naja	ñ CAC 93-1185
Bldg.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	Othé	r Locations	Total Quantity	AR	F/NF	DR	СР	VI	EP	Recommended Action
310	١	l		Black Tar Residue on concrete walls											
			2		:										
			3												
30g		1	-	Brown concres For coat Horizon foil Component	k										
			Z	Horizen toll Companent					1						
			3												
308		3	)	Transite Pi	æ										
305		16	1 23	Transite Pip Debijs Granide with Black tar/ many	Pool										
IGN: N: .R: /NF: 'R: P: I: P:	Homogenous Group Number Sample No. Analytical Result Friable/Non-Friable Damage Rating Contact Potential Vibration Influence Erosion Potential  GC: Good Condition (None, or minimal damage) Damaged SD: Significant Damage L: Low M: Moderate H: High			I   C   I   S	Deliver Report & Bill To: Frank Najafi CITY Env Services, Inc. 1450 S. Burlington Avenue Suite B Los Angeles, CA 90006 Phone: (213) 632-0410 Fax: (213) 632-0414  Lab Name: Micron Environmental labs Analysis Requested: PLM TEM AAS Turn Around Time: 5 DA Analyze to First Positive? YES  Project Reference: Lockheed Beaumont Site No. Project Number: 2614										
telin	quished	i By: °	10	Dat	e: 1/17/03	]	Received I	By: J	Saerio.	8			D	ate:	1-17-03

## BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING F^ M AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

PRO	PROJECT NaME: Lockheed Beaumont 5:60   PROJECT NO. 2614   DATE:   SAMPLED BY: Frank Najafi CAC 93-1185															
								41							,	
Bldg. No.	Floor	HGN	SN	}	Description	Sample Location	1	ther Locations	Total Quantity	AR	F/NF	DR	CP	VI	EP	Recommended Action
308	١	4	į	Concrede	fort/	Perine to	enc/	e fe U								
			۲													
			3													
		5	į			concrede	Ble	ek the								
			2			storkg	cB.	r.ldiz								
			3	1	/		V									
		6	1	Black Conth	elections	al NE	ot:	30l bankah								
			ح		ĺ											
		,	3													
HGN: SN: AR: F/NF: DR: CP: VI: EP:	Sample I Analytics Friable/N Damage Contact I Vibration Erosion I	al Result lon-Friable Rating Potential In Influence Potential		GC: D: SD: L: M: H:	Good Condition Damaged Significant Dam Low Moderate High	n (None, or minimal dam	age)	Deliver Report & Frank Najafi CITY Env Service 1450 S. Burlingto Suite B Los Angeles, CA Phone: (213) 632-04	es, Inc. n Avenue 90006 -0410	Analysis Requ Turn Around Analyze to Fi Project Refer Project Numb	rst Positive	LM) T	EM A	Site No.		_
Relin	quished	By:	70	ner	Dat	e: $1/(7/0)$	}	Received B	y: D	arelos	<b>Y</b>			D	ate:	1-17-03

## **BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING FORM AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY**

PROJ	PROJECT NAME: Lockheed Beaumont 5 12   PROJECT N						2614	DATE	TE: SAMPLED BY: Frank Najafi CAC 93-1185						
Bldg. No.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	Ot	her Locations	Total Quantity	AR	F/NF	DR	СР	VI	EP	Recommended Action
305		7	1 2 3	Brown Vingl Cove base man die											
		8	1	9d9 floor tile & black mentic											
		g <sup>.</sup>	7	2x4 peoustic ceiling fanch											
		is0	ーファ	Synall Front Company Planter Debis	cells of										
		10	1 23	Plander Debiis	ortside on ground	2	·								
	٠.	12	1	Pansife Pipe De Bis Beige concrete top of w		,									
		13	1 2 3	Beign concrete	texture Coat										
		XX 15		Black foar ining intrlation Beige/giny Dred Joint	2 layers of	r Kl					-				
1		14	123	Brige/giny Drit Joint	afe/nendi	O	n Hillsid	e							
IGN: N: .R: /NF: R: P: I: P;	Sample I Analytica Friable/N Damage Contact I	nous Group No. al Result Non-Friable Rating Potential n Influence	Numbe		(None, or minimal dama		Deliver Report & Frank Najafi CITY Env Service 1450 S. Burlington Suite B Los Angeles, CA 9 Phone: (213) 632-04	es, Inc. n Avenue	Lab Name: Nanalysis Rec Turn Around Analyze to F Project Refe Project Num	uested: P d Time: irst Positive rence: Lock	YES	EM A ) A Y ) NO		1	-
teline	quished	By:	W	Dat Dat	e: //7/03		Received By	y:	Baeen	<u> </u>			D	ate: /	L17-03
		, ,		()()	/ `										

## BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING FARM AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Bilds. Floor HGN SN Material Description Sample Location Other Locations Quantity AR ENF DR CP VI EP Recommended  305 17 2 8/2 1 / neight Before a grand Stack  306 18 2 3 2 Planck on grand Stack  306 20 2 3 Black Foot the ferrinate constant Stack  309 21 1 8/0 1 / Marghin Bichien words Stack  304 22 1 Canking Putsy water plancy  306 23 2 51-e 929 flack  307 24 2 Brown Vinyl  308 24 2 Brown Vinyl  309 24 2 Brown Vinyl  309 24 2 Brown Vinyl  309 304 305 1 Black Tops later  300 305 306 307 307 007 007 007 007 007 007 007 007	PROT	FCT 18	ME		Lockheed Beaumont 5:321	PROJECT NO		2614	DATE	. T	CAR	IDI ET	RV.	Fran	r Naiaf	CAC 93-1185
17 2 great/majter before careful started and growth	IKOJ	ECT NA	MIVIE.		FOCULECT DESTITION 23-461	1 ROJECI NO	·	2014	DAIL	• 1	SALV	TL PET	, DI:	Hall	L Ivajai	1 CAC 33-1103
306 19 2 flander on grown 200 19 2 flander on grown 200 19 2 flander on grown 200 2 flat floor far ferinate central grown 200 2 flat floor flander central grown 200 2 flat floor flander central grown 200 2 flat flat flander central grown 200 2 flat flat flat flat flat flat flat flat		Floor	HGN	SN	,	•		Locations		1	F/NF	DR	СР	VI	EP	
306 19 2 flander on grown 200 19 2 flander on grown 200 19 2 flander on grown 200 2 flat floor far ferinate central grown 200 2 flat floor flander central grown 200 2 flat floor flander central grown 200 2 flat flat flander central grown 200 2 flat flat flat flat flat flat flat flat	305		17	123	grout moiter	Between carente Block	K						)			
30 20 2 Select foot for general Debits on converting to search Block will form a convert grade form a convert grad	306		18	!												
304 22 1 Carlky Pethy carbon concritation of the state of	306		19	ا ک	Debis	v										
304 22 1 Carlky Pethy carbon concritation of the state of	30b		ro	۱ ک ک	black foof two	Perineker concrete valls/Rocf	Di 6:	o and							/	
304 22 1 Carlky Pethy carbon concritation of the state of	309		21	1 2 3	grout/arnow.	Behren u	acr	k Blow	k.							
304 24 2 Brown Vinyl covrbase music  304 25 1 Brown Vinyl covrbase music  HGN: Homogenous Group Number Sample No. Sample No. AR: Analytical Result First Positive Report & Bill To: Frank Najafi CITY Env Services, Inc. 1450 S. Burlington Avenue Suite B  CP: Contact Potential  VI: Vibration Influence EP: Erosion Potential  AR: Analytical Result First Positive?  WM: Moderate HI: High  MM: Moderate HI: High  AR: Analytical Result Significant Damage  L: Low M: Moderate HI: High  M: Moderate HI: High  Are Analytical Result Significant Damage Project Reference: Lockheed Beaumont Site No.  Project Number: 2614	304		22	١			1									
304 24 2 Brown Viny/ corrbase music  Bluck Tosylatic  o electric cords to - Hill over Bulg  Homogenous Group Number  Sample No.  AR: Analytical Result F/NF: Friable/Non-Friable DR: Damage Rating CP: Contact Potential VI: Vibration Influence EP: Erosion Potential  Bluck Tosylatic  o electric cords to - Hill over Bulg  Lab Name: Micron Environmental labs  Analysis Requested: (PLM) TEM AAS  Turn Around Time: 5 DA/ Analyze to First Positive? YES NO  Project Reference: Lockheed Beaumont Site No.   Project Number: 2614	301		23	2 3	may die	Inside Roc	~	, 0				D				
Homogenous Group Number SN: Sample No. AR: Analytical Result Friable/Non-Friable DR: Damage Rating CP: Contact Potential VI: Vibration Influence EP: Erosion Potential  GC: Good Condition (None, or minimal damage) D: Damaged SD: Good Condition (None, or minimal damage) D: Damaged SD: Significant Damage CITY Env Services, Inc. 1450 S. Burlington Avenue Suite B Los Angeles, CA 90006 Phone: (213) 632-0410 Fax: (213) 632-0414  Project Number: 2614	304		24		Brown Viny	Ai										_
Homogenous Group Number SN: Sample No. AR: Analytical Result Friable/Non-Friable DR: Damage Rating CP: Contact Potential VI: Vibration Influence EP: Erosion Potential  GC: Good Condition (None, or minimal damage) D: Damaged SD: Good Condition (None, or minimal damage) D: Damaged SD: Significant Damage CITY Env Services, Inc. 1450 S. Burlington Avenue Suite B Los Angeles, CA 90006 Phone: (213) 632-0410 Fax: (213) 632-0414  Project Number: 2614	304		25	1	or electre	cords. La										Possible wederproved
Relinquished By: The Date: 1/17/03 Received By: Barrios Date: 1-17-03	SN: AR: F/NF: DR: CP: VI:	Sample Manalytics Friable/Manage Contact Manage Vibration	No. al Result Non-Friable Rating Potential n Influence		GC: Good Condition D: Damaged SD: Significant Dam  L: Low M: Moderate	(None, or minimal dama	age) D F C 1 S L P	Peliver Report of rank Najafi TTY Env Servic 450 S. Burlingto uite B os Angeles, CA hone: (213) 632	& Bill To: es, Inc. on Avenue 90006 -0410	Analysis Req Turn Around Analyze to Fi Project Refer	uested: (P   Time: 5   rst Positive   rence: Lock	DAY YES	EM A		l	under Sal
	Reling	uished	l By:	C	Date Date	e: 1/17/0	} I	Received B	y:	Excell	٠.			D	ate:	1-17-03

## BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING FORM AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

PROJ	ECT NA	ME:		Lockheed Beaumont Sile	PROJECT NO	2614	DATE	:	SAN	1PLED	BY:	Fran	k Najai	ñ CAC 93-1185
Bidg. No.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	Other Locations	Total Quantity	AR	F/NF	DR	СР	VI	EP	Recommended Action
311		26	)	Brown filler Emilely Corpo Concrede for coat/Jendre Black Roof	and before	cedien point in steel bear	-3 K					·		
		27	1 2 3	concrete for coat/Jendre	count top.	of enserce		_						
		28	1 2 3	Black Roof										
325					\									sospect and an Park
312		29	1 2 3	Bynd & Joint compan	l ceilij									Mold growth
312		30	1 2 3	ROOF Op. &										
312		31	723	Roof base flathy & Para Groy Roof A men	er I		·							
312		32	1	Gray Roof &	bredad-							·		
;1/		33	23	exterior conce	coaty				<i>y</i>					
N: Sample No.  R: Analytical Result NF: Friable/Non-Friable R: Damage Rating P: Contact Potential I: Vibration Influence P: Erosion Potential  GC: Good Condition (None, or minimal damage) SD: Significant Damage L: Low M: Moderate H: High						Page)  Deliver Report & Frank Najafi CITY Env Service 1450 S. Burlingto Suite B Los Angeles, CA Phone: (213) 632-04	es, Inc. in Avenue 90006 -0410	Lab Name: M Analysis Req Turn Around Analyze to Fi Project Refer Project Numb	uested: P Time: rst Positive ence: Lock per: 2614	S D A YES	EM A		1	-
leline	quished	By:	Y	Dat	e: 1/17/03	Received B	y: \	Baeri	0.6.			D	ate:	1-17-03

## BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING F "M AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

PROJ	ECT NA	ME:		Lockheed Beaumont Side!	PROJECT NO.	2614	DATE:		SAN	1PLED	BY:	Fran	k Najai	fi CAC 93-1185
Bldg.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	Other Locations	Total Quantity	AR	F/NF	DR	СР	VI	EP	Recommended Action
312		34	2 3	grout Moitar between a	ucrk block	walls								
14		35	1	929 hrs Vinyl floor file with y Drywall Cedij	iellor glue					D				
14		36	23	Drywall Cedij						D				Debas on fiar
		37	1	Root da & full						Ď				on growl
V		<i>3</i> 8	C	Ging foot Patch mustic										2
$\downarrow$		39	2	grant/mer for	k nulls			,		1				
303		40	1	Fife elbar & Horas	10		29em		F	ac				
303		41	123	arcy electrical wire Insular	ceiligs Inden			-						
30 }		42	(	Gray electrical	Lan									
HGN: SN: AR: F/NF: DR: CP: VI: EP:	Sample Analytic Friable/I Damage Contact Vibratio	al Result Non-Friable	o Numbe	er GC: Good Condition D: Damaged SD: Significant Dan L: Low M: Moderate H: High	(None, or minimal dama)	ge)  Deliver Report Frank Najafi CITY Env Servi 1450 S. Burlingt Suite B Los Angeles, CA Phone: (213) 632-6	ces, Inc. on Avenue	Lab Name: M Analysis Req Turn Around Analyze to Fi Project Refer Project Numb	uested: A Time: rst Positiv ence: Lock	LM T	DAY DAY NO		<u>.</u>	
Relin	quishe	d By: 🛭	C	Dat	e: 1/17/03	Received I	By: J	xieuc	γ			Ι	ate:	1-17-03

## BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING FORM AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

PROJ	ECT NA	ME:		Lockheed Beaumont 5:41	PROJECT NO	. 2614	DATE:		SAM	IPLED	BY:	Franl	k Naja:	fi CAC 93-1185
Bldg.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	Other Locations	Total	AR	F/NF	DR	СР	VI	EP	Recommended
No.	11001	HON	5.1	Material Description	Sample Edeator	Other Educations	Quantity							Action
30} 1		43	į	while/Beige carlky	Antinio Whole									
		44		while/Beige carlley white Puty	enderier nallerjene	L				·				
		45	1	HVAC Vibiator Brown Potty	lover lend Row		Zeneh							
		46	1	Brown Potty	pper walls	,								
		47	1	BroBlack navic	endraice of	o Lard Bay								
		48	(	ary martie	o v									
		49	しっろ	Composte Roof	evel 1									
		50	( Z }	co-posit forty purapet & Ga grapet & Ga	se fleshy	·		·						
	·	51	1	gry Poitnas	he level (	52				·				
IGN: N: .R: /NF: R: P: I:	Sample N Analytica Friable/N Damage Contact I Vibration Erosion I	nous Group No. al Result Ion-Friable Rating Potential Influence Potential	Number	GC: Good Condition D: Damaged SD: Significant Dam  L: Low M: Moderate H: High	(None, or minimal dama	ge)  Deliver Report & Frank Najafi CITY Env Service 1450 S. Burlingto Suite B Los Angeles, CA Phone: (213) 632 Fax: (213) 632-04	es, Inc. 7 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Lab Name: M Analysis Requ Furn Around Analyze to Fir Project Refere Project Numb	rested: PI Time: est Positive ence: Lockh	YES	EM A DAY S NO	ite No	,	
elin	quished	By:	Th	Date	e: 1/17/03	Received B	y: <u>K</u>	xillic	× .			Da	ate:	1-17-03_

## BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING F "M AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

PRO.	JECT NA	ME:		Lockheed	Beaumont 5.4e	PROJECT NO	D. 2614 DATE: SAMPLED BY: Frank Najafi CAC 93					fi CAC 93-1185				
Bldg.	Floor	HGN	SN	Mater	rial Description	Sample Location	Ot	ther Locations	Total	AR	F/NF	DR	СР	VI	EP	Recommended
303	1	51	123	910.	+ Miter	Réd Brick CMV Conerse Blockwall			Quantity							Action
	Lower	25	ر 2 3	V		Blockwall	\$									
		1		s.												
HGN:	Homogo	nous Group	Numb		C. Cood Cood Still			l D.E. D	p bul To		Aires Ervi					
SN: AR: F/NF: DR: CP: VI: EP:	Sample 1 Analytic Friable/N Damage Contact Vibration Erosion	No. al Result Non-Friable Rating Potential Influence Potential	:	T GG D: SI L: M H:	: Damaged D: Significant Da  Low : Moderate	on (None, or minimal dam	age)	Peliver Report & Frank Najafi C1TY Env Service 1450 S. Burlingto Suite B Los Angeles, CA Phone: (213) 632 Fax: (213) 632-04	es, Inc. on Avenue 90006 -0410	Lab Name: M Analysis Req Turn Around Analyze to F Project Refe Project Num	uested: (P d Time: irst Positive rence: Lock ber: 2614	LM T	EM A	Site No.		
Relin	quished	By: 7	Ci	Nev-	Da	te: 1/1/03		Received B	y:	Barr	iox.			D	ate:	1-17-03



## Micron Environmental Labs

Micron Ref. No. 11303021

626-357-**8**627 FAX: 626-256-9017

## Sample Summary Results

Customer Project: 2614.1/ Lockheed Beaumont-Site #1 Microscopist: Maria L. Kowalski

February 06, 2003

Frank Najafi

City Environmental Services, Inc.

P.O. Box 641818

Los Angeles, CA 90064

Date Collected: January 18, 2003

Date Received: January 20, 2003

Date Analyzed: January 24, 2003

No. Samples: 17

Cust ID No. Micron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	Q.C.
<b>53-1</b> 98550	Covebase Mastic brown	No	100% Organic Binders	X
<b>54-1</b> 98551	2x4 Ceiling Tile gray & white	No	40% Cellulose 10% Fibrous Glass 50% Mineral Filler	
<b>54-1</b> 98551	2x4 Ceiling Tile- Mastic yellow	No	100% Organic Binders	х
<b>54-2</b> 98552	2x4 Ceiling Tile gray & white	No	40% Cellulose 10% Fibrous Glass 50% Mineral Filler	
<b>54-2</b> 98552	2x4 Ceiling Tile- Mastic yellow	No	100% Organic Binders	
<b>54-3</b> 98553	2x4 Ceiling Tile gray & white	No	40% Cellulose 10% Fibrous Glass 50% Mineral Filler	

Date: February 06, 2003

**. ..** ......

Microscopist: Maria L. Kowalski

Micron Ref. No.: 11303021

Cust ID No. ficron ID No. 54-3	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	Q.C.
<b>54-3</b> 98553	2x4 Ceiling Tile- Mastic yellow	No	100% Organic Binders	
<b>55-1</b> 98554	Carpet Adhesive yellow	No	100% Organic Binders	
<b>55-2</b> 98555	Carpet Adhesive yellow	No	100% Organic Binders	
<b>56-1</b> 98556	Window Sealant grey	No	100% Organic Binders	
<b>57-1</b> 98557	Caulking gray & white	No	100% Organic Binders	
<b>28-1</b> 98558	Mastic black	Yes	<1% chrysotile 99% Organic Binders	
<b>59-1</b> 98559	Sealant Material silver	Yes	7% chrysotile 10% Cellulose 83% Mineral Filler	
<b>60-1</b> 98560	Texture on Concrete Walls grey	No	100% Mineral Filler	

Page 3

Date: February 06, 2003

Microscopist: Maria L. Kowalski

Micron Ref. No.: 11303021

Cust ID No. Micron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	Q.C.
<b>60-2</b> 98561	Texture on Concrete Walls grey	No	100% Mineral Filler	
<b>60-3</b> 98562	Texture on Concrete Walls grey	No	100% Mineral Filler	
<b>61-1</b> 98563	Patch Mastic black	No	100% Organic Binders	
Microscopist:				

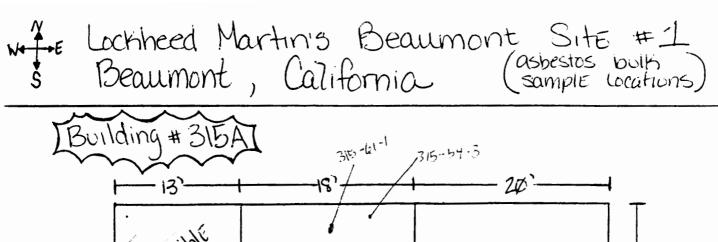
The limit of detection for this analytical method is less than one percent asbestos (visual area estimates).

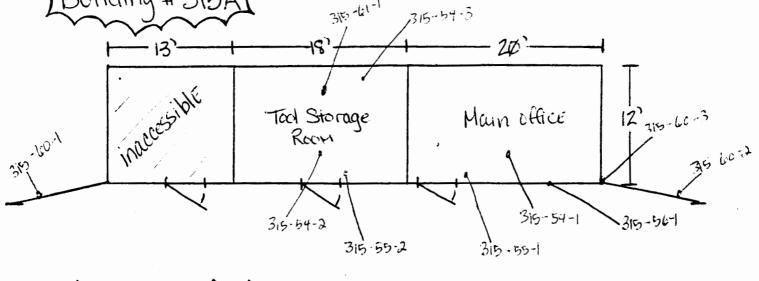
#### BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING F M AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

11303001

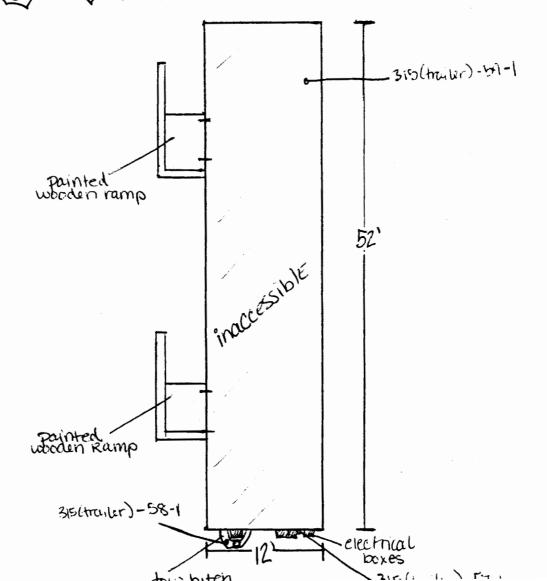
PROJ	OJECT NAME: Lockheed Beaumont Sign PROJECT NO. 2614 ( DATE: 1/18/03 SAMPLED BY: Frank Najafi CAC 93-1185													
Bldg. No.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	Other Locations	Total Quantity	AR	F/NF	DR	СР	VI	EP	Recommended Action
T-4	)	53	١	COVE base Mastic Brown	biblioniti				NF	GC	<i>l+</i>	M	H	
315		54	123	white Lishered Rundern pinhau 2'x4 Ceiling his	Inside Majo Office RM + 4601 Storugern				F	D	14	Н	Н	
315		55	2	adheisive	brown Carpet throughot #315				NF	GC	H	Н	H	
315	Ì	56	١	12 XI.	outsitle windows s. sicle				NF	GC	Н	H	H	
Miles	Ì	57			around electric boxes on s. side.	úØ 			NF	GC	H	H	H	
7	1	58		Black Mustic	on toew Hitch				NF	GC.	H	H	#	
1	1	59	1	Silver sealant material	top of trailer on				NE	GC	L	M	4	
315		60	200	texture on concrete, beige und grey Black patch Mastrz	Roof topg Concrete Walls				N/=	60	2	H	14	
315		61			Roof, airrind Wills, base				NF			Μ	H	
SN: Sample No. AR: Analytical Result F/NF: Friable/Non-Friable DR: Damage Rating CP: Contact Potential VI: Vibration Influence EP: Erosion Potential  D: Damaged SD: Significant Damage CITY Env S 1450 S. But Suite B Los Angele H: High Phone: (213)							ces, Inc. on Avenue \$ 90006 2-0410	Lab Name: M Analysis Requ Turn Around Analyze to Fir Project Refere Project Numb	Time: st Positive ence: Locki er: 2614	? VES	NO NO	Site No.	/	
Reline	quished	d By:	1d.L	Dat	Received E	3y: ;	-30	30 J	TIZE	JC71,	D	ate:	1-20-03	

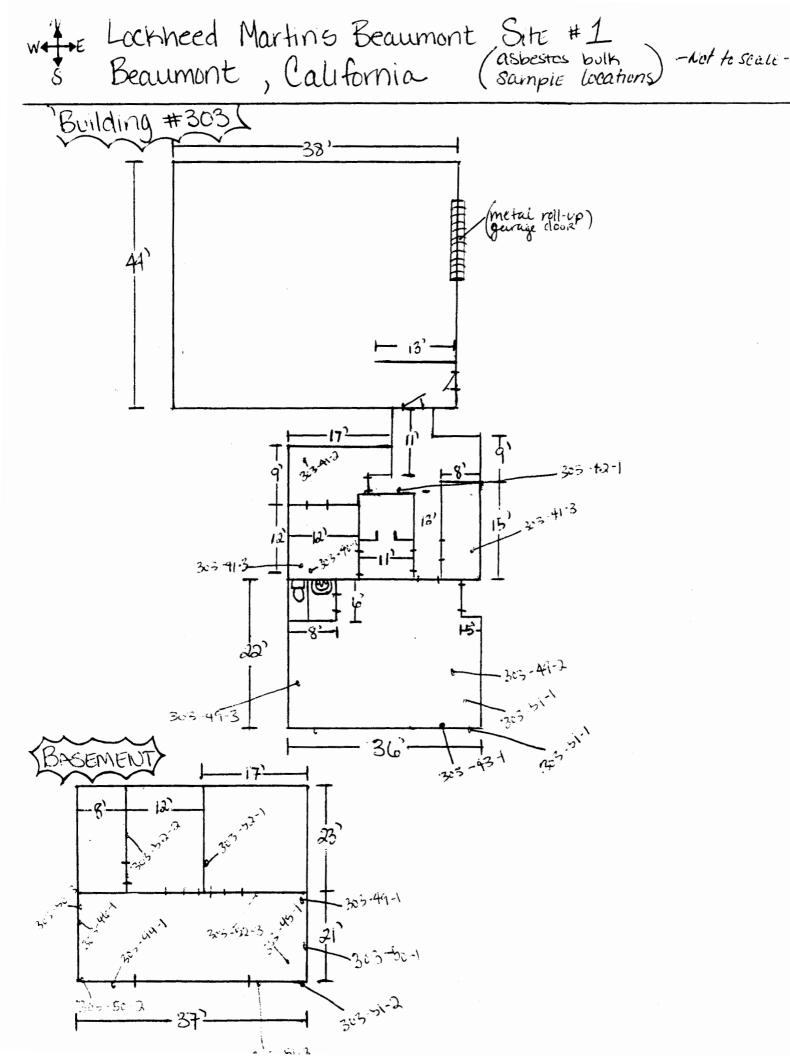
to Mickon Environ. - 5 day turn avound!

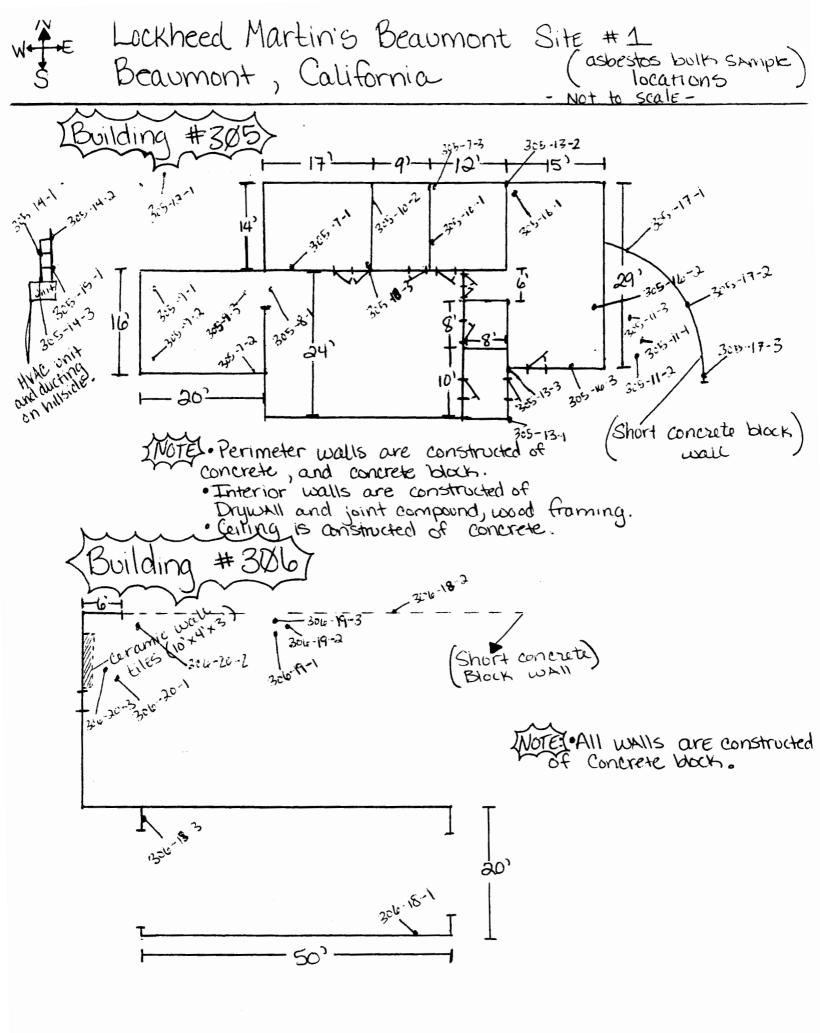


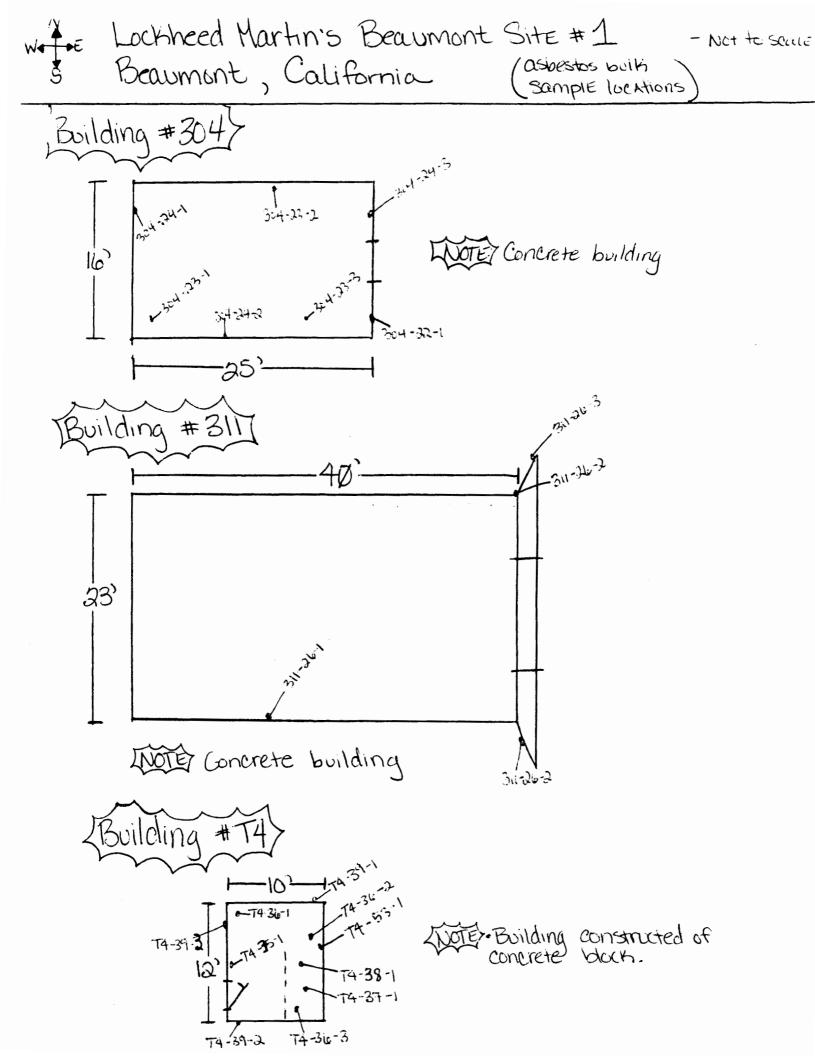


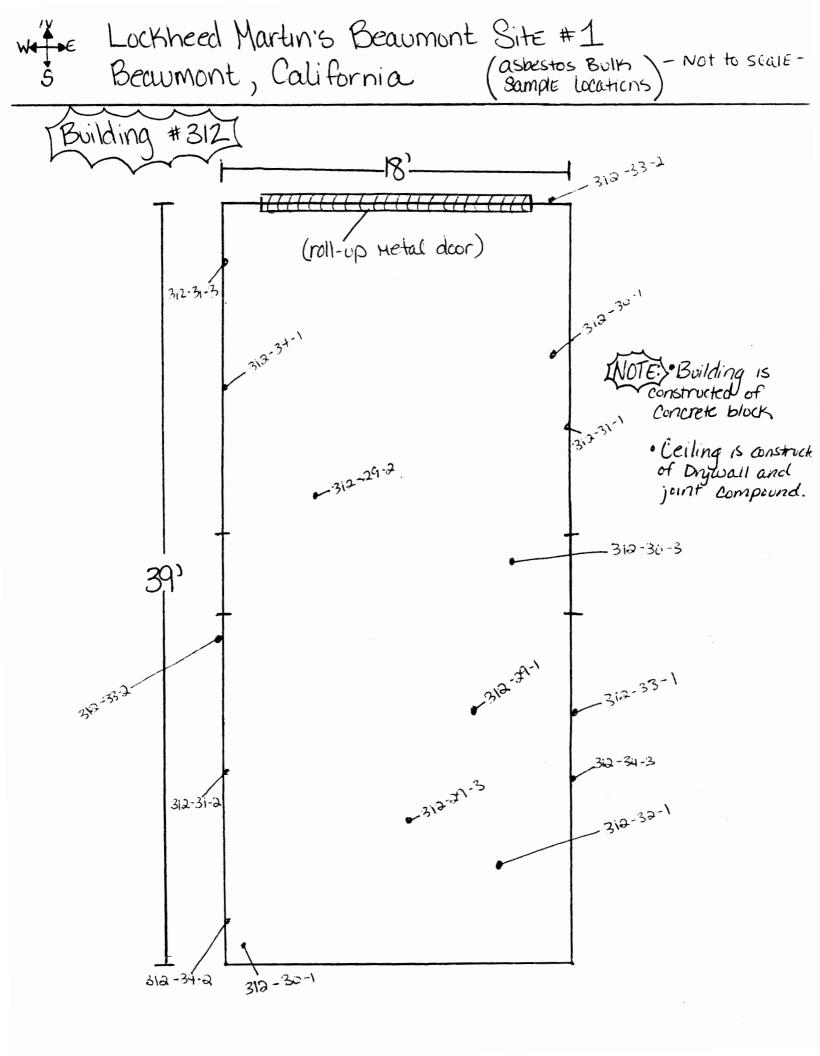
# Building #315B (trailer)





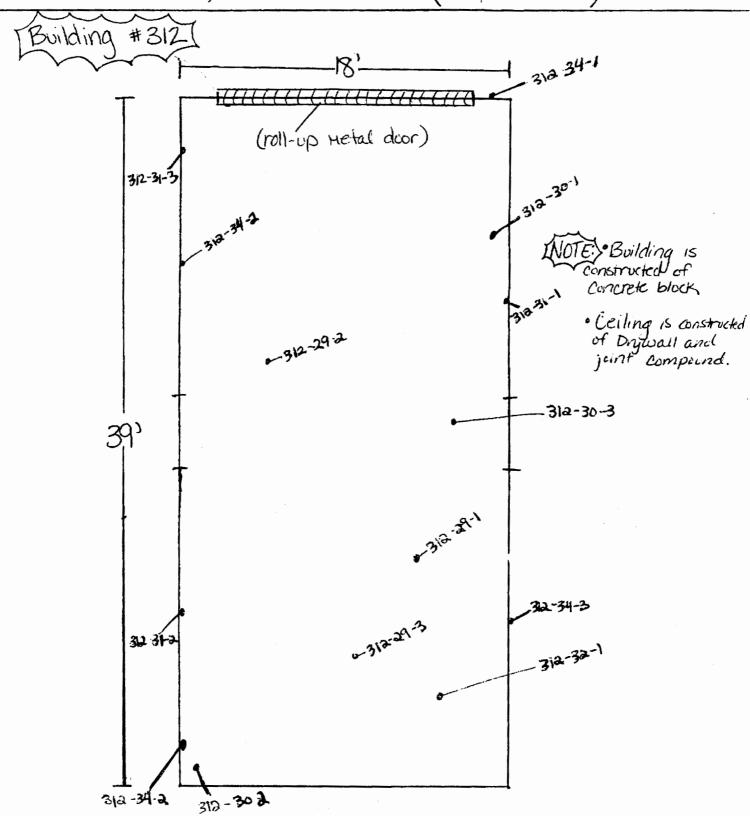


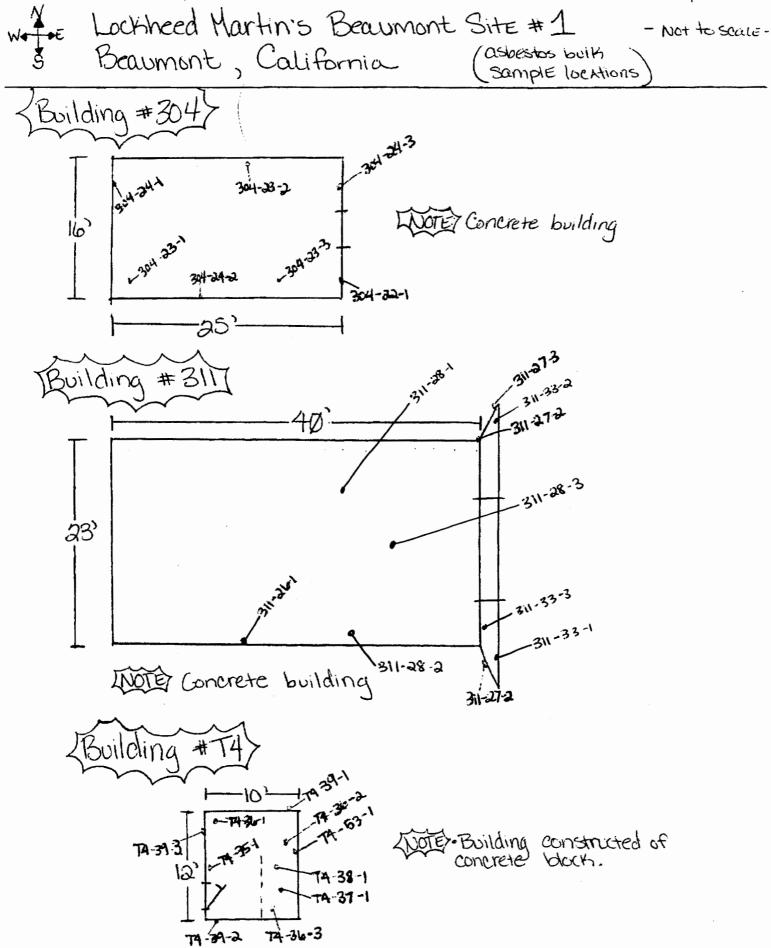


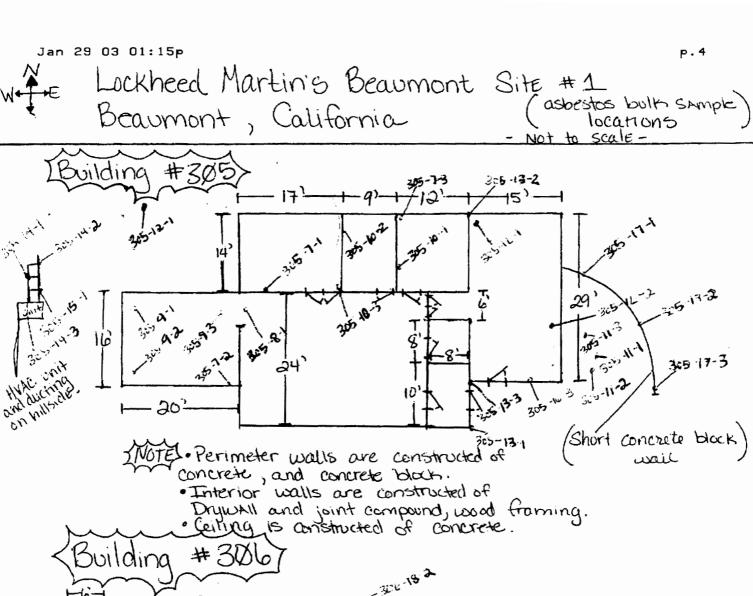


Wife Lockheed Martin's Beaumont Site #1

Beaumont, California (aspestos Bulk) - Not to scalesample locations)







Motel Perimeter walls are constructed of wall wall and concrete black.

Therrior walls are constructed of Drywall and joint compound, wood framing.

Calling is constructed of concrete.

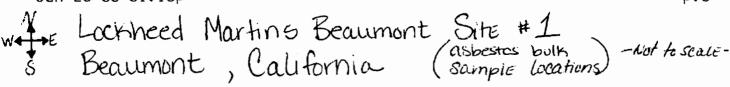
Building # 3000

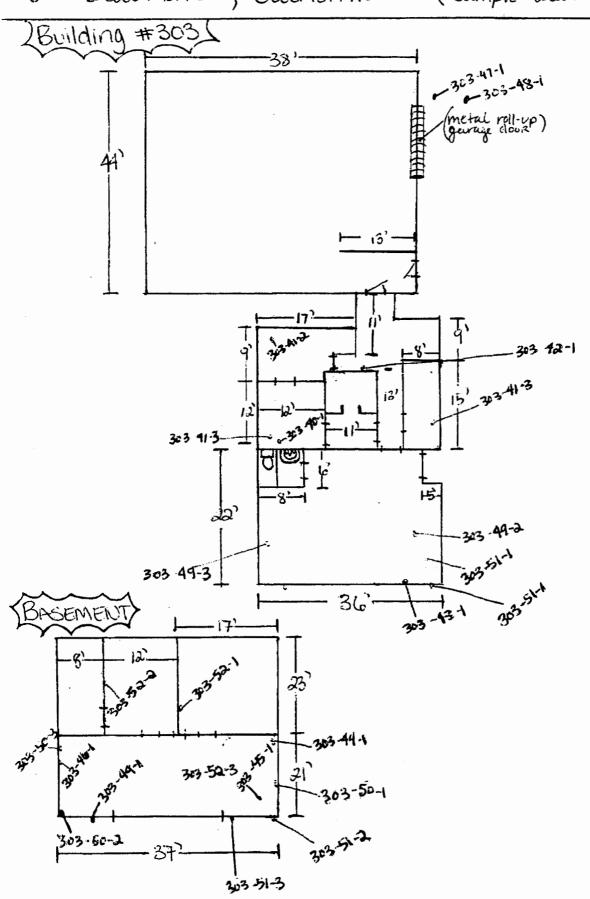
Short concrete.

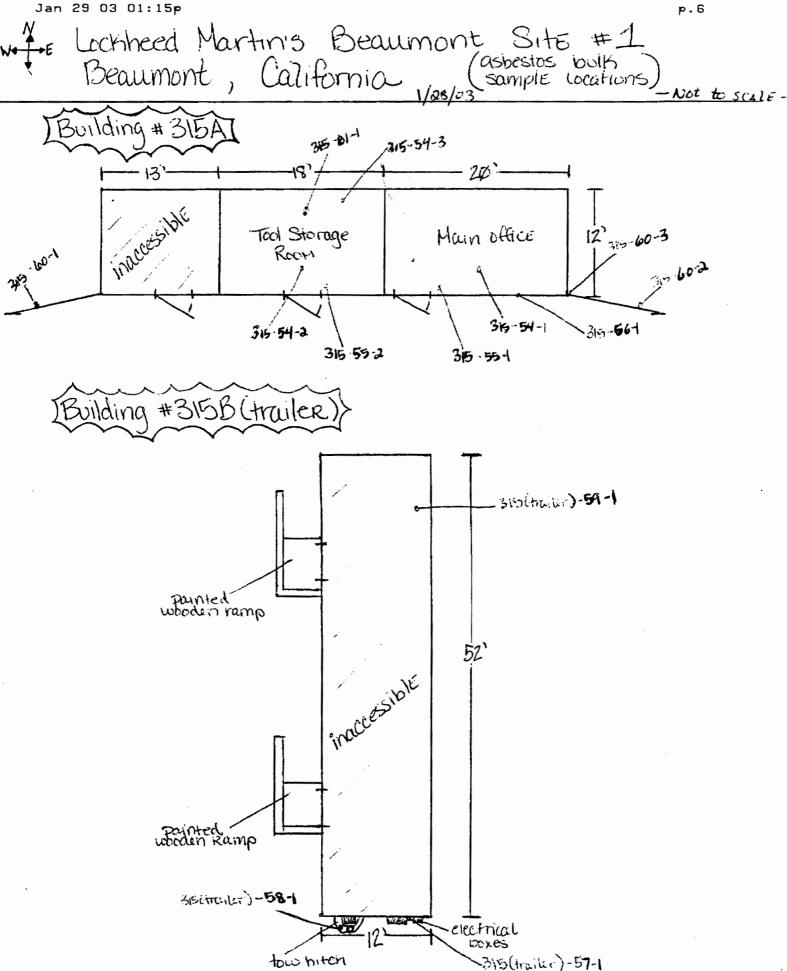
Short concrete.

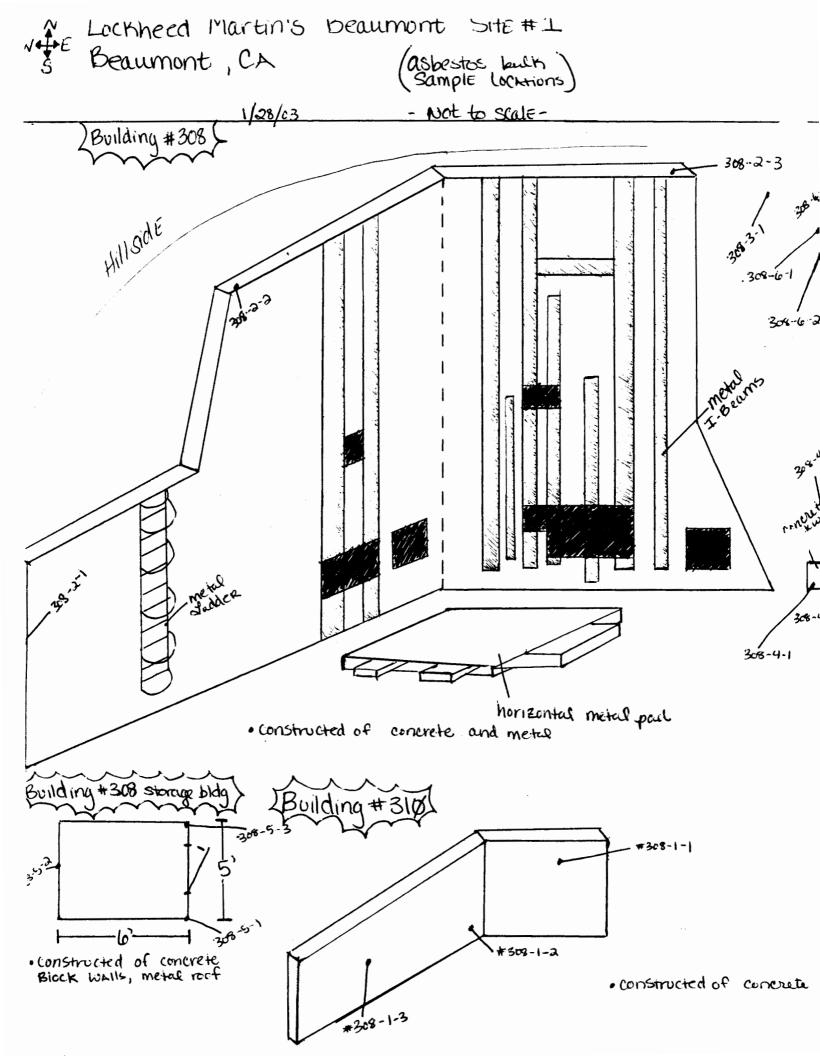
Short concrete.

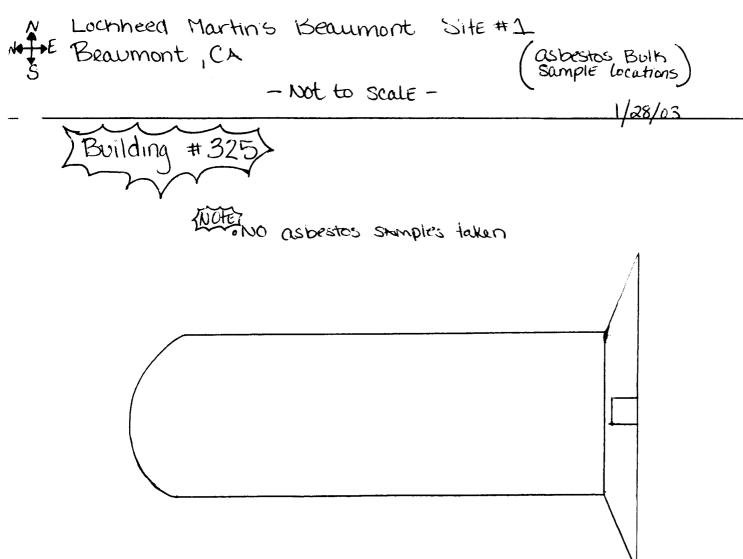
Wotel All walls are constructed of Concrete black.











#### PROCEDURES AND METHODOLOGY

The objective of the survey is to locate and identify suspect asbestos-containing materials (ACM), and to determine their friability, condition and potential for damage. Bulk sampling and laboratory analyses conforming to contract requirements are performed to confirm asbestos content of suspect materials. Samples are analyzed by Micron Environmental Laboratories, Inc. (MICRON). On the basis of survey information and laboratory analysis, CITY determines hazard ratings and recommendations in order to assist the Client in its environmental risk management program. The procedures and methodology followed for this project are summarized below:

#### Inspection and Sampling

Typical Suspect Materials - Suspect materials include, but are not limited to, the following: surfacing materials (sprayed or troweled on structural members, ceilings and walls, such as fireproofing, thermal insulation, acoustic or decorative materials); thermal system insulation (pipe, boiler, tank, equipment, duct or other HVAC insulation materials); and miscellaneous materials (construction materials for roofs, ceilings, floors and walls, such as tiles/panels, sheeting, wallboard/joint compound, paints, coatings and roofing materials).

Inspection and Sampling - CITY typically surveys building in teams of two, one person documenting the proceedings of the survey, the other performing bulk sampling and other miscellaneous activities. Small facilities are often surveyed by one individual. The team performs a preliminary visual inspection of the facility to identify and quantify suspect ACM. A sampling strategy is then developed to provide representative sampling. Efforts are made to obtain the samples from inconspicuous areas. Each sample is placed in a plastic or metal container, the container is sealed, labeled and placed in a larger storage bag. Destructive inspection methods to find concealed asbestos are used only in those areas specified, and to the extent approved by, the Client.

Throughout the process, care is taken to prevent cross-contamination of the collected samples. Sampling equipment is cleaned after each sample is obtained. In addition, sample containers are placed directly beneath each sample location, when feasible, to collect any materials which may become dislodged during the sampling process. Any debris generated by the sampling is cleaned by wet-cleaning methods. Sample locations are appropriately repaired.

Field Documentation - Samples are documented by entering the sample data on a bulk log, including a description of the material, sample number, location, condition, accessibility, friability, potential for damage, and quantity. Typically, the sample location is marked on an 8-1/2 x 11 inch floor plan (not to scale). In addition, a photograph is taken to further document the material sampled, its condition and location.

#### Laboratory Procedures and Results

Upon completion of the survey, Chain-of Custody forms are filled out and the samples are transferred to Micron Environmental Labs for analysis. Bulk sample analysis is conducted by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) with dispersion staining as described in the "Interim Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation samples," Method EPA-600/R-93/116. A suspect material is immersed in a solution of known refractive index and subjected to illumination by polarized light. The color displayed enables mineral identification.

Quality Control - Quality control samples at a rate of 10% or one per project, whichever is greater, are reanalyzed by a second, independent analyst. Samples estimated to contain asbestos in amounts of 1% or less are also reanalyzed. Once analyzed, results are delivered to CITY for evaluation and inclusion in the report.

NOTE: The amended National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), November 20, 1990, included a requirement that when the asbestos content of a bulk sample material is determined using procedures outlined in the interim method and the asbestos content is estimated to be less than 10% by a method other than *point counting*, the parties legally responsible for a building (owner/operator) may (1) elect to assume the amount to be greater than 1% and treat the material as a regulated asbestos-containing material, or (2) require verification of the amount by the point counting method.

The purpose of this procedure is to minimize *false negative* analysis (reporting the sample as containing less than 1% asbestos for asbestos-containing samples actually containing greater than 1%) and *false positives* (reporting the sample as containing greater than 1% asbestos). Point counting was included in NESHAP in response to an EPA study that found an unacceptable amount of false negative and false positive analyses by methods outlined in the interim method. Unless directed otherwise by the Client, CITY will assume that PLM analysis is acceptable for this facility.

Reminder: in California the abatement of materials with detectable quantities of asbestos - legally defined as materials containing percentages of asbestos grater than one-tenth of one percent (>0.1%) by area - are regulated by Cal/OSHA and therefore considered positive in this report.

#### Material Assessment

Friability - During the survey, materials are classified as either *friable* or *nonfriable*. For most materials friability is simple to determine. However, select materials require special consideration. For example, joint compound in generally good condition and covered by an impermeable finish (e.g., paint, coatings or wall covering) is usually considered by CITY standards to be nonfriable. The same material left unfurnished and exposed is classified as friable. Materials such as

wallboard, joint compound, plaster, and stucco in their finished state and in generally good condition are classified as nonfriable; however, these materials often may be rendered friable when they are involved in repair, renovation or demolition activities. Some typically nonfriable materials also may become friable due to aging or deterioration causing elements to separate from their binding agents. Visual inspection and physical handling is performed for all suspect materials to ensure proper friability classification.

Condition and Potential Damage - Materials are assessed for any damage by impact, water, aging, deterioration, or delamination from their substrata. In addition, assessment is made of potential for damage by contact, vibration, or air erosion. Refer to the following Exhibits:

- 1. Condition Assessment Criteria for Surfacing and Miscellaneous Material.
- 2. Condition Assessment Criteria for Thermal System Insulation.
- 3. Potential for Damage Criteria.

Hazard Rating - Once all assessments are made, the material is assigned a hazard rating based on material condition and potential for damage. The hazard rating system utilized for this survey is derived from the federal Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) and consists of seven categories. Refer to Exhibit 4 - Response Action Options.

# EXHIBIT 1 - CONDITION ASSESSMENT CRITERIA FOR SURFACING AND MISCELLANEOUS MATERIAL

Material Condition	Description
Significantly Damaged	<ul> <li>Material with one or more of the following characteristics:</li> <li>The surface is crumbling or blistered over at least one-tenth of the surface if the damage is evenly distributed, one-quarter if the damage is localized.</li> <li>Large areas of material hanging from the surface, delaminated, or showing adhesive failure.</li> <li>Water stains, gouges, or mars over at least one-tenth of the surface if damage is evenly distributed, one-quarter if damage is localized</li> <li>Accumulation of powder, dust, or debris similar in appearance to the suspect material on surfaces beneath the material.</li> </ul>
Damaged	<ul> <li>Material with the following characteristics:</li> <li>The surface is crumbling, blistered, water-stained, gouged, marred or otherwise abraded over less than one-tenth of the surface if the damage is evenly distributed, one-quarter if the damage is localized.</li> <li>Accumulation of powder, dust, or debris similar in appearance to the suspect material.</li> </ul>
Good	Material with no visible damage or deterioration, or showing only very limited damage or deterioration.

# EXHIBIT 2 - CONDITION ASSESSMENT CRITERIA FOR THERMAL SYSTEM INSULATION

Material Condition	Description
Significantly Damaged	<ul> <li>Material with one or more of the following characteristics:</li> <li>Mostly missing jackets.</li> <li>Crushed or heavily gouged or punctured insulation on at least one-tenth of pipe runs/risers if the damage is evenly disturbed, one-quarter if the damage is localized.</li> <li>Accumulation of powder, dust, or debris similar in appearance to the suspect material on surfaces beneath the pipe, boiler, tank, etc.</li> </ul>
Damage	<ul> <li>Material with one or more of the following characteristics:</li> <li>A few water stains or section of missing jackets.</li> <li>Crushed insulation or water stains, gouges, punctures, or mars on up to one-tenth of the insulation if the damage is evenly distributed, or up to one-quarter if the damage is localized.</li> <li>Accumulation of powder, dust, or debris similar in appearance to the suspect material on surfaces beneath the pipe, boiler, tank, etc.</li> </ul>
Good	Material with no visible damage of deterioration, or showing only very limited damage or deterioration.

### **EXHIBIT 3 - POTENTIAL FOR DAMAGE CRITERIA**

Potential For Damage	Description
Low	<ul> <li>Contact - Service workers or tenants are in the vicinity of the material less than once per month, or the material is visible but not within reach of building occupants, or the material is nonfriable and difficult to render friable; and</li> <li>Vibration - Low to none; and</li> <li>Air Erosion - Low to none</li> </ul>
Moderate	<ul> <li>Contact - Service workers or tenants are in the vicinity of the material once per month to once per week, or the material is in a room or office and accessible to the occupants; or</li> <li>Vibration - Motors or engines present but not obtrusive (e.g., ducts vibrating but no fan in the area), or occasional loud sounds (e.g., a music room); or</li> <li>Air Erosion - Noticeable movement of air (e.g., air shaft, ventilator air stream)</li> </ul>
High	<ul> <li>Contact - Service workers or tenants are in the vicinity of the material more than once per week, or the material is in a public area (e.g., hallway, corridor, auditorium) and accessible to building occupants; or</li> <li>Vibration - Loud motors or engines present (e.g., some fan rooms), or intrusive noises or easily sensed vibrations (e.g., major airports, a major highway); or</li> <li>Air Erosion - High velocity air (e.g., elevator shaft, fan room)</li> </ul>

#### Response Action Options

Once the hazard ratings for materials are determined, the AHERA-based recommended response actions for asbestos abatement or management are applied. The following Exhibit 4, Response Action Options, illustrates the relationship of material condition, potential for damage, hazard rating, and response action options. *Note: Removal is an option for all conditions, even when not indicated.* 

**EXHIBIT 4 - RESPONSE ACTION OPTIONS** 

Material Condition	Potential For Damage	Hazard Rating	Response Action Options
Significantly Damaged	Any	7	Evacuation or isolation of the area if necessary. Immediate abatement. Repair of thermal system insulation optional if feasible, cost-effective and safe. O & M required for all ACM not removed.
Damaged	High potential	6	Evacuation or isolation of the area if necessary. Immediate removal, enclosure, encapsulation or repair to correct damage. Take steps to reduce potential for disturbance. O & M required for all ACM not removed.
Damaged	Moderate potential for further damage	5	Removal, enclosure, encapsulation, or repair to correct. O & M required for all ACM not removed.
Damaged	Low potential for further damage	4	Removal, enclosure, encapsulation, or repair to correct. O & M required for all ACM not removed
Good	High potential for damage	3	Evacuation or isolation of the area if needed. Take for significant steps to reduce potential for disturbance. O&M damage required to reduce potential for disturbance. O&M required for all ACM not removed.
Good	Moderate potential for damage	2	O & M required for all ACM not removed.
Good	Low potential for damage	1	O & M required for all ACM.

#### Inaccessible Areas and Suspect Materials

*Inaccessible Areas* - Unless directed otherwise by the Client, the scope of the survey is confined to rooms and areas accessible on the day(s) of the survey. Rooms or areas that are not made available for inspection or are inaccessible for reasons of safety or inclement weather are identified in the report.

Inaccessible Suspect Materials - Inaccessible suspect materials fall into two categories: (1) materials which may contain asbestos but which are not sampled because of physical barriers; i.e., cores within fire-rated/insulated doors, file cabinets and safes; thermal insulation concealed in equipment (boilers, duct work and other HVAC equipment, etc.); and thermal insulation concealed in voids (wall, floor, ceiling and other cavities, etc.); and (2) material which are visible but which are not sampled due to inaccessibility; i.e., material that cannot be safely reached with available ladders/man-lifts, or material within confined spaces (as defined by Cal/OSHA) that cannot be safely accessed by survey personnel.

Recommendations - Potential ACM within inaccessible areas and suspect materials that are inaccessible can significantly affect the management and abatement cost for the facility. Areas that have not been accessed should be surveyed as soon as possible to complete the characterization of the facility. Inaccessible materials need not be sampled immediately, but must be sampled prior to any repair, renovation or demolition activity that may affect the material; access in some instances may require destructive investigation. Until sampling is performed, inaccessible suspect material should be assumed to contain asbestos. Inaccessible areas and suspect materials in this facility, if any, are identified under the Findings and Recommendations section of this report.

#### Sampling and Laboratory Analysis Constraints

Representative Sampling Constraints - This facility may have been constructed with materials that hinder representative sampling. These materials typically include, but are not limited to, plaster, stucco, joint compound, flooring mastic, roofing materials, plaster, door cores and wallboard. Such materials often are concealed, covered, coated, painted, or have undergone multiple applications which may not permit CITY' personnel to determine with a high degree of certainty that the material sampled is representative of all suspect materials in the facility with the same characteristics, or in technical terms, that the material sampled is homogeneous (uniform in color, texture, construction/application date, and general appearance). These materials are classified as possibly non-representative and therefore will require careful scrutiny and potentially additional investigation and sampling to resolve questions or to improve the accuracy of their characterization, particularly if mixed results (positive and negative) are produced by the original laboratory analysis. However, regardless of whether or not mixed results are produced, or additional investigation and sampling is performed, the level of certainty in characterizing these obscured materials still may not be as high as with exposed materials where homogeneous characteristics can be visually confirmed.

Laboratory Analysis Constraints - Certain materials (generally nonfriable types) such as roofing products, joint compound, floor tiles and mastics have a mix of components (a matrix) which can interfere with the polarized light method of analysis, and/or are composed of asbestos fibers of small diameter which are invisible to the PLM microscope. These types of material can yield false positive or false negative results. It sometimes is necessary to utilize Point Counting or Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM) techniques, whichever is appropriate for the type of material involved, to better confirm the presence or absence of asbestos fibers in these materials. This type of analysis (initial or subsequent to the initial analysis by PLM) is not performed by CITY unless otherwise directed by the Client.

Mixed Results - Bulk samples collected from an apparently homogeneous material and yielding mixed results may in fact have been taken from different homogeneous materials displaying similar visual characteristics but composed of different constituents. Although materials may appear to be homogeneous, they may have been produced in different batches or by different manufacturers. Material which appears to be homogeneous but yield mixed results is typically assumed, in accordance with AHERA procedures, to be asbestos-containing in all areas where the material is located. CITY will only reclassify the material into separate homogeneous materials (one containing asbestos and one that does not) when both of the following conditions apply: there is strong evidence that the samples represent more than one homogeneous material (constituents of the materials do not match), and the locations or boundaries of the materials are unmistakably clear. In situations where the locations or boundaries are not clear, additional research and sampling may be recommended.

Further Investigation - The above sampling and laboratory analytical constraints can individually or collectively affect the findings and recommendations of the survey. However, CITY will not recommend further investigation, sampling or laboratory analysis to minimize their affects unless it is clear that (1) the effort will be cost-effective (the benefits significantly outweigh the costs), and (2) the desired results are reasonably achievable from a technical standpoint. For example, it would not be cost-effective to conduct additional sampling of sprayed-on acoustical ceiling material in a 100 square foot room because of mixed sample results. However, this additional effort would be cost-effective if sample results for an acoustical ceiling material used abundantly throughout a facility reveal a pattern of positive material on one floor and negative material on another. Recommendations for further investigation and sampling or laboratory analysis, if any, are discussed in the Findings and Recommendations section of this report.



Site 1, Bldg 305, Asbestos Containing Drywall Joint Compound & Mold Growth



Site 1, Bldg 305, Asbestos Containing Drywall Joint Compound & Mold Growth



Site 1, Bldg 305, Asbestos Containing Drywall Joint Compound & Mold Growth

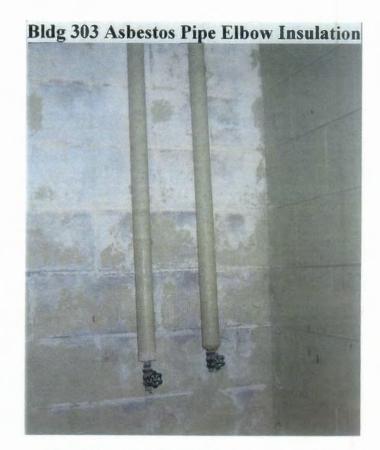


Site 1, Bldg 305, Asbestos Containing Drywall Joint Compound & Mold Growth

## 303 Damaged asbestos drywall joint comp



Site 1, Bldg. 303, damaged asbestos containing drywall joint compound



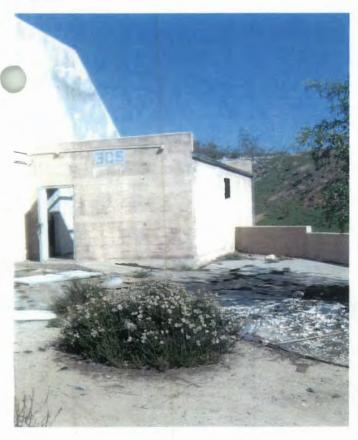
Site 1, Bldg. 303, Asbestos Containing Pipe Elbow Insulation



Site 1, Bldg. 303, Non-Asbestos Caulking



Site 1, Bldg. 303, Asbestos Containing HVAC Vibration Damper Cloth



Site 1, Bldg. 305, Lead Paint on Exterior Walls



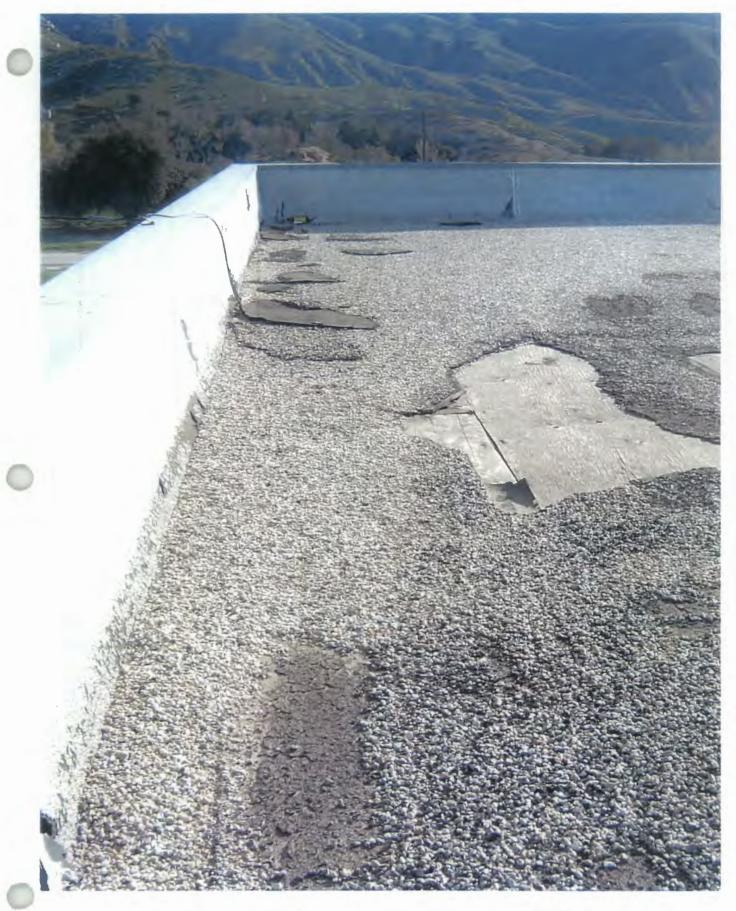
Site 1, Bldg. 305, Asbestos Containing Drywall Joint Compound



Site 1, Bldg. 305, Asbestos Containing Vinyl Floor Tile & Mastic & Base of Step



Site 1, Bldg. 305, Non-Asbestos Plaster Debris



Site 1, Bldg. 312, Asbestos Containing Gray Roof Patch/Penetration Mastics



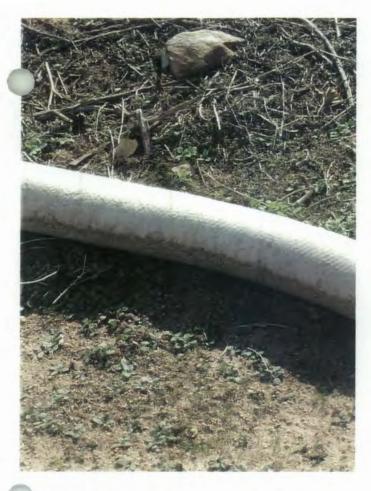
Site 1, Bldg. 305, Non-Asbestos HVAC Duct Joint Tape & Mastics



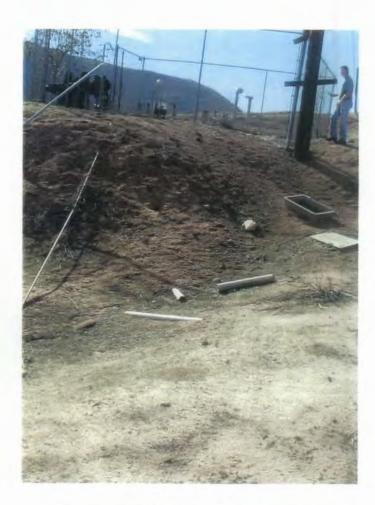
Site 1, Bldg. 305, Non-Asbestos Containing Pipe Insulation Layers



Site 1, Bldg. 305, Non-Asbestos Pipe Insulation Layers



Site 1, Asbestos Transite Pipe Debris Scattered on Hillsides Around Buildings 308 and 305



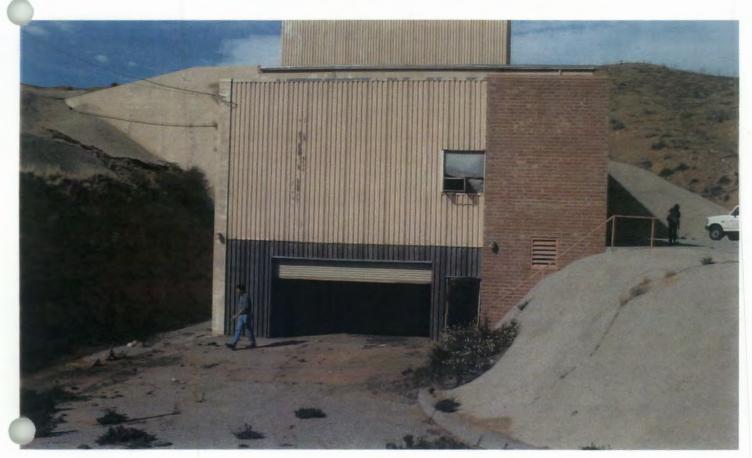
Site 1, Asbestos Transite Pipe Debris Scattered on Hillsides Around Buidlings 308 and 305



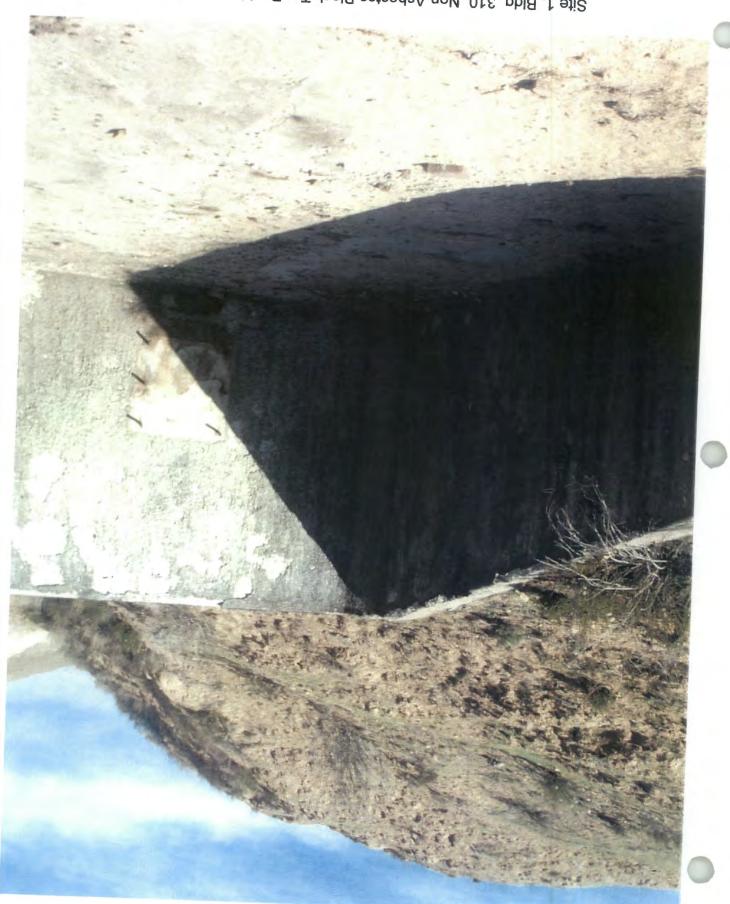
Site 1, Asbestos Transite Pipe Debris Scattered on Hillsides Around Buildings 308 and 305



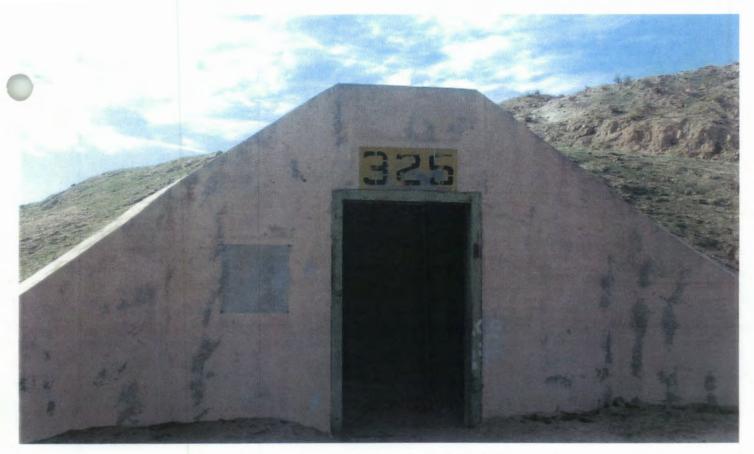
Site 1, Bldg. 303, Exterior Lead Paint on Steel/Concrete Walls; Asbestos Containing Red Brick Grout/Mortar & Asbestos Containing Wall Putty/Caulking



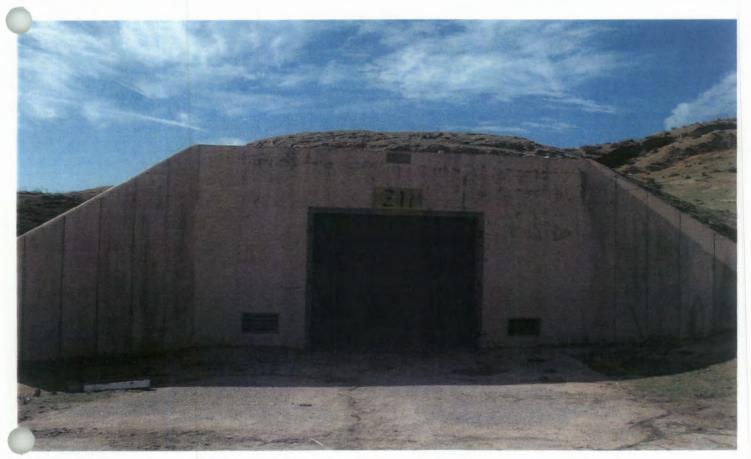
Site 1, Bldg. 303, Exterior Lead Paint on Steel/Concrete Walls; Asbestos Containing Red Brick Grout/Mortar & Asbestos Containing Wall Putty/Caulking



Site 1, Bldg. 310, Non-Asbestos Black Tar Residue on Walls



Site 1, Bldg. 325, Lead Paint on Walls & Components



Site 1, Bldg. 311, Lead Paint on Walls & Components; Asbestos Containing Exterior Textured Paint



Site 1, Bldg T4, Lead Paint on Exterior Walls & Wood Components



Site 1, Bldg. T4, Lead Paint on Interior Walls



Site 1, Bldg T4, Non-Asbestos Wall/Ceiling Material



Site 1, Bldg. T4, Lead Paint on Exterior Walls



Site 1, Bldg. T4, Lead Paint on Fence Components



# **APPENDIX B**

LEAD BASED PAINT SURVEY FOR BEAUMONT SITE 1

	CHICA CHACAMA MICHAEL SECURIO CANTA	

# LEAD-PAINT SURVEY REPORT Lockheed Martin Beaumont Site #1 Beaumont, California

Prepared for:

Mrs. Theresa Congdon Tetra Tech, Inc. 348 W. Hospitality Ln. #100 San Bernardino, Ca 92408

Prepared by:

CITY Environmental Services, Inc. 1450 South Burlington Avenue, Suite B Los Angeles, California 90006 Phone: (213) 632-0410 Fax: (213) 632-0414

January 23, 2003

Mr. Frank Najafi
California Department of Health Services Certified Lead Inspector/Assessor (#I-089)

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	PENDIX 1 – X-RAY FLUORESCENCE ANALYZER READINGS ANALYSIS BULTS	
APF	PENDIX 2 – XRF PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS SHEET	

# LEAD PAINT SURVEY REPORT Lockheed Martin Beaumont Site #1 Beaumont, California

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

On January 16, 2003, and January 18, 2003, CITY Environmental Services, Inc. (CITY) performed a lead-based paint survey of specific buildings on the Lockheed Martin Beaumont Site #1, Beaumont, California. The survey was performed in general conformance with the 1995 HUD Guidelines for the evaluation and control of lead-based paint hazards in housing (1997 revised chapter 7 of the HUD guidelines) using a Niton X-ray fluorescent spectrum analyzer (XRF). This report provides lead concentrations in painted surfaces as general guidance information for the purpose of conducting safe renovation or demolition activities at the building.

This report was prepared for the express use and benefit of Tetra Tech, Inc., its agents and employees and may be used at its discretion in connection with the possible financing, refinancing or notifications that pertain to the property referenced above. The information in this report or portions there of, may be required to be included in notifications to the tenants, employees, contractors or other visitors to the building. This report is not intended to be used by the Owner or its agents as a specification or work plan for any of the work suggested or recommended here in.

CITY shall not be responsible for identifying lead-paints located behind walls and/or columns, beneath flooring, under carpeting, above solid ceilings, underground or in any other inaccessible areas.

On January 16 and on January 18, 2003, Ms. Adrienne Shivak, a CA Department of Health Services (DHS) Certified Lead Inspector/Risk Assessors & Certified Niton XRF Operators, conducted the lead-based paint survey of the above property.

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#### 2.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY - FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

A representative number of all interior, and exterior surfaces/components and common areas, were tested for LBP.

A total of 257 XRF readings (including 14 calibration readings) were collected from various painted surfaces/components throughout this site.

Of the 243 actual surface readings, 239 had detectable levels of lead in paint.

#### **DEFINITIONS**

<u>Lead-Containing Paint</u>: painted material or surfaces containing <u>any</u> detectable level of lead.

Lead-Containing paint removal and disposal must be performed in accordance with OSHA regulations

#### **SUMMARY OF POSITIVE READINGS: Lead Containing Paint**

The locations of the identified Lead Containing Paint at this project site by XRF includes the following components/surfaces:

#### Building 310:

All Exterior concrete block walls – approximately 1,200 square feet – poor condition

#### Building 308, small storage:

- Metal door and door components 1 each good condition
- Brick walls interior and exterior approx. 800 square feet intact
- Metal roof approx. 100 square feet intact

#### Building 308:

- All metal bollard poles 4 each intact
- Metal ladder 300 square feet poor condition

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- Metal I-Beams/Columns and horizontal pad components 1,200 square feet poor condition
- All concrete wall 5,800 square feet poor condition

#### Building 305:

- All exterior/interior concrete and brick walls approx. 4,100 square feet poor condition
- Interior metal HVAC registers 12 each intact
- All interior/exterior metal and wood door components 8 each poor condition
- All interior drywall walls/ceilings 6,000 square feet damaged
- All metal HVAC units and ducting 900 square feet intact
- Electrical panel box 2 each intact
- All metal poles 300 linear feet poor condition
- All metal electrical conduit pipes 400 linear feet intact

#### Building 306:

- All exterior/interior concrete walls 2,200 square feet poor condition
- Electrical panel box 1 each intact
- All metal electrical conduit pipes 100 linear feet intact
- All interior concrete floors 1,200 square feet poor condition
- All wood door components 3 each poor condition
- All ceramic wall tiles 200 square feet intact
- Metal downspout 100 linear feet intact
- Sheet metal component debris 200 square feet damaged

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#### Building 309:

- All metal horizontal I-beams 400 square feet intact
- Metal platform 500 square feet intact
- Exterior metal box 1 each intact
- All concrete walls 1,200 square feet poor condition

#### Building 309, small:

- All brick walls 400 square feet poor condition
- Metal roof 100 square feet intact

#### Building 304:

- Metal tank 100 square feet intact
- All interior/exterior concrete walls/ceilings 1,800 square feet poor condition
- All interior/exterior metal door components 3 each poor condition
- All metal electrical conduit pipes 300 linear feet intact
- Electrical box/panel 1 each intact

#### Building 311:

- All interior/exterior concrete walls/ceilings 2,000 square feet poor condition
- Metal I-Beams 300 square feet intact
- All interior/exterior metal door components 2 each poor condition
- All exterior metal bollard pole 4 each intact

#### Building 325:

• All interior/exterior metal/concrete walls – 800 square feet – poor condition

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• All interior/exterior metal door components - 1 each - poor condition

#### Building 312:

- All interior/exterior brick/metal walls 2,000 square feet intact
- All wood door components 3 each poor condition
- Exterior metal roll-up-door 2 each 300 square feet
- All interior/exterior electrical conduit pipes 400 linear feet intact
- All wood shelves 200 square feet damaged

#### **Building T4:**

- All interior/exterior brick walls 800 square feet poor condition
- Metal rain gutter 100 linear feet damaged
- All metal door components 1 each poor condition
- All metal window components 3 each poor condition
- All wood facia board 200 linear feet poor condition
- All metal electrical conduit pipe 200 linear feet intact
- All metal fence 200 square feet intact
- All metal warning signs 3 each intact

#### Building 303:

- All interior/exterior concrete/brick walls 5000 square feet intact
- All exterior/interior metal walls 3,000 square feet poor condition
- All interior wood walls 1,000 square feet intact
- All metal roll-up-door components 1,000 square feet -intact
- All metal I-beams 2,200 square feet intact

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- All metal electrical conduit pipes 600 linear feet intact
- All metal access ladders 800 square feet poor condition
- All HVAC metal ducts 1,200 square feet intact
- All interior/exterior metal/wood door components 12 each intact
- All interior drywall ceilings 1,800 square feet intact
- All divider metal walls in restrooms 200 square feet intact
- All metal rain gutters 400 linear feet intact
- All metal pipes 800 linear feet intact
- All electrical metal boxes 3 each intact
- All exterior metal hand rails 400 square feet poor condition
- All interior concrete floors 3,000 square feet intact

#### Main Transformer:

- All metal generator components 200 square feet intact
- All metal electrical conduit pipes 400 linear feet intact

#### Building 315:

- All interior/exterior concrete walls 3,300 square feet intact
- All interior/exterior metal door components 8 each intact
- All metal exhaust pipes 4 each intact

#### Building 315 trailer:

- Metal electrical boxes 1 each intact
- Metal tow hitch I each intact
- All interior/exterior metal walls 800 square feet intact

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- All metal door components 3 each intact
- Metal transformers 1 each intact
- All metal A/C units 2 each- poor condition

#### **Fuel Slurry Station:**

- All concrete walls 800 square feet intact
- All metal frames 200 square feet intact
- All metal I-beams 600 square feet intact
- All metal railing 200 square feet intact
- All sheet metals on ground 400 square feet damaged

The general overall condition of the subject building painted surfaces and interior/exterior finishes is considered poor (deteriorated, peeling, chipping, etc.)

Renovation or demolition activities planned in the future at this site affecting lead containing surfaces/components must be performed under controlled conditions using properly trained personnel to prevent exposure to and resultant contamination from lead particles and dust. Renovation/remodeling/demolition activities affecting any painted surface/component must be performed under OSHA regulations (see OSHA disclosure language).

Prior to renovation/remodeling, or demolition activities, all loose and flaking lead paint at this site must be properly removed, containerized, and disposed by a qualified contractor in accordance with applicable regulations and under proper engineer controls/containments. The surfaces must then be stabilized prior to any further disturbance.

Due to the condition of the painted components/surfaces at this site, there is a potential for surface contamination (soils and grounds) at the base of walls at all buildings. This issue must be addresses when remediation/demolition activities area planned at the facility or if the facility will be reoccupied.

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## 3.0 LEAD-BASED PAINT SURVEY BY X-RAY FLUORESCENCE SPECTRUM ANALYZER (XRF)

The XRF unit used for this survey irradiates the paint on a given surface causing the lead in the paint, if present, to emit a characteristic frequency of x-ray radiation. The instrument identifies and counts these x-rays to determine a lead concentration. The intensity of this radiation is measured by the detector and is related to the amount of lead in the paint. The lead concentration results are reported in milligrams per square centimeter (mg/cm²).

While the sample is being measured, the lead concentration is displayed on the XRF's display. The device stores the reading and spectrum data. The XRF analyzer provides information on the "K-shell" (high energy) and "L-shell" (low energy) lead. In most XRF analyzers, the K-shell lead reading reflects the amount of lead present in the deeper layers of paint, and the L-shell reading reflects the amount in the surface layers of paint.

Measurements were taken at points representative of all paint or varnished surfaces in the areas inspected. In order to obtain a reading, the XRF analyzer is placed with the face of the instrument flush against the surface to be tested. It is then held in place for the duration of the sample, approximately 20 sources seconds or until the measurement has reached an acceptable range of accuracy as determined by the inspector. The sampling time is dependent on the age of the radioactive source inside the XRF and the accuracy desired by the inspector. The radioactive source for the Niton XL Spectrum Analyzer used at the property is 40 millicurie Cadmium<sup>109</sup>. As the Cadmium<sup>109</sup> source ages, longer sampling times are necessary to maintain the same level of accuracy.

The Depth Index (DI) reading given by the XRF is a numerical indication of the amount of unleaded paint covering the lead detected by the instrument. A DI of less than 1.5 indicates lead very near the surface layer of paint. A DI between 1.5 and 4.0 indicates moderately covered lead. A DI greater than 4 indicates deeply buried lead.

The XRF sample location is described in the table in Appendix 1 using the system used by HUD. The room function and number identify each sample where the side within that room took the sample, and where applicable, by the number of the structure on that side. Room identification codes used for this project consisted of Sides A, B, C, and D, Side A is located on the North of the building, side B is East, Side C is South and Side D is West.

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#### 4.0 OSHA REGULATORY THRESHOLDS FOR LBP

A representative number of all interior, and exterior surfaces/components and common areas, were tested for LBP. The property is comprised of various buildings and test bays. A total of 257 XRF readings (including 14 calibration readings) were collected from various painted surfaces/components throughout this site. Of the 243 actual surface readings, 239 readings confirmed detectable levels of lead in paint.

Cal/OSHA and Federal OSHA Lead in Construction Standards consider any amount of lead in paint to be a concern during renovation and demolition activities. Please see attached the general disclosure language for compliance with OSHA regulations.

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#### 4.1 OSHA LEAD REGULATION SUMMARY

The Federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) have enacted a lead standard, which was adopted by Cal/OSHA as 8 CCR 1532.1. The purpose of both standards is to protect construction workers from exposure to lead. OSHA is primarily concerned with activities that disturb paints with <u>any detectable amounts of lead</u>. Lead was used in most paints until the mid 1950's and was banned in amounts in excess of 0.06% by weight in 1978 for most non-industrial paints by the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC).

The new standards require contractors and employers who perform paint removal activities to monitor their employees to determine whether they are being exposed in excess of the action level of 30 micrograms per cubic meter of air ( $\mu g/m^3$ ) over an eighthour time weighted average (TWA) or the "Permissible Exposure Limit" (PEL) of 50  $\mu g/m^3$  TWA. Monitoring is performed by personal air sampling.

Even when concentrations are below the action level, an employer must provide employees with High Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) filtered vacuums, wetting agents and hand-washing facilities. If the exposure exceeds the action level or the PEL, other procedures such as containing the area, local exhaust ventilation, respiratory and worker protection, worker training, decontamination facilities and medical monitoring are required.

OSHA has identified several work practices that pose varying levels of lead exposure to laborers disturbing lead-containing paint. Estimated exposure levels of lead are founded on the activity itself, rather than the concentrations of lead present in paint. Therefore, as an example, paint that contains 0.5% versus 15% of lead by weight or 0.8 mg/cm² versus 3.5 mg/cm² of lead in paint could pose the same exposure levels to workers depending on the activities that cause the disturbance and the administrative and engineering controls that are followed.

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The following is a summary of work activities that disturb paint, the expected exposure and the respiratory protection requirements that result as outlined in the OSHA standards:

Activities	Potential Exposure	Minimum Respiratory Protection
Class I activities include: Manual demolition, manual scraping, manual sanding, heat gun applications, general cleanup, power tool cleaning with dust collection systems and spray painting activities	50 μg/m³ to 500 μg/m³	Half mask air purifying respirator equipped with HEPA filters having a protection factor of 10
Class II activities include: Using lead-containing mortars, lead burning, lead riveting, rivet busting, power tool cleaning without dust collection systems, cleanup of dry expendable abrasives and abrasive blasting	500 μg/m³ to 2,500 μg/m³	Full face powered air purifying respirators equipped with HEPA filters having a protection factor of 100
Class III activities include: Abrasive blasting, welding, cutting and torch burning on steel structures	Greater than 2,500 μg/m <sup>3</sup>	Full face supplied air respirator operated in pressure demand mode or other positive pressure mode (type "C")

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## 5.0 GENERAL DISCLOSURE FOR LEAD-CONTAINING PAINTS FOR USE IN SPECIFICATIONS

The following language can be used in conjunction with planned renovations. The language identifies possible lead-paint hazards and informs the contractors they are responsible for complying with all applicable lead regulations.

The Contractor and its subcontractors are required to comply with 29 CFR 1926.62 & Title 8 CCR 1532.1 the Lead in Construction Standards on this project. The regulations require Contractors to protect their employees from exposures in excess of the action level of 30 micrograms per cubic meter (ug/m³), and the Permissible Exposure Level of 50 ug/m³ of air. The Federal OSHA standard does not define the amount of lead in paint that constitutes lead containing paint; therefore, the contractor must determine the worker exposure level for any regulated activity disturbing paint containing any amount of lead. The lead sampling results for this structure are contained in Appendix 1 of this report.

Until the worker exposure level is determined, Contractors are required to provide their workers with personal protection including respirators and protective clothing while performing manual demolition, sanding, scraping, abrasive blasting, and burning of paint. If the exposure level indicates that additional worker protection and engineering controls are required for this project, they shall be provided by the Contractor. The owner of the structure shall not be charged additional costs for any additional measures required for the Contractor to comply with the Federal OSHA Lead in Construction Standard.

Prior to the commencement of lead paint disturbance, in accordance with OSHA, Contractor shall prepare a written compliance program for this project that will outline the methods, procedures and controls to be followed by the Contractor and each subcontractor during the disturbance of lead-containing paint. The Contractor's written compliance program shall be submitted to the owner prior to the start of any work covered under the lead standard.

It is the Contractor's responsibility to maintain adequate controls and conduct personal air monitoring to ensure worker safety during the duration of this work. Initial exposure assessment monitoring results shall be supplied to the owner within 48 hours of the collection of the samples.

It is the Contractor's responsibility to test lead-containing paint and debris to determine its disposal requirements. It is the Contractor's responsibility to dispose of all lead-containing waste materials in accordance with applicable hazardous waste disposal regulations. First a Total Threshold Limit Concentration (TTLC) analysis must be done to determine if the total lead content is >350 PPM in which case the waste must be

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Beaumont, California

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disposed as California Hazardous Waste per CA Health & Safety Code 25157.8.

Then, also, a Soluble Threshold Limit Concentration (STLC) analysis must be done to find out how much lead is soluble in the waste. STLC per 22 CCR. If more than 5.0 mg/l lead then the waste must be disposed as RCRA waste in California. If the waste is to be transported and disposed outside CA, then a Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Potential (TCLP) analysis must be performed to determine leachability. If >5.0 mg/l, then the waste is Federal RCRA waste.

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# CITY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC Ranges (NEG<INC<POS): 0.00<0.01<0.01Times: minL = 20 Secc minK= 120 Sec Serial #XL309-U904NR1728 Site: Lockheed Beaumont Site #1 Date: 1/16/2003 to 1/18/2003

o XLNo	Site	Insp	Fir	Side	Room	Strc	Sub	Feat	Cnd	Clr	Ssec 108.0	DI 0.0	Result	Pbl ± Prec NA	Pbk ± Prec NA	Pbc ± Prec NA	Res ± Prec 446 ± NA
125		,			Shutter Cal 1						108.0	1.1	POS	$1.62 \pm 0.30$	$1.97 \pm 0.99$	$1.62 \pm 0.30$	NA NA
126	1	1			Calibration						21.7	1.0	POS	$1.06 \pm 0.15$	$1.44 \pm 0.63$	$1.06 \pm 0.15$	NA NA
3 127 4 128	1	1			Calibration Calibration						9.8	1.2	POS	$4.14 \pm 1.95$	$3.42 \pm 1.21$	$3.42 \pm 1.21$	NA NA
128	1	1			Calibration						5.6	1.3	NEG	$0.47 \pm 0.25$	$0.56 \pm 1.31$	$0.47 \pm 0.25$	NA NA
5 130	1	1		West	Bldg. #310	Wall	Concrete	Middle	Fair	Black	8.1	1.0	NEG	$0.47 \pm 0.25$ $0.00 \pm 0.11$	$-0.39 \pm 0.91$	$-0.39 \pm 0.91$	NA.
7 131	1	1		North	Bldg. #310	Wall	Concrete	Middle	Fair	Blue	3.3	1.2	NEG	$0.06 \pm 0.11$	$-0.94 \pm 2.08$	$0.06 \pm 0.22$	NA
8 132		1			Bldg. #308	Bollard pole	Metal	Middle	Cracking	Yellow	5.2	1.0	POS	$1.96 \pm 0.47$	$1.98 \pm 1.75$	$1.96 \pm 0.47$	NA
132	1			East A	Bldg. #308 (smll bldg)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Beige	5.7	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.08$	$-0.26 \pm 1.48$	$0.00 \pm 0.08$	NA
0 134	1	1		A	Bldg. #308 (smll bldg)	Door	Metal	Middle	Pealing	Green	3.2	1.0	NEG	$0.09 \pm 0.05$	$-0.16 \pm 2.23$	$0.09 \pm 0.05$	NA
1 135	1	i		В	Bldg. #308 (smil bldg)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Beige	10.4	1.5	NEG	$0.01 \pm 0.03$	$0.13 \pm 1.00$	$0.01 \pm 0.13$	NA
2 136	1	1		D	Bldg. #308 (smll bldg)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Beige	5.7	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.08$	$-0.50 \pm 1.38$	$0.00 \pm 0.08$	NA
3 137	1	i		D	Bldg. #308 (smll bldg)	Roof	Metal	Underside	Fair	Brown	8.1	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.06$	-0.72 ± 1.12	$-0.72 \pm 1.12$	NA
4 138	1	1		C	Bldg. #308 (smll bldg)	Wail	Brick	Middle	Fair	Beige	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.15 \pm 0.14$	$-0.39 \pm 2.28$	$0.15 \pm 0.14$	NA
5 139	1	1		C	Bldg. #308 (smll bldg)	Roof	Metal	Top	Fair	Beige	3.2	1.0	NEG	$0.05 \pm 0.07$	$0.13 \pm 2.09$	$0.05 \pm 0.07$	NA
6 140	1	;		Α	Bldg. #308 (smll bldg)	Door	Metal	Header	Cracked	Green	3.2	1.0	NEG	$0.10 \pm 0.13$	$0.51 \pm 2.26$	$0.10 \pm 0.13$	NA
7 141	1	í		West	Bldg. #308	Ladder	Metal	Ticadei	Cracked	Blue	3.3	1.5	NEG	$0.09 \pm 0.26$	$1.09 \pm 2.06$	$0.09 \pm 0.26$	NA
8 142	1	í		West	Bldg. #308	Pad	Metal	Horizontal	Cracked	Gray	3.2	2.1	POS	>>5.0	$8.95 \pm 3.35$	$8.95 \pm 3.35$	NA
9 143	1	1			Bldg. #308	Pad	Metal	I-Beam	Cracked	Yellow	5.5	1.2	POS	$2.14 \pm 0.55$	$1.91 \pm 1.83$	$2.14 \pm 0.55$	NA
0 144	1	1		West	Bldg. #308	Wall	Metal	I-Beam	Cracked	Gray	3.1	2.1	POS	>>5.0	$21.86 \pm 4.90$	$21.86 \pm 4.90$	NA
1 145	1	1		North	Bldg. #308	Wall	Metal	I-Beam	Cracked	Gray	3.0	1.7	POS	>>5.0	$23.32 \pm 5.45$	$23.32 \pm 5.45$	NA
2 146	1	1		North	Bldg. #308	Wall	Concrete	Lower	Cracked	Blue	22.2	1.0	NEG	$0.10 \pm 0.05$	$0.07 \pm 0.72$	$0.10 \pm 0.05$	NA
3 147	1	1		West	Bldg. #305 (exterior)	Wall	Concrete	Middle	Peeling	Beige	8.1	4.4	NEG	$0.02 \pm 0.06$	$-1.06 \pm 1.14$	$0.02 \pm 0.06$	NA
4 148	1	1		South	Bldg. #305 (exterior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Cracked	Beige	8.1	3.0	NEG	$0.01 \pm 0.04$	$-0.43 \pm 1.17$	$0.01 \pm 0.04$	NA
5 149	1	1		East	Bldg. #305 (exterior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Cracked	Beige	5.7	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.08$	$-0.41 \pm 1.36$	$0.00 \pm 0.08$	NA
6 150	i	1		North	Bldg. #305 (exterior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Cracked	Beige	12.8	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.07$	$-0.40 \pm 0.83$	$-0.40 \pm 0.83$	NA
7 151	1	i		West	Bldg. #305 (exterior)	Register	Metal	Lwr wall	Peeling	Beige	3.2	1.7	NEG	$0.04 \pm 0.38$	$-0.53 \pm 1.98$	$0.04 \pm 0.38$	NA
8 152	1	1		South	Bldg. #305 (exterior)	Door	Metal	Middle	Peeling	Green	5.4	1.2	NEG	$0.40 \pm 0.24$	$0.14 \pm 1.24$	$0.40 \pm 0.24$	NA
9 153	i	1		South	Bldg. #305 (exterior)	Door	Metal	Frame	Peeling	Green	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.09 \pm 0.05$	$-0.17 \pm 2.19$	$0.09 \pm 0.05$	NA
0 154	1	i		West	Bldg. #305 (exterior)	Wall	Concrete	Entryway	Peeling	Beige	12.8	1.4	NEG	$0.06 \pm 0.08$	$0.20 \pm 0.91$	$0.06 \pm 0.08$	NA
1 155	i	1		West	Bldg. #305 (exterior)	Door	Metal	Middle	Peeling	Green	8.1	2.7	NEG	$0.19 \pm 0.26$	$-0.40 \pm 1.12$	$0.19 \pm 0.26$	NA
2 156	i	1		East	Bldg. #305 (interior)	Door	Metal	Frame	Peeling	Green	3.3	1.9	NEG	$0.06 \pm 0.39$	$-0.23 \pm 2.05$	$0.06 \pm 0.39$	NA
3 157	1	î		East	Bldg. #305 (interior)	Door	Metal	Middle	Peeling	Green	8.1	3.6	NEG	$0.23 \pm 0.37$	$-0.29 \pm 1.15$	$0.23 \pm 0.37$	NA
4 158	•	i		East	Bldg. #305 (interior)	Wali	Concrete	Middle	Peeling	Green	10.4	1.0	NEG	$0.03 \pm 0.04$	$-0.91 \pm 0.96$	$0.03 \pm 0.04$	NA
5 159	i	i		North	Bldg. #305 (interior)	Door	Wood	Frame	Cracked	Green	3.3	7.2	NEG	$0.12 \pm 0.30$	$0.00 \pm 1.23$	$0.12 \pm 0.30$	NA
6 160	1	i		West	Bldg. #305 (interior)	Wall	Drywall	Middle	Peeling	Green	5.7	1.0	NEG	$0.04 \pm 0.07$	$0.40 \pm 0.94$	$0.04 \pm 0.07$	NA
7 161	1	1		West	Bldg. #305 (interior)	Door	Wood	Middle	Fair	Green	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.02 \pm 0.34$	$-0.32 \pm 1.03$	$0.02 \pm 0.34$	NA
8 162	i	1		North	Bldg. #305 (interior)	Wall	Concrete	Middle	Cracked	Blue	15.2	1.4	NEG	$0.04 \pm 0.07$	$-0.27 \pm 0.80$	$-0.27 \pm 0.80$	NA
9 163	î	i		East	Bldg. #305 (interior)	HVAC duct	Metal		Fair	Green	3.3	1.6	NEG	$0.08 \pm 0.35$	$-1.03 \pm 1.54$	$0.08 \pm 0.35$	NA
0 164	1	i		West	Bldg. #305 (interior)	Wall	Drywall	Middle	Comply	Green	3.3	1.7	NEG	$0.05 \pm 0.43$	$-0.10 \pm 1.17$	$0.05 \pm 0.43$	NA
1 165	i	î		*******	Bldg. #305 (interior)	Ceiling	Drywall		Fair	White	12.8	7.1	NEG	$0.07 \pm 0.14$	$-0.12 \pm 0.66$	$0.07 \pm 0.14$	NA
2 166	î	i		South	Bldg. #305 (interior)	HVAC register	Metal		Fair	Blue	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.03 \pm 0.17$	$0.59 \pm 1.84$	$0.03 \pm 0.17$	NA
3 167	i	i		Тор	Bldg. #305 (exterior)	HVAC duct	Metal		Fair	Beige	3.1	1.4	NEG	$0.03 \pm 0.42$	$0.59 \pm 1.82$	$0.03 \pm 0.42$	NA
4 168	i	i		Тор	Bldg. #305 (exterior)	HVAC unit	Metal		Fair	Green	9.6	6.6	NEG	$0.26 \pm 0.45$	$0.10 \pm 0.95$	$0.26 \pm 0.45$	NA
5 169	i	î		Тор	Bldg. #305 (exterior)	Electrical Box	Metal	on HVAC unit	Fair	Gray	5.1	1.0	NEG	$0.03 \pm 0.03$	$-0.41 \pm 1.43$	$0.03 \pm 0.03$	NA
6 170	i	i		Top	Bldg. #305 (exterior)	Pole	Metal	w. of HVAC ducting	Peeling		7.5	2.5	NEG	$0.12 \pm 0.40$	$-0.89 \pm 1.14$	$0.12 \pm 0.40$	NA
7 171	i	i		Тор	Bldg. #305 (exterior)	Electrical Box	Metal	on electrical pad	Fair	Gray	3.2	1.0	NEG	$0.03 \pm 0.07$	$0.36 \pm 1.88$	$0.03 \pm 0.07$	NA
8 172	i	i		Тор	Bldg. #305 (exterior)	Conduit pipe	Metal	on electrical pad	Fair	Silver	10.4	1.4	NEG	$0.02 \pm 0.10$	$0.66 \pm 0.89$	$0.02 \pm 0.10$	NA
9 173	i	i		Top	Bldg. #305 (exterior)	Electrical Box	Metal		Fair	Black	3.2	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.02$	$0.83 \pm 1.76$	$0.00 \pm 0.02$	NA
D 174	1	í		North	Bldg #306 (exterior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Beige	8.1	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.01$	$0.23 \pm 1.16$	$0.00 \pm 0.01$	NA
1 175	i	i		North	Bldg #306 (exterior)	Electrical Box	Metal	34	Fair	Gray	5.1	1.0	NEG	$0.02 \pm 0.03$	$1.03 \pm 1.41$	$0.02 \pm 0.03$	NA
2 176	i	i		East	Bldg #306 (exterior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Beige	12.8	1.7	NEG	$0.05 \pm 0.10$	$0.82 \pm 0.82$	$0.05 \pm 0.10$	NA
3 177	i	i		East	Bldg #306 (exterior)	Conduit pipe	Metal	Electrical	Fair	Beige	8.0	1.4	NEG	$0.05 \pm 0.12$	$0.50 \pm 1.16$	$0.05 \pm 0.12$	NA
4 178	î	î		South	Bldg #306 (exterior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Beige	8.1	1.0	NEG	$0.02 \pm 0.07$	$0.27 \pm 1.18$	$0.02 \pm 0.07$	NA
5 179	i	i		South	Bldg #306 (interior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Cracking	Brick	8.1	3.0	NEG	$0.12 \pm 0.31$	$0.22 \pm 1.22$	$0.12 \pm 0.31$	NA
5 180	i	i		South	Bldg #306 (interior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Cracked	Blue	3.3	1.0	INCOM	$0.01 \pm 0.22$	$0.43 \pm 1.87$	$0.01 \pm 0.22$	NA
7 181	i	i		South	Bldg #306 (interior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Cracked	Blue	5.7	2.2	NEG	$0.02 \pm 0.25$	-0.58 ± 1.42	$0.02 \pm 0.25$	NA
	-	-		,	()												

No	XLNo	Site	Insp	Fir	Side	Room	Strc	Sub	Feat	Cnd	Cir	Ssec	DI	Result	Pbl ± Prec	Pbk ± Prec	Pbc ± Prec	Res ± Prec
58	182	1	1		North	Bldg #306 (interior)	Conduit pipe	Metal	Electical	Fair	Gray	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.03$	-0.73 ± 1.94	$0.00 \pm 0.03$	NA
59	183	1	1			Bldg #306 (interior)	Floor	Concrete	14:11	Poor	Green	8.1	4.0	NEG	0.05 ± 0.24	$0.43 \pm 1.26$ -0.36 \pm 1.39	$0.05 \pm 0.24$ $0.00 \pm 0.11$	NA NA
60	184	I	1		West	Bldg #306 (interior)	Wali	Brick	Middle	Fair	Green	5.7	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.11$ $0.04 \pm 0.15$	$0.53 \pm 0.76$	$0.00 \pm 0.11$ $0.04 \pm 0.15$	NA NA
61	185	I	I		West	Bldg #306 (interior)	Door	Wood	Frame	Pealing	Green	7.9	1.4	NEG POS	0.04 ± 0.15 >>5.0	16.65 ± 4.49	16.65 ± 4.49	NA
62	186	1	1		West	Bldg #306 (interior)	Wall Tile	Ceramic	Middle	Poor	White/Blue	3.0 22.0	1.6 1.2	NEG	$0.70 \pm 0.13$	$0.76 \pm 0.69$	$0.70 \pm 0.13$	NA
63	187 188	1	!		South	Bldg #306 (interior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Cracked Cracked	Yellow Red	24.5	1.6	POS	$0.63 \pm 0.13$	1.72 ± 0.67	1.72 ± 0.67	NA.
64 65	189	1	I		South	Bldg #306 (interior)	Wall	Brick Metal	Middle	Fair	Green	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.10 \pm 0.05$	$-0.97 \pm 2.14$	$0.10 \pm 0.05$	NA
66	190	1	1		South southend	Bldg #306 (interior) Bldg #306	Water drain pipe 5'x2' Sheeting	Metal	on the ground	Cracked	White	5.5	1.9	NEG	$0.18 \pm 0.27$	$-0.74 \pm 1.12$	$0.18 \pm 0.27$	NA
67	191	1	;		Southend	Bldg #309	I-Beam	Metal	Horizontal Platform	Cracked	Grey	8.0	1.2	NEG	$0.41 \pm 0.17$	$0.09 \pm 1.21$	$0.41 \pm 0.17$	NA
68	192	i	1		West	Bldg #309 (smll bldg.)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Beige	5.7	1.1	NEG	$0.03 \pm 0.11$	$-0.05 \pm 1.36$	$0.03 \pm 0.11$	NA
69	193	í	í		North	Bldg #309 (smll bldg.)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Beige	5.7	1.0	NEG	$0.01 \pm 0.04$	$-0.27 \pm 1.38$	$0.01 \pm 0.04$	NA
70	194	i	i		East	Bldg #309 (smll bldg.)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Beige	8.1	4.6	NEG	$0.03 \pm 0.13$	$-0.49 \pm 1.13$	$0.03 \pm 0.13$	NA
71	195	i	i		South	Bldg #309 (smll bldg.)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Beige	8.1	2.7	NEG	$0.01 \pm 0.04$	$-0.27 \pm 1.10$	$0.01 \pm 0.04$	NA
72	196	i	i		South	Bldg #309 (smll bldg.)	Roof	Metal	Underside	Fair	Brown	3.3	2.0	NEG	$0.14 \pm 0.38$	$0.56 \pm 2.27$	$0.14 \pm 0.38$	NA
73	197	1	1		South	Bldg #309 (smll bldg.)	Roof	Metal	Тор	Fair	Brown	3.2	1.3	NEG	$0.04 \pm 0.22$	$0.65 \pm 2.23$	$0.04 \pm 0.22$	NA
74	198	1	1			Bldg #309	Platform	Metal	on the ground	Fair	Gray	5.7	1.6	NEG	$0.33 \pm 0.25$	$0.99 \pm 1.39$	$0.33 \pm 0.25$	NA
75	199	1	1			Bldg #309	Box	Metal	Exterior	Fair	Gray	3.3	1.1	NEG	$0.37 \pm 0.28$	$-0.74 \pm 2.15$	$0.37 \pm 0.28$	NA
76	200	1	1			Bldg #309	Block	Concrete	Middle	Cracked	Gray	15.1	1.2	NEG	$0.24 \pm 0.10$	$0.43 \pm 0.86$	$0.24 \pm 0.10$	NA
77	201	1	1			Bldg #309	smll I-Beam	Metal		Cracked	Gray	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.34 \pm 0.16$	$0.37 \pm 2.05$	$0.34 \pm 0.16$	NA
78	202	1	1		Top	Bldg. #304	Tank	Metal	Exterior	Poor	Yellow	3.2	1.2	POS	$2.93 \pm 0.89$	$3.52 \pm 2.56$	$2.93 \pm 0.89$	NA
79	203	1	1			Bldg. #304 (exterior)	Wall	Concrte	Middle	Cracked	Beige	8.1	10.0	NEG	$0.12 \pm 0.26$	$-0.90 \pm 1.26$	$0.12 \pm 0.26$	NA
80	204	1	1			Bldg. #304 (exterior)	Door	Metal	Frame	Cracked	Beige	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.01 \pm 0.16$	$-0.32 \pm 1.90$	$0.01 \pm 0.16$	NA
81	205	1	1		North	Bldg. #304 (interior)	Wall	Concrete	Middle	Cracked	Blue	5.7	3.3	NEG	$0.05 \pm 0.30$	$0.06 \pm 1.59$	$0.05 \pm 0.30$	NA
82	206	1	1		South	Bldg. #304 (interior)	Wall	Concrete	Middle	Cracked	Blue	8.1	1.0	NEG	$0.01 \pm 0.07$	$0.07 \pm 1.24$	$0.01 \pm 0.07$	NA
83	207	1	1		East	Bldg. #304 (interior)	Wall	Concrete	Middle	Cracked	Blue	8.1	3.5	NEG	$0.08 \pm 0.36$	$0.11 \pm 1.21$	$0.08 \pm 0.36$	NA
84	208	1	1		West	Bldg. #304 (interior)	Wall	Concrete	Middle	Cracked	Blue	17.6	0.1	NEG	$0.02 \pm 0.04$	$-0.15 \pm 0.78$	$-0.15 \pm 0.78$	NA
85	209	1	1			Bldg. #304 (interior)		_			***	15.2	1.2	NEG	$0.02 \pm 0.06$	$-0.13 \pm 0.82$	$-0.13 \pm 0.82$	NA
86	210	1	1			Bldg. #304 (interior)	Ceiling	Concrete		Cracked	White	12.8	1.6	NEG	$0.02 \pm 0.11$	$-0.20 \pm 0.90$	-0.20 ± 0.90 2.12 ± 0.51	NA
87	211	1	!			Bldg. #304 (interior)	Door	Metal	Middle	Cracked	Green	7.8	1.5	POS	2.12 ± 0.51 0.09 ± 0.45	$1.35 \pm 1.08$ -0.10 ± 1.53	$0.09 \pm 0.45$	NA NA
88	212	ı	1		C	Bldg. #304 (interior)	Conduit pipe	Metal	Electrical	Fair	Gray	5.1 3.2	3.4 2.0	NEG NEG	$0.09 \pm 0.43$ $0.03 \pm 0.29$	1.68 ± 2.03	$0.09 \pm 0.43$ $0.03 \pm 0.29$	NA
39	213	1	1		C	Bldg. #304 (interior)	Electrical Box	Metal	Exterior	Fair Cracked	Gray Blue	17.6	1.0	NEG	$0.03 \pm 0.29$ $0.04 \pm 0.02$	$-0.14 \pm 0.79$	$-0.14 \pm 0.79$	NA NA
90 91	214 215	1	1		Marth	Bldg. #304 (exterior)	Pannel Wall	Metal Concrete	Middle	Cracked	Gray	12.8	10.0	NEG	$0.04 \pm 0.02$ $0.09 \pm 0.16$	$-0.14 \pm 0.79$ $-0.00 \pm 0.78$	$-0.00 \pm 0.78$	NA.
12	216	1	1		North	Bldg. #311 (interior)	Wali	Concrete	Middle	Cracked	Gray	8.1	1.0	NEG	$0.09 \pm 0.10$ $0.00 \pm 0.13$	-0.35 ± 0.93	$0.00 \pm 0.13$	NA.
13	217	,	1		East South	Bldg. #311 (interior) Bldg. #311 (interior)	Wall	Concrete	Middle	Cracked	Gray	5.7	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.13$	$-0.30 \pm 0.03$	$0.00 \pm 0.13$	NA
4	217	1	1		West	Bldg. #311 (interior)	Wall	Concrete	Middle	Cracked	Gray	5.7	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.13$	$0.14 \pm 1.21$	$0.00 \pm 0.13$	NA
5	219	í	i		WCSI	Bldg. #311 (interior)	I-Beams	Metal	Ceiling	Cracked	Black	3.2	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.07$	$-0.46 \pm 2.11$	$0.00 \pm 0.07$	NA
6	220	i	í			Bldg. #311 (interior)	I-Beams	Metal	Ceiling	Cracked	White	3.2	1.0	NEG	$0.01 \pm 0.19$	$-0.78 \pm 2.13$	$0.01 \pm 0.19$	NA
7	221	i	i			Bldg. #311 (interior)	Ceiling	Concrete	coming	Fair	Gray	5.7	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.10$	$0.02 \pm 1.20$	$0.00 \pm 0.10$	NA
8	222	i	i			Bldg. #311 (interior)	Door	Metal	on the ground	Peeling	White	3.2	1.4	NEG	$0.11 \pm 0.26$	$-1.30 \pm 1.84$	$0.11 \pm 0.26$	NA
9	223	i	i		East	Bldg. #311 (exterior)	Wall	Concrete	Middle	Peeling	Beige	8.1	1.6	NEG	$0.05 \pm 0.14$	$-0.54 \pm 1.17$	$0.05 \pm 0.14$	NA
10	224	i	i		2,431	Bldg. #311 (exterior)	Door	Metal	Frame	Cracked	Green	3.3	1.3	NEG	$0.17 \pm 0.26$	$-0.72 \pm 2.18$	$0.17 \pm 0.26$	NA
1	225	i	i			Bldg. #311 (exterior)	Door	Metal	Jamb	Cracked	Blue	3.3	1.2	NEG	$0.11 \pm 0.21$	$-0.05 \pm 2.01$	$0.11 \pm 0.21$	NA
2	226	1	1			Bldg. #311 (exterior)	Bollard Poles (2)	Metal		Cracked	Yellow	3.1	1.2	POS	>>5.0	$5.40 \pm 3.08$	$5.10 \pm 1.15$	NA
2	227	1	1			Bldg. #311 (exterior)		Wood	on the ground	Cracked	White	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.12$	$0.12 \pm 1.16$	$0.00 \pm 0.12$	NA
4	228	1	1		Α	Bldg #325 (exterior)	Wall	Concrete	Middle	Cracked	Beige	12.8	1.4	NEG	$0.01 \pm 0.11$	$-0.43 \pm 0.89$	$-0.43 \pm 0.89$	NA
4 5 5	229	1	1		Α	Bldg #325 (exterior)	Door	Metal	Frame	Cracked	Gray	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.02 \pm 0.02$	$-0.24 \pm 1.98$	$0.02 \pm 0.02$	NA
5	230	1	1		В	Bldg #325 (interior)	Wall	Metal	Middle	Fair	Brown	3.2	1.2	NEG	$0.16 \pm 0.23$	$-0.60 \pm 2.10$	$0.16 \pm 0.23$	NA
7	231	1	1			Shutter Cal 1						110.5	0.0	•••	NA	NA	NA	446 ± NA
3	232	1	1			Bldg #325 (interior)	Door	Metal		Cracked	Green	3.2	1.0	NEG	$0.02 \pm 0.05$	$-0.68 \pm 2.06$	$0.02 \pm 0.05$	NA
•	233	1	Ī		North	Bldg. #312 (exterior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Beige	5.7	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.08$	$-0.80 \pm 1.34$	$0.00 \pm 0.08$	NA
)	234	1	1		East	Bldg. #312 (exterior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Yellow	5.5	1.4	POS	$2.99 \pm 0.74$	$5.44 \pm 2.04$	$2.99 \pm 0.74$	NA
	235	1	1		East	Bldg. #312 (exterior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Red	5.5	1.4	POS	$2.27 \pm 0.60$	$1.58 \pm 1.62$	$2.27 \pm 0.60$	NA
	236	1	1		East	Bldg. #312 (exterior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Beige	8.0	7.0	NEG	$0.05 \pm 0.12$	$-0.44 \pm 1.16$	$0.05 \pm 0.12$	NA
	237	1	1		South	Bldg. #312 (exterior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Beige	8.1	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.03$	-0.63 ± 1.05	$0.00 \pm 0.03$	NA
	238	1	1		South	Bldg. #312 (exterior)	Structure	Metal	Wall	Fair	Green	3.2	1.0	NEG	$0.08 \pm 0.12$	$0.20 \pm 2.12$	$0.08 \pm 0.12$	NA
	239	1	1		West	Bldg. #312 (exterior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Beige	8.1	1.6	NEG	$0.01 \pm 0.18$	$-0.05 \pm 1.18$	$0.01 \pm 0.18$	NA NA
	240	1	1		West	Bldg. #312 (interior)	Door	Wood	Jamb	Cracked	Green	3.2	1.4	NEG ·	$0.06 \pm 0.35$	$-1.12 \pm 1.34$	$0.06 \pm 0.35$	NA NA
	241	1	1		North	Bldg. #312 (interior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Cracked	Beige	5.7	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.08$	$0.21 \pm 1.38$	$0.00 \pm 0.08$	NΛ

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o XLNo	Site	Insp	Flr	Side	Room	Strc	Sub	Feat	Cnd	Clr	Ssec	DI	Result	Pbl ± Prec 0.08 ± 0.18	Pbk ± Prec -0.45 ± 0.92	Pbc ± Prec -0.45 ± 0.92	Res ± Prec NA
8 242	1	1		East	Bldg. #312 (interior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Cracked	Beige Beige	10.5 5.7	10.0 1.0	NEG NEG	$0.08 \pm 0.18$ $0.00 \pm 0.09$	$-0.43 \pm 0.92$ $-0.02 \pm 1.39$	$0.00 \pm 0.09$	NA.
9 243	1	!		South	Bldg. #312 (interior)	Wall Wall	Brick Brick	Middle Middle	Cracked Cracked	Beige	39.0	5.1	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.09$ $0.02 \pm 0.08$	$0.53 \pm 0.47$	$0.02 \pm 0.08$	NA
0 244 1 245	1			West North	Bldg. #312 (interior) Bldg. #312 (exterior)	Roll-Up Door	Metal	Frame	Cracked	White	3.3	1.1	NEG	$0.19 \pm 0.22$	$-0.32 \pm 2.22$	$0.19 \pm 0.22$	NA
2 246	1	1		North	Bldg. #312 (exterior)	Roll-Up Door	Metal	Door	Cracked	White	5.1	5.5	NEG	$0.11 \pm 0.25$	$-0.96 \pm 1.16$	$0.11 \pm 0.25$	NA
3 247	i	i		North	Bldg. #312 (interior)	Kon-op Door	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	200.			3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.04 \pm 0.04$	$-0.09 \pm 1.18$	$0.04 \pm 0.04$	NA
4 248	i	1		West	Bldg. #312 (interior)	Conduit run	Wood	Electrical	Fair	Green	3.1	10.0	INCOM	$0.53 \pm 1.29$	$0.45 \pm 2.10$	$0.53 \pm 1.29$	NA
5 249	1	1		West	Bldg. #312 (interior)	Conduit pipe	Metal	Electrical	Fair	White	7.6	3.4	NEG	$0.10 \pm 0.44$	$0.05 \pm 1.05$	$0.10 \pm 0.44$	NA
6 250	1	1		South	Bldg. #312 (interior)	Structure	Metal	Wall	Cracked	Gray	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.22 \pm 0.22$	$-0.25 \pm 2.14$	$0.22 \pm 0.22$	NA
7 251	1	1			Bldg. #312 (interior)	Shelve	Wood	on the ground	Cracked	Green	3.3	2.4	NEG	$0.05 \pm 0.42$	-0.66 ± 1.28	$0.05 \pm 0.42$	NA NA
8 252	l	1			Bldg. #312 (interior)	Shelve	Wood	on the ground	Cracked	White	3.3	1.4	NEG	$0.04 \pm 0.44$ $0.21 \pm 0.35$	$0.31 \pm 1.45$ $0.46 \pm 1.45$	$0.04 \pm 0.44$ $0.21 \pm 0.35$	NA NA
9 253	1	1		West	Bldg. #312 (exterior)	Conduit pipe	Metal	Electical	Fair	Beige	5.4 8.1	7.7 3.5	NEG NEG	$0.21 \pm 0.33$ $0.04 \pm 0.20$	$-0.61 \pm 1.07$	$0.21 \pm 0.33$ $0.04 \pm 0.20$	NA NA
0 254	1	1		North	Bldg. T4 (exterior)	Wall	Brick Brick	Middle Middle	Fair Fair	Beige Beige	5.7	5.5	NEG	$0.04 \pm 0.20$ $0.05 \pm 0.18$	$0.11 \pm 1.27$	$0.05 \pm 0.18$	NA
1 255	1	1		West	Bldg. T4 (exterior)	Wall Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Beige	8.0	1.0	NEG	$0.01 \pm 0.09$	-0.36 ± 1.11	$0.01 \pm 0.09$	NA
2 256 3 257	1	1		South East	Bldg. T4 (exterior) Bldg. T4 (exterior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Beige	5.7	2.7	NEG	$0.02 \pm 0.17$	$0.28 \pm 1.38$	$0.02 \pm 0.17$	NA
4 258	1	i		East	Bldg. T4 (exterior)	Rain Gutter	Metal	on the ground	Cracked	Green	5.4	4.9	NEG	$0.14 \pm 0.43$	$-0.69 \pm 0.89$	$0.14 \pm 0.43$	NA
5 259	1	i		West	Bldg. T4 (exterior)	Door	Metal	Frame	Cracked	Green	5.6	1.0	NEG	$0.34 \pm 0.18$	$0.68 \pm 1.43$	$0.34 \pm 0.18$	NA
6 260	i	i		West	Bldg. T4 (interior)	Door	Metal	Jamb	Cracked	White	24.4	1.8	POS	$0.99 \pm 0.19$	$0.53 \pm 0.68$	$0.99 \pm 0.19$	NA
7 261	1	1		East	Bldg. T4 (interior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Peeling	White	8.1	2.4	NEG	$0.03 \pm 0.24$	$-0.50 \pm 1.06$	$0.03 \pm 0.24$	NA
8 262	1	1		North	Bldg. T4 (interior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Peeling	White	5.7	3.6	NEG	$0.04 \pm 0.21$	$-1.21 \pm 1.41$	$0.04 \pm 0.21$	NA
9 263	1	1		West	Bldg. T4 (interior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Peeling	White	5.7	1.3	NEG	$0.01 \pm 0.18$ $0.08 \pm 0.17$	$-0.65 \pm 1.47$ $-0.78 \pm 1.12$	$0.01 \pm 0.18$ -0.78 \pm 1.12	NA NA
0 264	1	1		South	Bldg. T4 (interior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Peeling	White White	8.1 12.8	9.3 2.9	NEG NEG	$0.08 \pm 0.17$ $0.51 \pm 0.28$	$0.78 \pm 0.12$ $0.20 \pm 0.98$	$0.51 \pm 0.28$	NA NA
1 265	1	1		East	Bldg. T4 (interior)	Window	Metal Wood	Frame on the ground	Peeling Peeling	Green	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.05 \pm 0.13$	$-0.64 \pm 1.20$	$0.05 \pm 0.13$	NA
2 266	ı.	1		North	Bldg. T4 (exterior)	Facia Board Conduit pipe	Metal	Electical	Fair	silver	17.6	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.04$	$0.13 \pm 0.67$	$0.13 \pm 0.67$	NA
3 267 4 268	1 1	1		Тор	Bldg. T4 (Elect. pad)) Bldg. T4 (west of)	Conduit pipe	Metai	Licetteat	1 411	511101	2.9	1.0	INCOM	$0.02 \pm 0.04$	$0.42 \pm 2.89$	$0.02 \pm 0.04$	NA
5 269	1	i			Bldg. T4 (elect. pad)	Conduit pipe	Metal	Electical	Fair	Gray	4.9	1.0	NEG	$0.03 \pm 0.02$	$-0.05 \pm 1.50$	$0.03 \pm 0.02$	NA
6 270	i	i			Bldg. T4 (Elect. pad))	Fence	Metal		Fair	Gray	4.9	1.0	NEG	$0.08 \pm 0.05$	$0.20 \pm 1.28$	$0.08 \pm 0.05$	NA
7 271	1	1			Bldg. T4 (Elect. pad))	Warning sign	Metal	on the fence	Fair	Red/Back	3.2	2.7	NEG	$0.03 \pm 0.08$	$-0.17 \pm 1.75$	$0.03 \pm 0.08$	NA
8 272	1	1		East	Bldg. #303	Wall	Brick	Middle	Cracked	Beige	8.1	1.3	NEG	$0.04 \pm 0.10$	-1.24 ± 1.15	$0.04 \pm 0.10$	NA
9 273	1	1		East	Bldg. #303	Roll-Up Door	Metal	Frame	Peeling	Beige	12.8	2.7	NEG	$0.58 \pm 0.28$	$0.59 \pm 0.98$ $0.23 \pm 1.62$	$0.58 \pm 0.28$ $0.03 \pm 0.47$	NA NA
0 274	1	1		East	Bldg. #303	Roll-Up Door	Metal		Cracked	Beige White	3.1 3.3	1.5 1.0	NEG NEG	$0.03 \pm 0.47$ $0.08 \pm 0.17$	$1.07 \pm 2.04$	$0.03 \pm 0.47$ $0.08 \pm 0.17$	NA NA
1 275	1	1		East	Bldg. #303 (interior)	I-Beam	Metal	Middle	Fair Fair	Beige	12.8	1.1	NEG	$0.03 \pm 0.06$	$-0.28 \pm 0.92$	$-0.28 \pm 0.92$	NA
2 276	l i	1		West	Bldg. #303 (interior)	Wall Conduit pipe	Concrete Metal	Electical	Fair	Beige	5.1	1.6	NEG	$0.08 \pm 0.33$	$0.71 \pm 1.56$	$0.08 \pm 0.33$	NA
3 277 4 278	1	1		East	Bldg. #303 (interior) Bldg. #303 (interior)	Access Ladder	Metal	Licetteal	Cracked	Yellow	7.8	1.2	POS	$1.85 \pm 0.39$	$2.05 \pm 1.39$	$1.85 \pm 0.39$	NA
5 279	1	1		South	Bldg. #303 (interior)	Hvac Duct	Metal		Fair	Beige	8.1	3.5	NEG	$0.18 \pm 0.37$	$-1.01 \pm 1.20$	$0.18 \pm 0.37$	NA
6 280	i	i		South	Bldg. #303 (interior)	Door	Metal		Fair	Green	5.7	1.3	NEG	$0.43 \pm 0.24$	$0.84 \pm 1.41$	$0.43 \pm 0.24$	NA
7 281	i	i			Bldg. #303 (interior)	Door	Metal	Jamb	Fair	Green	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.28 \pm 0.24$	$0.83 \pm 2.30$	$0.28 \pm 0.24$	NA
8 282	1	1		East	Bldg. #303 (interior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Cracked	Green	5.7	1.0	NEG	$0.03 \pm 0.10$	$0.20 \pm 1.44$	$0.03 \pm 0.10$	NA
9 283	1	1			Bldg. #303 (interior)	Electrical Box	Metal	in hallway	Fair	Gray	3.2	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.02$	$0.20 \pm 1.83$	$0.00 \pm 0.02$	NA
0 284	1	1			Bldg. #303 (interior)	Ceiling	Drywall		Fair	Green	10.4	1.7	NEG	$0.06 \pm 0.12$	$-0.07 \pm 0.96$ $0.34 \pm 1.13$	$0.06 \pm 0.12$ $0.05 \pm 0.12$	NA NA
1 285	1	1			Bldg. #303 (interior)	Wall	Wood	Middle	Fair	Green	8.1 3.3	1.5 1.0	NEG NEG	$0.05 \pm 0.12$ $0.02 \pm 0.11$	$-0.31 \pm 1.22$	$0.03 \pm 0.12$ $0.02 \pm 0.11$	NA NA
2 286	1	1			Bldg. #303 (interior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair Fair	Green White	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.02 \pm 0.11$ $0.19 \pm 0.24$	$-0.90 \pm 1.60$	$0.19 \pm 0.24$	NA
3 287	1	1			Bldg. #303 (interior)	Door	Metal Wood	Frame	Cracked	White	3.3	1.7	NEG	$0.17 \pm 0.24$ $0.17 \pm 0.32$	$-0.47 \pm 2.05$	$0.17 \pm 0.32$	NA
4 288 5 289	I 1	1		West	Bldg. #303 (interior) Bldg. #303 (interior)	Door Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Beige	8.1	2.4	NEG	$0.06 \pm 0.21$	$0.01 \pm 1.00$	$0.06 \pm 0.21$	NA
6 290	1	1		South	Bldg. #303 (interior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Beige	8.1	7.3	NEG	$0.24 \pm 0.39$	$0.24 \pm 1.06$	$0.24 \pm 0.39$	NA
7 291	i	i		South	Bldg. #303 (interior)	Ceiling	Drywall		Fair	White	3.2	1.0	NEG	$0.08 \pm 0.11$	$0.31 \pm 1.63$	$0.08 \pm 0.11$	NA
8 292	i	i			Bldg. #303 (interior)	divider	Metal	in restroom	Fair	Brown	12.8	2.2	NEG	$0.51 \pm 0.23$	$-0.01 \pm 0.84$	$0.51 \pm 0.23$	NA
9 293	1	i			Bldg. #303 (interior)	Door	Metal		Fair	White	5.7	1.4	NEG	$0.33 \pm 0.22$	$0.35 \pm 1.38$	$0.33 \pm 0.22$	NA
0 294	1	1		East	Bldg. #303 (exterior)	Wall	Metal	Middle	Cracked	White	5.7	1.4	NEG	$0.40 \pm 0.24$	$-0.47 \pm 1.25$	$0.40 \pm 0.24$	NA NA
1 295	1	1		East	Bldg. #303 (exterior)	Rain Gutter	Metal		Cracked	Red	5.4	1.5	NEG	$0.33 \pm 0.25$	0.18 ± 1.33	$0.33 \pm 0.25$ $0.05 \pm 0.19$	NA NA
2 296	1	1		South	Bldg. #303 (exterior)	Wall	Concrte	Middle	Fair	Beige	5.7 10.3	1.6 1.6	NEG NEG	$0.05 \pm 0.19$ $0.55 \pm 0.21$	$-0.14 \pm 1.40$ $0.34 \pm 1.06$	$0.05 \pm 0.19$ $0.55 \pm 0.21$	NA NA
3 297	1	1		South	Bldg. #303 (exterior)	Door	Metal	Jamb	Fair Cracked	White White	5.6	1.6	NEG	$0.35 \pm 0.21$ $0.06 \pm 0.18$	$-0.31 \pm 1.53$	$0.06 \pm 0.18$	NA.
4 298	l	1		South	Bldg. #303 (exterior)	Roll-Up Door	Metal Metal	Jamb	Cracked	White	7.2	1.7	NEG	$0.08 \pm 0.26$	$-0.26 \pm 0.95$	$0.08 \pm 0.26$	NA
5 299 6 300	1 1	1 1		South	Bldg. #303 (exterior) Bldg. #303 (basement)	Roll-Up Door Door	Metal		Fair	Red	3.3	1.0	NEG .	$0.28 \pm 0.19$	$-0.29 \pm 2.12$	$0.28 \pm 0.19$	NA
6 300 7 301	1	1			Bldg. #303 (basement)	Door	Metal	Header	Fair	Red	5.7	1.6	NEG	$0.41 \pm 0.28$	$0.68 \pm 1.64$	$0.41 \pm 0.28$	NA
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No	XLNo	Site	Insp	Fir	Side	Room	Strc	Sub	Feat	Cnd	Clr	Ssec	DI	Result	Pbl ± Prec	Pbk ± Prec	Pbc ± Prec	Res ± Prec
178	302	1	I			Bldg. #303 (basement)	I-Beam	Metal	Ceiling	Fair	White	5.6	1.7	NEG	$0.38 \pm 0.28$	$-1.10 \pm 1.61$	$0.38 \pm 0.28$	NA
179	303	1	1			Bldg. #303 (basement)	HVAC duct	Metal	Ceiling	Fair	Beige	3.2	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.01$	$-0.63 \pm 1.62$	$0.00 \pm 0.01$	NA
180	304	l	1		East	Bldg. #303 (basement)	Wall	Concrete	Middle	Cracked	Beige	10.4	1.0	NEG	$0.02 \pm 0.04$	$-0.62 \pm 1.07$	$-0.62 \pm 1.07$ $0.02 \pm 0.14$	NA NA
181	305	1	1			Bldg. #303 (basement)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Beige	5.7	1.0	NEG	$0.02 \pm 0.14$	$-1.35 \pm 1.36$ $0.03 \pm 1.71$	$0.02 \pm 0.14$ $0.02 \pm 0.29$	NA NA
182	306	1	1			Bldg. #303 (basement)	Pipe	Metal	MCAR-	Fair	Beige	3.3	1.4	NEG NEG	$0.02 \pm 0.29$ $0.03 \pm 0.11$	$-0.34 \pm 1.71$	$0.02 \pm 0.29$ $0.03 \pm 0.11$	NA NA
183 184	307 308	I I	1		Month	Bldg. #303 (basement)	Wall Conduit pine	Brick	Middle Electrical	Fair Fair	Beige Gray	5.7 3.2	1.0	NEG	$0.03 \pm 0.11$ $0.04 \pm 0.31$	0.29 ± 1.88	$0.04 \pm 0.31$	NA NA
185	309	1	1		North North	Bldg. #303 (basement) Bldg. #303 (basement)	Conduit pipe Electrical Box	Metal Metal	Electrical	Fair	Gray	3.2	1.0	NEG	$0.04 \pm 0.31$ $0.01 \pm 0.17$	-0.77 ± 1.85	$0.04 \pm 0.31$ $0.01 \pm 0.17$	NA
186	310	1	1		South	Bidg. #303 (exterior)	Wall	Metal	Middle	Fair	Gray	3.3	1.3	NEG	$0.01 \pm 0.17$ $0.05 \pm 0.23$	-0.48 ± 1.77	$0.05 \pm 0.23$	NA
187	311	1	1		South	Bldg. #303 (exterior)	Wall	Metal	Middle	Fair	White	3.0	1.0	NEG	$0.03 \pm 0.23$ $0.02 \pm 0.38$	0.04 ± 1.70	$0.02 \pm 0.38$	NA
188	312	i	i		West	Bldg. #303 (exterior)	Wall	Brick	Middle	Fair	Beige	19.9	1.5	NEG	$0.05 \pm 0.06$	$0.10 \pm 0.64$	$0.05 \pm 0.06$	NA
189	313	i	i		West	Bldg. #303 (exterior)	Rain Gutter	Metal	Middle	Fair	Beige	9.8	4.8	NEG	$0.15 \pm 0.43$	$-0.00 \pm 0.68$	$0.15 \pm 0.43$	NA
190	314	i	i		West	Bldg. #303 (exterior)	Conduit pipe	Metal	Electical	Fair	Beige	5.1	1.0	NEG	$0.06 \pm 0.16$	$0.88 \pm 1.55$	$0.06 \pm 0.16$	NA
191	315	i	i		South	Bldg. #303 (exterior)	Hand Rail	Metal	Stairs	Peeling	Yellow	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.24 \pm 0.22$	$0.28 \pm 2.25$	$0.24 \pm 0.22$	NA
192	316	1	1			Calibration						5.5	1.3	POS	$2.23 \pm 0.57$	$2.13 \pm 1.62$	$2.23 \pm 0.57$	NA
193	317	i	i			Calibration						21.8	1.1	POS	$1.14 \pm 0.16$	$1.62 \pm 0.63$	$1.14 \pm 0.16$	NA
194	318	1	1			Calibration						3.1	1.0	POS	$2.95 \pm 0.83$	$4.40 \pm 2.53$	$2.95 \pm 0.83$	NA
195	319	1	I			Shutter Cal 1						107.8	0.0	•••	NA	NA	NA	$448 \pm NA$
196	320	1	1			Calibration						5.6	1.0	NEG	$0.31 \pm 0.15$	$-0.27 \pm 1.55$	$0.31 \pm 0.15$	NA
197	321	1	1			Calibration						21.7	1.1	POS	$1.15 \pm 0.16$	$0.79 \pm 0.75$	$1.15 \pm 0.16$	NA
198	322	1	1			Calibration						5.5	1.2	POS	$2.25 \pm 0.57$	$1.93 \pm 1.75$	$2.25 \pm 0.57$	NA
199	323	1	1			Calibration						5.4	1.1	POS	$3.59 \pm 0.77$	$2.91 \pm 1.96$	$3.59 \pm 0.77$	NA
200	324	I	1		Top	Bldg. #303 (interior)	I-Beam	Metal	Wall	fair	Beige	3.2	1.2	NEG	$0.36 \pm 0.31$	$0.41 \pm 2.32$	$0.36 \pm 0.31$	NA
201	325	1	1		North	Bldg. #303 (interior)	Wall	Metal	Тор	Fair	Beige	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.02 \pm 0.04$	$-0.16 \pm 1.79$	$0.02 \pm 0.04$	NA
202	326	1	1		North	Bldg. #303 (exterior)	Wall	Metal	Тор	Fair	Beige	3.3	1.6	NEG	$0.04 \pm 0.34$	$-0.56 \pm 1.78$	$0.04 \pm 0.34$	NA
203	327	I	1		West	Bldg. #303 (exterior)	Wall	Metal	Тор	Fair	Beige	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.03 \pm 0.10$	$-0.40 \pm 1.85$	$0.03 \pm 0.10$	NA
204	328	1	1		South	Bldg. #303 (exterior)	Wall	Metal	Тор	Fair	Beige	5.7	2.6	NEG	$0.10 \pm 0.33$	$0.36 \pm 1.30$	$0.10 \pm 0.33$	NA
205	329	1	1			Bldg #303 (interior)	Floor	Concrete		Poor	Red	10.4	7.1	NEG	$0.06 \pm 0.14$	-0.97 ± 1.05	$0.06 \pm 0.14$	NA
206	330	1	1			Bldg #303 (interior)	Floor	Concrete	n	Poor	Red	8.1	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.01$	-0.96 ± 1.24	$-0.96 \pm 1.24$	NA
207	331	1	1			Main Transformers	Generator	Metal	Door	Poor	Brown	5.6	1.0	NEG	$0.03 \pm 0.06$	$0.80 \pm 1.53$	$0.03 \pm 0.06$ $0.00 \pm 0.09$	NA NA
208	332	1	1			Main Transformers	Electrical Box	Metal	Electrical	Fair	Gray	3.3 5.0	1.0 1.0	NEG NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.09$ $0.01 \pm 0.31$	$-2.72 \pm 2.00$ $-0.64 \pm 1.55$	$0.00 \pm 0.09$ $0.01 \pm 0.31$	NA NA
209 210	333 334	1	1			Main Transformers	Conduit pipe	Metal	Electrical Base	Fair Poor	Gray White	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.01 \pm 0.31$ $0.05 \pm 0.13$	$0.33 \pm 2.25$	$0.01 \pm 0.31$ $0.05 \pm 0.13$	NA NA
:11	335	1	1		East	Main Transformers	Generator Wall	Metal Concrete	Middle	Cracked	Beige	8.1	1.0	NEG	$0.03 \pm 0.13$ $0.00 \pm 0.10$	$0.33 \pm 2.23$ $0.20 \pm 1.25$	$0.00 \pm 0.10$	NA
12	336	1	1		East East	Bldg. #315 (exterior) Bldg. #315 (exterior)	Door	Metal	Middle	Fair	White	5.7	2.5	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.10$ $0.07 \pm 0.33$	$-0.36 \pm 1.27$	$0.07 \pm 0.33$	NA
13	337	i	i		East	Bldg. #315 (exterior)	Door	Metal	Lock Area	Fair	Red	3.2	3.3	NEG	$0.05 \pm 0.30$	$-0.58 \pm 2.20$	$0.05 \pm 0.30$	NA
14	338	i	i		East	Bldg. #315 (exterior)	Conduit pipe	Metal	Electrical	Fair	Beige	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.09$	$-0.44 \pm 2.18$	$0.00 \pm 0.09$	NA
15	339	i	i		East	Bldg. #315 (exterior)	Door	Metal	Frame	Fair	White	3.3	1.7	NEG	$0.02 \pm 0.23$	$0.09 \pm 1.63$	$0.02 \pm 0.23$	NA
16	340	í	1		South	Bldg. #315 (in office)	Wall	Concrete	Middle	Fair	White	8.1	1.1	NEG	$0.01 \pm 0.12$	$-0.33 \pm 1.20$	$0.01 \pm 0.12$	NA
17	341	1	1		East	Bldg. #315 (in office)	Wall	Concrete	Middle	Fair	White	8.1	1.0	NEG	$0.01 \pm 0.03$	$0.29 \pm 1.21$	$0.01 \pm 0.03$	NA
18	342	1	1		North	Bldg. #315 (in office)	Wall	Concrete	Middle	Fair	White	10.4	1.4	NEG	$0.01 \pm 0.16$	$-0.22 \pm 1.04$	$0.01 \pm 0.16$	NA
19	343	1	1		West	Bldg. #315 (in office)	Wall	Concrete	Middle	Fair	White	8.1	6.2	NEG	$0.13 \pm 0.28$	$-0.95 \pm 1.23$	$0.13 \pm 0.28$	NA
20	344	1	1		East	Bldg. #315 (in office)	Door	Metal		Fair	White	3.3	1.5	NEG	$0.05 \pm 0.27$	$-0.33 \pm 1.92$	$0.05 \pm 0.27$	NA
21	345	1	1		East	Bldg. #315 (in office)	Door	Metal	Jamb	Fair	White	5.7	1.4	NEG	$0.03 \pm 0.15$	$-0.58 \pm 1.32$	$0.03 \pm 0.15$	NA
:2	346	1	1		North	Bldg. #315 (tool room)	Wali	Concrete	Interior	Fair	Beige	10.4	1.0	NEG	$0.01 \pm 0.04$	$-0.23 \pm 1.02$	$0.01 \pm 0.04$	NA
3	347	1	1		East	Bldg. #315 (tool room)	Wall	Concrete	Interior	Fair	Beige	8.1	3.9	NEG	$0.02 \pm 0.05$	$0.05 \pm 1.23$	$0.02 \pm 0.05$	NA
4	348	1	1		South	Bldg. #315 (tool room)	Wall	Concrete	Interior	Fair	Beige	8.1	4.3	NEG	$0.05 \pm 0.21$	$-1.04 \pm 1.19$	$0.05 \pm 0.21$	NA
.5	349	1	1		West	Bldg. #315 (tool room)	Wall	Concrete	Interior	Fair	Beige	8.1	7.6	NEG	$0.15 \pm 0.24$	$-0.15 \pm 1.24$	$0.15 \pm 0.24$	NA
6	350	l	1		East	Bldg. #315 (tool room)	Door	Metal	Jamb	Fair	White	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.06 \pm 0.15$	$0.22 \pm 1.84$	$0.06 \pm 0.15$	NA
7	351	I	1		East	Bldg. #315 (tool room)	Door	Metal		Fair	White	8.1	4.8	NEG	$0.15 \pm 0.44$	-0.19 ± 1.23	$0.15 \pm 0.44$	NA
3	352	1	1		East	Bldg. #315 (tool room)	Electrical Box	Metal		Fair	Gray	3.2	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.14$	-0.17 ± 2.06 1.17 ± 1.13	$0.00 \pm 0.14$ $0.00 \pm 0.13$	NA NA
3	353	1	!		East	Bldg. #315 (in office)	Electrical Box	Metal	Eutenien	Fair	Gray	3.3	1.0 1.9	NEG NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.13$ $0.01 \pm 0.12$	$-0.05 \pm 0.55$	$-0.00 \pm 0.13$ $-0.05 \pm 0.55$	NA NA
	354 355	1	1		West	Bldg. #315 (trailer)	Wall Wall	Metal Metal	Exterior	Fair Fair	White White	8.1 10.4	1.0	NEG	$0.01 \pm 0.12$ $0.00 \pm 0.01$	$0.39 \pm 0.55$	$0.00 \pm 0.01$	NA NA
	355 356	1	1 1		North East	Bldg. #315 (trailer)	Wall	Metal	Exterior Exterior	Fair Fair	White	10.4	3.4	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.01$ $0.02 \pm 0.14$	$0.39 \pm 0.53$ $0.37 \pm 0.53$	$0.00 \pm 0.01$ $0.02 \pm 0.14$	NA NA
	35 <b>0</b> 357	1	1	,	South	Bldg. #315 (trailer) Bldg. #315 (trailer)	Wall	Metal	Exterior	Fair	White	10.4	1.0	NEG	$0.02 \pm 0.14$ $0.00 \pm 0.01$	$0.68 \pm 0.54$	$0.02 \pm 0.14$ $0.00 \pm 0.01$	NA.
	358	1	1		East	Bldg. #315 (trailer)	Electrical Box	Metal	Exterior	Fair	Gray	3.0	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.01$ $0.02 \pm 0.15$	-0.20 ± 1.92	$0.00 \pm 0.01$	NA NA
	359	i	1		East	Bldg. #315 (trailer)	Transformer	Metal	LAGIO	Fair	Gray	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.02 \pm 0.15$ $0.01 \pm 0.05$	$1.41 \pm 2.06$	$0.01 \pm 0.05$	NA
	360	i	i		East	Bldg. #315 (trailer)	Tow Hitch	Metal		Fair	Black	3.2	1.0	NEG	$0.03 \pm 0.07$	$-0.95 \pm 2.02$	$0.03 \pm 0.07$	NA
	361	i	i		East	Bldg. #315 (trailer)	Wall	Metal	Base	Poor	Red	15.2	1.0	NEG	0.00 ± 0.01	$0.54 \pm 0.40$	$0.00 \pm 0.01$	NA
	501		•		Link	5.0g515 (maner)			2430	. 00.	00							

o	XLNo	Site	Insp	Fir	Side	Room	Strc	Sub	Feat	Cnd	Clr	Ssec	DI	Result	Pbl ± Prec	Pbk ± Prec	Pbc ± Prec	Res ± Prec
38	362	1	1		South	Bldg. #315 (trailer)	Door	Metal		Cracked	Brown	3.2	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.01$	$0.95 \pm 1.91$	$0.00 \pm 0.01$	NA
39	363	1	1		South	Bldg. #315 (trailer)	Door	Metal	Jamb	Cracked	White	3.2	1.2	NEG	$0.05 \pm 0.23$	$0.53 \pm 1.66$	$0.05 \pm 0.23$	NA
10	364	1	1		South	Bldg. #315 (trailer)	Ramp	Wood		Cracked	Blue	3.3	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.17$	$-0.10 \pm 1.14$	$0.00 \pm 0.17$	NA
4 I	365	1	1		East	Bldg. #315 (trailer)	AC unit	Metal	exterior	Fair	Beige	3.1	4.1	NEG	$0.06 \pm 0.15$	$0.69 \pm 1.50$	$0.06 \pm 0.15$	NA
42	366	1	1		Тор	Bldg. #315	Exaust pipe	Metal		Fair	Silver	5.1	1.1	NEG	$0.06 \pm 0.17$	$-0.39 \pm 1.49$	$0.06 \pm 0.17$	NA
43	367	1	1		Top	Bldg. #315	Wall	Concrete		Fair	Beige	5.7	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.13$	$0.07 \pm 1.51$	$0.00 \pm 0.13$	NA
14	368	1	1		East	Fuel Sullury Station	Wall	Concrete	Middle	Poor	Blue	8.0	1.8	NEG	$0.10 \pm 0.16$	$-0.13 \pm 1.17$	$0.10 \pm 0.16$	NA
15	369	1	1		East	Fuel Sullury Station	Frame	Metal	into sullury	Cracked	Blue	3.1	1.6	POS	>>5.0	$9.12 \pm 3.21$	$9.12 \pm 3.21$	NA
16	370	1	1		East	Fuel Sullury Station	smll I-Beam	Metal	in concrete pad	Cracked	Red	3.2	3.1	POS	>>5.0	$4.26 \pm 2.84$	$5.10 \pm 1.90$	NA
17	371	1	1		East	Fuel Sullury Station	Frame	Metal		Cracked	Blue	3.2	1.1	POS	$2.78 \pm 0.82$	$3.60 \pm 2.56$	$2.78 \pm 0.82$	NA
18	372	1	1		East	Fuel Sullury Station	Railing	Metal		Peeling	Yellow	5.5	1.0	POS	$1.91 \pm 0.36$	$2.54 \pm 1.72$	$1.91 \pm 0.36$	NA
19	373	1	1			Fuel Sullury Station	3'x6' sheeting	Metal	on the ground	Poor	White	7.4	1.4	NEG	$0.05 \pm 0.20$	$0.56 \pm 1.23$	$0.05 \pm 0.20$	NA
60	374	1	1		South	Fuel Sullury Station	Wall	Concrete	Middle	Cracked	Beige	8.1	1.0	NEG	$0.00 \pm 0.12$	$-0.94 \pm 1.15$	$0.00 \pm 0.12$	NA
51	375	1	1		East	Fuel Sullury Station	Frame	Concrete	in slab	Cracked	Orange	10.0	1.2	POS	$1.64 \pm 0.32$	$1.72 \pm 1.20$	$1.64 \pm 0.32$	NA
52	376	1	1		South	Fuel Sullury Station	Frame	Metal	in slab	Cracked	Blue	3.1	1.3	POS	>>5.0	$8.99 \pm 3.56$	$8.99 \pm 3.56$	NA
3	377	1	1		North	Fuel Sullury Station	Bollard pole	Metal	north of sullury	Peeling	Yellow	3.2	1.2	POS	$2.89 \pm 0.88$	$4.24 \pm 2.71$	$2.89 \pm 0.88$	NA
4	378	1	1		North	Fuel Sullury Station	Bollard pole	Metal	(2)	Cracked	Yellow	5.2	1.1	POS	$2.28 \pm 0.56$	$1.93 \pm 1.73$	$2.28 \pm 0.56$	NA
55	379	1	1			Calibrations						9.9	1.2	POS	$3.78 \pm 0.60$	$3.51 \pm 1.19$	$3.78 \pm 0.60$	NA
6	380	1	1			Calibrations						3.3	1.2	NEG	$0.38 \pm 0.30$	$1.31 \pm 1.92$	$0.38 \pm 0.30$	NA
7	381	1	1			Calibrations						21.7	1.0	POS	$1.11 \pm 0.15$	$0.85 \pm 0.68$	$1.11 \pm 0.15$	NA

#### PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTIC SHEET

**EFFECTIVE DATE: April 17, 1998** 

**EDITION NO: 4** 

#### MANUFACTURER AND MODEL

Make:

Niton Corporation

Models:

XL-309, 701-A, 702A, and 703-A Spectrum Analyzers

Source:

109Cd (10 - 40 mCi initial source strength)

Note:

This Performance Characteristic Sheet (PCS) is applicable to the listed Niton XRF instruments which have an operating software version of 5.1 (or equivalent) using a variable-time mode, and to Niton instruments having an operating software version of 1.2C (or equivalent) using a fixed-time mode. This sheet supersedes all previous sheets for the XRF instruments made by the Niton Corporation and the 1993 testing of XL prototypes reported in the document titled: A Field Test of Lead-Based Paint Testing Technologies: Technical Report (EPA Report No. 747-R-95-002b, May

1995).

#### FIELD OPERATION GUIDANCE

This PCS provides supplemental information to be used in conjunction with Chapter 7 (Lead-Based Paint Inspection) of the HUD Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of Lead-Based Paint Hazards in Housing ("HUD Guidelines"). Performance parameters shown in this sheet are applicable only when operating the instrument using the manufacturer's instructions and the procedures described in Chapter 7 of the HUD Guidelines.

#### **OPERATING PARAMETERS**

Use of variable-time paint test mode ("K & L + Spectra" mode) on instruments running software version 5.1 (or equivalent) using the "Combined Lead Reading" with the instrument's display of a 95%—confident (2-sigma) *Positive* or *Negative* determination versus the action-level as the stopping point of the measurement.

Use of nominal 20-second readings for L-shell results or 120-second readings for K-shell results on instruments running software version 1.2C (or equivalent) in a fixed-time mode.

#### XRF CALIBRATION CHECK LIMITS

0.9 to 1.2 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> (inclusive for instruments running software version 5.1 (or equivalent)

0.9 to 1.1 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> (inclusive for instruments running software version 1.2C (or equivalent)

#### SUBSTRATE CORRECTION:

(applicable to instruments running software versions 5.1 (or equivalent) or 1.2C (or equivalent)

For XRF results below 4.0 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>, substrate correction recommended for:

None

Substrate correction is not recommended for:

Brick, Concrete, Drywall, Metal, Plaster, and Wood

THRESHOLDS
(applicable to instruments running software versions 5.1 (or equivalent) or 1.2C (or equivalent)

DESCRIPTION	SUBSTRATE	THRESHOLD (mg/cm²)
Results not corrected for substrate bias	Brick	1.0
	Concrete	1.0
	Drywall	1.0
	Metal	1.0
	Plaster	1.0
	Wood	1.0
For instruments running software version 1.2C		

methodology recommended in this PCS can result in inconclusive results regardless of whether decisions are based on L-shell readings, K-shell readings, or both.

#### **BACKGROUND INFORMATION**

#### **EVALUATION DATA SOURCE AND DATE**

Performance parameters shown on this sheet are calculated from the EPA/HUD evaluation using archived building components. Three rounds of tests were conducted on approximately 150 test locations in each round.

One round of testing was conducted March 1995 using a single instrument with an October 1994 source at 10 mCi initial strength while running software version 1.2C in a fixed-time mode with nominal 20-second readings for L-shell results or 120-second readings for K-shell results.

The two other rounds of testing were conducted December 1997 using three different instruments, each running software version 5.1. Two of these instruments had new sources installed November 1997, the other instrument had a new source installed December 1997, all with 10 mCi initial strength. The December 1997 testing was performed in the variable-time paint test mode "K & L + Spectra" using the "combined Lead Reading" with 2-sigma confidence interval as the stopping point of the measurement.

#### XRF CALIBRATION CHECK

The calibration of the XRF instrument should be checked using the paint film nearest 1.0 mg/cm² in the NIST Standard Reference Material (SRM) (e.g. for NIST SRM 2579, use the 1.02 mg/cm² film). Measurements should be bracketed by successful XRF calibration check readings. XRF calibration checks are performed at the beginning and end of the day's inspections or at extended delays in testing, and (at least) every four hours during inspections or at a frequency recommended by the manufacturer, whichever is more stringent. If readings are outside the acceptable calibration check range, follow the manufacturer's instructions to bring the instrument into control before XRF testing proceeds. Measurements which are not bracketed by successful calibration checks should be considered suspect.

#### **EVALUATING THE QUALITY OF XRF TESTING**

Randomly select ten testing combinations for re-testing from each house or from two randomly selected units in multifamily housing (a testing combination is a location on a painted surface as defined in Chapter 7 of the HUD Guidelines). For testing combinations involving up to four walls in a room, each wall is classified on its individual XRF reading (see Chapter 7 for testing procedures if there are more than four walls in a room, and for testing exterior walls).

For instruments running software version 5.1 (or equivalent), conduct the test in the variable-time paint test mode "K & L + Spectra" using the "Combined Lead Reading" with 2-sigma confidence interval as the stopping point of the measurement. For instruments running software version 1.2C (or equivalent) in the fixed-time mode, use either 20-second readings for the L-shell results or 120-second readings for the K-shell results, as described in the "Classifications of Results" section below.

Conduct XRF re-testing at the ten testing combinations selected for re-testing.

Determine if the XRF testing in the units or house passed or failed the test by applying the steps below.

Compute the Retest Tolerance Limit by the following steps:

Determine XRF results for the original and retest XRF readings. Do not correct the original or retest results for substrate bias. In single-family and multifamily housing, a result is defined as a single reading. Therefore, there will be ten original and ten retest XRF results for each house or for the two selected units.

Calculate the average of the original XRF result and retest XRF result for each testing combination.

Square the average for each testing combination.

Add the ten squared averages together. Call this quantity C.

Multiply the number C by 0.0072. Call this quantity D.

Add the number 0.032 to D. Call this quantity E.

Take the square root of E. Call this quantity F.

Multiply F by 1.645. The result is the Retest Tolerance Limit.

Compute the average of all ten original XRF results.

Compute the average of all ten re-test XRF results.

Find the absolute difference of the two averages.

If the difference is less than the Retest Tolerance Limit, the inspection has passed the retest. If the difference of the overall averages equals or exceeds the Retest Tolerance Limit, this procedure should be repeated with ten new testing combinations. If the difference of the overall averages is equal to or greater than the Retest Tolerance Limit a second time, then the inspection should be considered deficient.

Use of this procedure is estimated to produce a spurious result approximately 1% of the time. That is, results of this procedure will call for further examination when no examination is warranted in approximately 1 out of 100 swelling units tested.

#### **BIAS AND PRECISION**

Bias and precision data were not computed for instruments using software version 5.1 and taking variable mode readings (see Appendix B, Section B3.2 of the document titled Methodology for XRF Performance Characteristic Sheets, EPA-747-R-45-008, September 1997). During the 1997 testing, there were 12 testing locations with laboratory-measured lead level equal to or greater than 4.0 mg/cm² lead which were tested using two instruments in the variable-time paint test mode. None of these testing locations had XRF readings less than 1.0 mg/cm². These data are for illustrative purposes only. Substrate correction is not recommended for this XRF instrument.

The bias and precision data given below are for instruments running software version 1.2C (or equivalent) and were computed without substrate correction using the 20-second L-shell readings from samples with reported laboratory results less than 4.0 mg/cm² lead. Readings reported by the instrument in the "x" or ">>x" format were not used in the computation. During the 1995 testing there were 15 test locations with a laboratory reported results equal to or greater than 4.0 mg/cm² lead. Of these, 12 readings were reported in the ">x" or ">>x" format, but of the 3 remaining, 1 had an XRF reading less than 1.0 mg/cm².

## Bias and Precision Results for Niton Model XL-309 Instruments Using Software Version 1.2C (or equivalent)

MEASURED AT	SUBSTRATE	BIAS (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	PRECISION (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )							
$0.0 \text{ mg/cm}^2$	All	0.0	<0.1							
$0.5 \text{ mg/cm}^2$	All	0.0	0.2							
$1.0 \text{ mg/cm}^2$	All	0.0	0.3							
$2.0 \text{ mg/cm}^2$	All	-0.1	0.5							
Precision at 1 standard deviation										

#### CLASSIFICATION OF RESULTS

This section describes how to apply information displaned by this instrument to determine the presence or absence of lead in paint using the procedar recommended in Chapter 7 of the HUD Guidelines. These guidelines recommend classifying XRF results as positive, negative, or inconclusive compared to the lead-based paint 1.0 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> standard.

For Niton Model XL-309, 701-A, 702-A, and 703-A instruments running software version 5.1 (or equivalent), XRF results are classified using a threshold. There is no inconclusive classification when using the threshold for instruments running software version 5.1 in single-family and multifamily housing, an XRF result is a single reading taken on each testing combination (a testing combination is a location on a painted surface as defined in Chapter 7 of the HUD Guidelines). For testing combinations involving up to four walls in a room, each wall is classified on its individual XRF reading (see Chapter 7 for testing procedures if there are more than four walls in a room, and for testing exterior walls). For computing the XRF result, use all digits that are displayed by the instrument as the "Combined Lead Reading". Results are classified as positive (i.e., ≥1.0 mg/cm²), if greater than or equal to the threshold, or negative (<1.0 mg/cm²) if less than the threshold. Threshold values, provided in the tables above, were determined by comparing XRF test results to the 1.0 mg/cm²) standard.

For Niton Model XL-309 instruments running software version 1.2C (or equivalent), additional procedures are needed to classify readings because this software displays readings <u>and</u> ancillary information useful for classification purposes. An algorithmic procedure is described that makes use of the XRF reading and other displayed information.

The algorithm for classifying results is first applied to 20-second nominal L-shell readings followed by 120-second nominal K-shell readings to resolve inconclusive results, or to recommend laboratory analysis of paint-chip samples, if necessary. A listing of laboratories recognized by the EPA National Lead Laboratory Accreditation Program (NLLAP) for the confirmational analysis of inconclusive results is available from the National Lead Clearinghouse at 1-800-424-LEAD.

XRF results are classified using threshold values for the Model XL-309 software version 1.2C (or equivalent). Results are classified as positive if greater than or equal to the threshold, and as negative if less than the threshold. There is no inconclusive classification when using threshold values.

However, in some cases, inconclusive results still may be obtained regardless of whether decisions are based on L-shell readings, K-shell readings, or both, as described below. Use all digits that are reported by the instrument. Threshold values, which were determined for comparing results to the 1.0 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> standard, are provided in the table above.

This instrument displays its lead-based paint measurements as both L-shell and K-shell readings based on the corresponding L-shell and K-shell X-ray fluorescence (refer to Chapter 7 of the HUD Guidelines for more details). The L-shell readings (or L-readings) are displayed as a numerical result alone, or as a numerical result preceded by either one greater-than symbol (">") or preceded by two greater-than symbols (">>"). The two greater-than symbols will only be displayed when the detected lead level is greater than 5.0 mg/cm². Since the maximum lead level reported by this instrument is 5.0 mg/cm², lead levels greater than 5.0 mg/cm² are displayed as ">>5.0". Other examples of how L-readings can be displayed (in mg/cm² units) are "0.6" and "<0.9". The numerical display alone implies that the instrument measured the lead in the paint at the displayed level using L-shell X-ray fluorescence; 0.6 mg/cm² in the example. A number preceded by a single greater-than symbol indicates that the measurable lead is deeply buried in the paint and the detected lead level is greater than the displayed value. In the example, >0.9 indicates that the instrument detected lead deeply buried in paint at a level greater than 0.9 mg/cm². K-shell readings (or K-shell readings) are displayed in one of two ways: 1) as a single K-reading plus and minus a "precision" value or 2) as an upper K-reading and lower K-reading.

The same method is used for testing in single-family and multifamily housing. The HUD Guidelines recommend taking a single XRF reading on a testing combination (a testing combination is a location on a painted surface as defined in Chapter 7 of the HUD Guidelines). For testing combinations involving up to four walls in a room, each wall is classified on its individual XRF reading (see Chapter 7 for testing procedures if there are more than four walls in a room, and for testing exterior walls).

- A. Take a single 20-second nominal reading on each testing combination.
- B. Classify the L-reading based on the type of information displayed.

If two greater-than symbols are displayed then:

Classify the >>5.0 L-reading as POSITIVE

#### If one greater-than symbol is displayed then:

- Classify the L-reading as POSITIVE if the numerical result that follows the greater than symbol is equal to or greater than 1.0
- Classify the L-reading as INCONCLUSIVE if the numerical result that follows the greater than symbol is less than 1.0

If the numerical L-reading is displayed alone (that is, without any preceding greater-than symbols) then:

- Classify the L-reading as POSITIVE if the numerical result is equal to or greater than 1.0
- Classify the L-reading as NEGATIVE if the numerical result is less than 1.0
- C. Resolution of results classified as inconclusive.

All results classified as inconclusive above require further investigation. Take a 120-second nominal XRF reading and use the K-shell reading. In multifamily housing, resolve the inconclusive classification with a single K-shell reading or laboratory analysis as described below.

- Classify the result as POSITIVE if either the K-reading minus the displayed precision value or the lower K-reading is equal to or greater than 1.0.
- Classify the result as NEGATIVE if either the K-reading plus the displayed precision value or the upper K-reading is less than 1.0.
- Classify the result as INCONCLUSIVE if neither of the above decision rules using the K-reading provided a classification which can occur when the upper K-reading is equal to or greater than 1.0 or the lower K-reading is less than 1.0.
- To resolve a remaining INCONCLUSIVE classification, remove a paintchip sample as described in Chapter 7 of the HUD Guidelines and have it analyzed by a qualified laboratory as described in Chapter 7.

#### **TESTING TIMES (FOR SOFTWARE VERSION 5.1)**

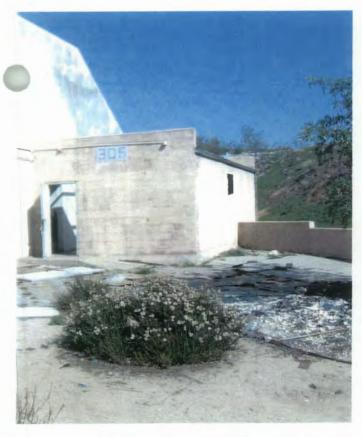
For the variable-time paint test mode "K & L + Spectra," the instrument continues measuring until a positive or negative result is indicated relative to an action level (1.0 mg/cm² for active testing) and the current precision, or until the reading is terminated by moving the instrument away from the testing surface. None of the variable mode readings were terminated because of the two-minute limit used for archive testing. The following table provides testing time information for this testing mode. Source strength and type of substrate will affect actual testing times.

	Testing Times for Instruments Running Software Version 5.1										
	Variable mode testing times (seconds)										
		All Data	Median for laboratory - measured lead levels (mg/cm²)								
	25 <sup>th</sup>	Median	75th								
Substrate	Percentile		Percentile	Pb<0.25	0.25<=Pb<10	1.0<=Pb					
Wood	6	8	15	6	20	5					
Drywall											
Metal	6	13	20	13	20	6					
Brick	6	11	20	9	10	6					
Concrete	ł										
Plaster											

#### DOCUMENTATION

This PCS was developed in accordance with the methodology in the EPA report titled Methodology for XRF Performance Characteristic Sheets (EPA 747-R-95-008, September 1997). This report provides an explanation of the statistical methodology used to construct the data in the sheets, and provides empirical results from using the recommended inconclusive ranges or thresholds for specific XRF instruments. For a copy of this document call the National Lead Clearinghouse at 1-800-424-LEAD.

This XRF Performance Characteristic Sheet was developed by the Midwest Research Institute (MRI) under a grant from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and a separate contract between MRI and the XRF manufacturer. The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) has determined that the information provided here is acceptable when used as guidance in conjunction with Chapter 7, Lead-Based Paint Inspection, of HUD's Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of Lead-Based Paint Hazards in Housing. While MRI reserves the right to revise this XRF Performance Characteristic Sheet at any time, HUD's statement of acceptance would not apply to a revision until HUD has reviewed the revision and made a determination of its acceptability.



Site 1, Bldg. 305, Lead Paint on Exterior Walls



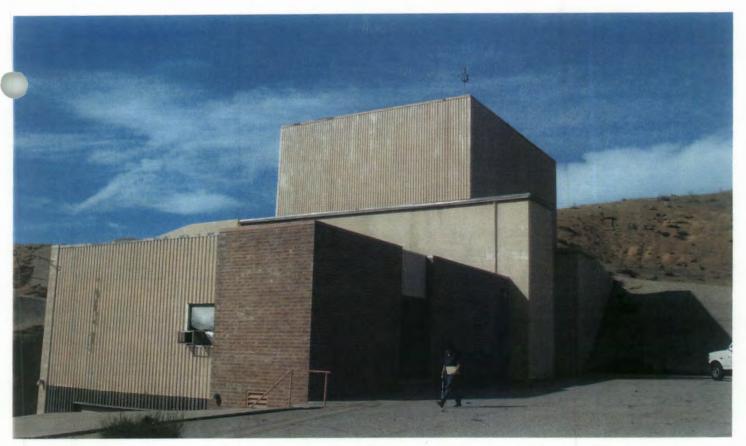
Site 1, Bldg. 305, Asbestos Containing Drywall Joint Compound



Site 1, Bldg. 305, Asbestos Containing Vinyl Floor Tile & Mastic & Base of Step



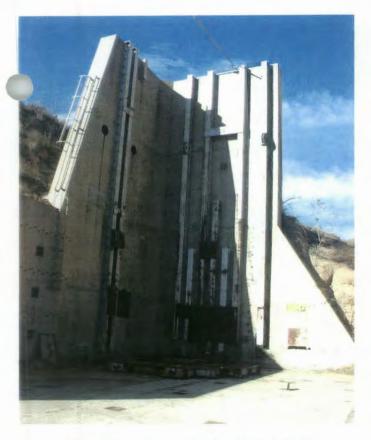
Site 1, Bldg. 305, Non-Asbestos Plaster Debris



Site 1, Bldg. 303, Exterior Lead Paint on Steel/Concrete Walls; Asbestos Containing Red Brick Grout/Mortar & Asbestos Containing Wall Putty/Caulking



Site 1, Bldg. 303, Exterior Lead Paint on Steel/Concrete Walls; Asbestos Containing Red Brick Grout/Mortar & Asbestos Containing Wall Putty/Caulking



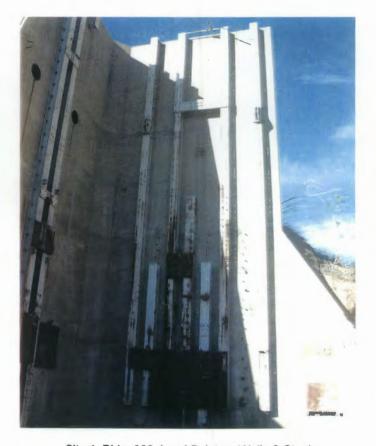
Site 1, Bldg. 308, Lead Paint on Walls & Steel Components



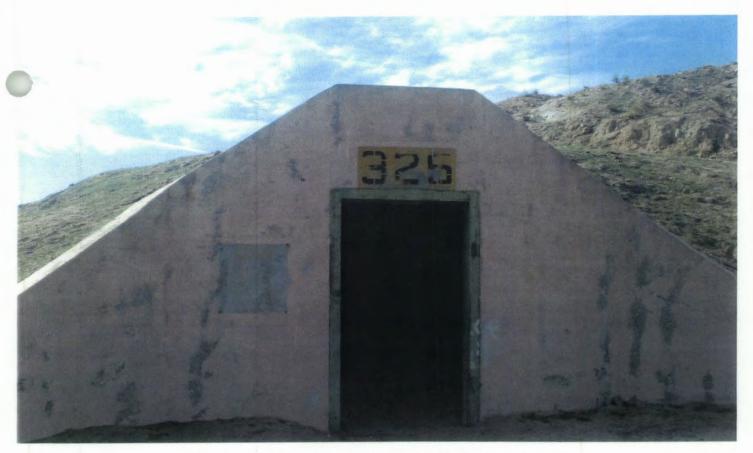
Site 1, Bldg. 308, Lead Paint on Walls & Steel Components



Site 1, Bldg. 308, Lead Paint on Walls & Steel Components



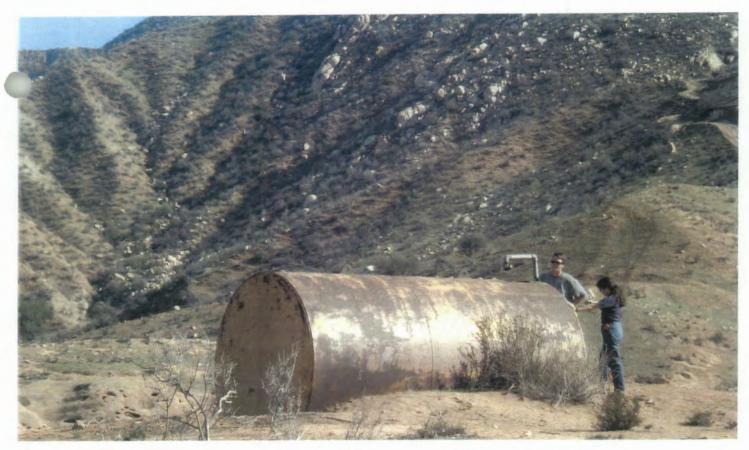
Site 1, Bldg. 308, Lead Paint on Walls & Steel Components



Site 1, Bldg. 325, Lead Paint on Walls & Components



Site 1, Bldg. 311, Lead Paint on Walls & Components; Asbestos Containing Exterior Textured Paint



Site 1, Lead Paint on Steel/Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on Steel/Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Steel/Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Steel/Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Steel/Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Steel/Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Steel/Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Steel/Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Steel/Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Steel/Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Steel/Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Steel/Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Steel/Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Steel/Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Steel/Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Steel/Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Steel/Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Metal Components



Site 1, Lead Paint on all Metal Components



Site 1, Bldg T4, Lead Paint on Exterior Walls & Wood Components



Site 1, Bldg. T4, Lead Paint on Interior Walls



Site 1, Bldg T4, Non-Asbestos Wall/Ceiling Material



Site 1, Bldg. T4, Lead Paint on Exterior Walls



Site 1, Bldg. T4, Lead Paint on Fence Components

# **APPENDIX B**

MOLD SURVEY
FOR BEAUMONT SITE 1

### CITY

# Environmental Services, Inc.

Hazardous Materials Inspections & Abatement Management 1450 S. Burlington Ave., Suite B Los Angeles, CA 90006 Phone 213-632-0410 Fax 213-632-0414

January 27, 2002

CITY Project No. 2614

Ms. Theresa Congdon
TETRA TECH, INC.
348 West Hospitality Lane
Suite 100
San Bernardino, California 92408

Subject:

Limited Mold Indoor Air Quality Assessment Report Performed at Lockheed Beaumont Site No. 1, as well a recommended remediation work plan

Dear Ms. Congdon:

As requested, CITY Environmental Services, Inc. (CITY) performed a limited indoor air quality assessment (LIAQA) at the above project site in response to concerns of potential mold growth.

This letter report presents a summary of the results of the LIAQA conducted by CITY on the dates of January 17, 18, & 24, 2002 at the above project site. The LIAQA included visual observations for mold, a moisture survey, sampling of suspect materials, and laboratory analysis of samples collected. Six (6) tape-lift samples, and eight (8) total spore air samples were collected during this assessment.

All samples were delivered to City Laboratory Services for analysis. The laboratory analytical results for samples collected during this LIAQA are enclosed in the attachments to this report.

A LIAQA does not include a destructive investigation.

CITY is not responsible for changes in the site conditions after the date/time of this survey, nor is it responsible for identifying potential concerns in inaccessible or non-visible areas of the site.

Note: The client is advised that the consultant provides no guarantee the sample analysis results will not change since mold, mildew and/or fungus are naturally occurring. The client should understand that the analysis results are true and accurate as of the date and time collected.

Findings of the assessment, conclusions, and recommendations are summarized below.

Ms. Theresa Congdon TETRA TECH, INC. January 27, 2002 LIAQA Report Performed @ Lockheed Beaumont Site No. 1 Page 2 of 2

#### 1.0 Findings

#### 1.1 Visual Inspection for Evidence of Fungal Growth or Moisture Damage

Please see section 2.0 below for a summary of all interior building components/surfaces with visible evidence of mold growth and/or water intrusion.

#### 1.2 Moisture Survey

CITY used a Delmhorst BD-10 moisture meter to identify locations where moisture may be leaking into the building.

The Delmhorst BD-10 moisture meter readings indicate the following conditions for wood:

```
Delmhorst BD-10 moisture content of \geq6% but \leq 15%: DRY Delmhorst BD-10 moisture content of > 15 % but \leq 17 %: AT RISK Delmhorst BD-10 moisture content of > 17 % but \leq 40 %: WET
```

For non-wood surfaces Delmhorst BD-10 moisture meter gives a reference scale and reads from 0-100 on a relative basis:

```
Delmhorst BD-10 reading of > 0 but \le 85: DRY
Delmhorst BD-10 reading of > 85 but < 95: AT RISK
Delmhorst BD-10 reading of \ge 95: WET
```

Please see section 2.0 below for a summary of all interior building components/surfaces with WET moisture content.

#### 1.3 Tape Lift Samples

Tape-lift samples were collected using Scotch brand adhesive tape mounted directly onto pre-cleaned microscope slides.

Laboratory sample analysis has confirmed the presence of the following molds on interior components/surfaces at this site (See Tape Lift Samples T-01 through T-03 collected on January 17, 2002) Buildings 305 and 312 interior walls and ceilings:

- Aspergillus/Penicillium
- Basidiospores;
- Chaetomium
- Cladosporium

Ms. Theresa Congdon TETRA TECH, INC. January 27, 2002 LIAQA Report Performed @ Lockheed Beaumont Site No. 1 Page 3 of 3

- Hyphal-Like-Fragments
- Stachybotrys

Laboratory sample analysis has confirmed the presence of the following molds on interior components/surfaces at this site (See Tape Lift Samples T-01 through T-03 collected on January 18, 2002) building 315 interior walls and ceilings:

- Alternaria
- Ascospores
- Aspergillus/Penicillium
- Epicoccum
- Hyphal-Like-Fragments
- Pithomyces
- Stachybotrys

#### 1.4 Total Mold Spore Air Samples

Mold spore air sampling was performed using Cyclex-d cassettes and high volume air sampling pumps. Samples were collected at flow rates of 20 liters of air per minute (LPM) for a period of 10 minutes to yield a total volume of 200 liters of air.

The following describes the amount and type of total airborne mold spores collected on January 24, 2002 present inside and outside of the buildings at the time of CITY's assessment.

The exterior air sample of bldg.# 305 contained 210 total spores per cubic meter of air and confirmed the presence of the following airborne mold species (Sample No. A-01):

- Ascospores
- Aspergillus/Penicillium
- Basidiospores
- Chaetomium
- Hyphal-Like-Fragment
- Stachybotrys

The air samples collected inside bldg.# 305, in the middle of the bldg. & NE corner, contained 380-435 total spores per cubic meter of air and confirmed the presence of the following airborne mold species (Sample No. A-02 and A-03):

Ascospores

Ms. Theresa Congdon TETRA TECH, INC. January 27, 2002 LIAQA Report Performed @ Lockheed Beaumont Site No. 1 Page 4 of 4

- Aspergillus/Penicillium
- Basidiospores
- Chaetomium
- Hyphal-Like-Fragment
- Stachybotrys

The exterior air sample of bldg.# 312 contained 135 total spores per cubic meter of air and confirmed the presence of the following airborne mold species (Sample No. A-04):

- Ascospores
- Basidiospores
- Hyphal-Like-Fragment

The air samples collected inside bldg.# 312, in the middle of the bldg., contained 195 total spores per cubic meter of air and confirmed the presence of the following airborne mold species (Sample No. A-05):

- Ascospores
- Aspergillus/Penicillium
- Basidiospores
- Chaetomium
- Hyphal-Like-Fragment
- Stachybotrys

The exterior air sample of bldg.# 315 contained 190 total spores per cubic meter of air and confirmed the presence of the following airborne mold species (Sample No. A-06):

- Ascospores
- · Aspergillus/Penicillium
- Basidiospores
- Hyphal-Like-Fragment

The air samples collected inside bldg.# 315, inside main office of bldg., middle & inside tool storage room of bldg., contained 340-435 total spores per cubic meter of air and confirmed the presence of the following airborne mold species (Sample No. A-07 & A-08):

- Ascospores
- Aspergillus/Penicillium
- Basidiospores
- Chaetomium
- Hyphal-Like-Fragment

Ms. Theresa Congdon TETRA TECH, INC. January 27, 2002 LIAQA Report Performed @ Lockheed Beaumont Site No. 1 Page 5 of 5

Stachybotrys

# 1.5 Interpretation of Sample Analysis Data

Generally speaking, the indoor air sample data were considered high, as the total mold spore level and individual mold spore distribution recorded indoors, were higher to the outdoor control data.

Molds occur naturally in our environment. Many of the molds identified in this survey live in soils or on plants. Identification of mold in indoor environments is not unusual and should generally not be of concern when low concentrations are found in indoor environments. There are a limited species of known molds that are classified as Toxigenic (capable of producing potent toxins) or pathogenic (infectious) to humans and animals. These molds include but are not limited to the following:

- Stachybotrys chartarum (atra)
- Penicillium species
- Aspergillus fumigatus
- Aspergillus flavus
- Aspergillus niger
- Aspergillus versicolor
- Aspergillus ustus
- Other Aspergillus species
- Fusarium species
- Memnoniella species
- Myrothecium species
- Trichoderma species

Of the above noted molds Penicillium, Aspergillus, and Stachybotrys were identified inside buildings 305, 312, and 315 at this site during this LIAQA. The attachment section of this report provides a summary of all laboratory analytical results.

## 2.0 Conclusions and Recommendations

The following conclusions and recommendations are made based on visual observations for mold, a moisture survey, sampling of suspect materials, and laboratory analysis of samples collected from the building.

Toxigenic molds have been identified in bldg. # 305, 312, & 315 of the project site. CITY recommends immediate isolation and restriction of access to these buildings to mitigate potential health risks until remediation activities have been completed.

Summary of Findings and Recommended Remediation Activity Requirements

The source of moisture intrusion for all three building is apparently the roofs and roofing membranes of the buildings. CITY did not observe any leaking plumbing lines while at the site.

Location	WET Moisture Readings	Visible Suspect Mold	Other evidence of deterioration or moisture intrusion	Recommendations for Remediation  AFTER IDENTIFYING AND REMEDIATION THE SOURCE OF MOISTURE INTRUSION
Bldg. 305	Interior drywall walls and ceilings, interior wood studs, interior concrete floors	On majority of all drywall and wood studs	Deterioration/damage evident on walls and ceilings	Remove and dispose all affected drywall; decontaminate all structural members Approx 6,000 square feet
Bldg. 312	Interior ceilings	Interior ceilings	Deterioration/damage evident on walls – roofing material also deteriorated and exposing the plywood roof deck	Remove and dispose all affected ceiling components and associated debris; decontaminate all structural members  Approx 700 square feet
Bldg. 315	Interior walls and ceilings	Interior ceilings	N/A	Remove and dispose all affected ceiling components; decontaminate structural members  Approx 1,500 square feet

With the exception of the above noted items, all other surfaces/components at this site(s) confirmed DRY moisture readings and showed no visible evidence of mold growth.

To prevent further growth of molds in this unit, all sources of water intrusion must be repaired/remediated. The surfaces with mold growth should remain dried and dehumidified. Ceiling space or other inaccessible areas must be ventilated. The building components showing visible mold growth as well as those surfaces confirmed, by tape-lift sampling, to contain mold should be removed. Additional investigation may be necessary to determine the full extent of mold growth in other possible locations. Exhaust/ventilation systems should be cleaned as deemed appropriate using HEPA vacuuming and/or biocide gas treatment techniques. Walls, ceilings, floors, counters, fixtures (within the work area) and other surfaces deemed appropriate that do not show visible mold growth should be cleaned using HEPA vacuuming and/or biocide agent-cleaning techniques. Walls/ceilings may then be painted with paint containing a biocide additive.

Under certain circumstances, the occupant's personal belongings such as clothes, as well as furniture, etc. may be decontaminated by high temperature dry-cleaning/laundering, HEPA vacuuming, and decontamination using biocide agents.

All interior remediation work should be performed under controlled conditions such that mold contamination is not dispersed to other areas of the unit. HEPA filtered negative air pressure units should be used to control emissions and to reduce the potential to disperse molds and other contaminants throughout the unit. Additional air and tape lift sampling may be required during remediation activities to measure the effectiveness of the engineering controls. Additional air and tape lift sampling is strongly recommended at the completion of each remediation activity (per controlled

Ms. Theresa Congdon TETRA TECH, INC. January 27, 2002 LIAQA Report Performed @ Lockheed Beaumont Site No. 1 Page 7 of 7

work area) to confirm/certify the complete/successful removal of mold, drying of surfaces, and application of biocide prior to reapplication of permanent building components.

## 3.0 Asbestos & Lead-Based Paint

Buildings constructed prior to 1979 are presumed to contain asbestos and lead-based paint unless the building material and surfaces are tested and confirmed otherwise. An asbestos survey is required for any building (regardless of age) prior to renovation or demolition. The presence of asbestos containing material (ACM) and lead-based paint (LBP) must be confirmed prior to any activity that would disturb such material. ACM and LBP are regulated by many local, state, and federal agencies. The handling, removal and disposal of ACM and LBP must be performed by licensed and Cal/OSHA registered contractors with properly trained and certified personnel.

#### 4.0 Disclaimer

Indoor air quality is the product of multiple influences and attempts to ascertain the source of any problems does not always produce the expected results. Environmental stresses such as improper lighting, noise, vibration, ergonomic stresses and job-related psychosocial problems can produce symptoms that are similar to those associated with poor air quality.

CITY has made its best effort to perform this LIAQA to evaluate the indoor air quality in the unit, using standard indoor air quality evaluation techniques as recommended by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health. However CITY shall not be responsible for claims that may arise out of failure to correct problems or to identify all problems that may exist due to the air quality in this unit.

Services performed by CITY under our contract were conducted in a manner consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by members of the profession currently practicing in the same general area and under the same general conditions. No other representation and no warranty express or implied, or guarantee is included or intended in this report or in any subsequent opinion or document. The client should recognize that special risks occur whenever engineering or related disciplines are applied to identify indoor air quality. Even a comprehensive sampling and testing program, carefully implemented with the appropriate equipment and experienced personnel under the direction of a trained and registered professional who functions in accordance with a professional standard of care, may fail to detect certain conditions because they are hidden, and therefore cannot be considered in the development of an indoor air quality assessment program. The passage of time must also be considered, and the client should recognize that, due to natural occurrences or direct or indirect human intervention at the unit or at areas distant from it, actual conditions might change quickly. It should be recognized that nothing can be done to eliminate risks altogether, but certain techniques can be applied by CITY to help reduce the risks to that level deemed tolerable by the client. In any event,

Ms. Theresa Congdon TETRA TECH, INC. January 27, 2002 LIAQA Report Performed @ Lockheed Beaumont Site No. 1 Page 8 of 8

the scope of services provided by CITY must be that which the client agrees to or selects in light of personal risk preferences and other considerations.

Since the facts forming the basis for this letter report are subject to professional interpretation, differing conclusions could be reached. CITY does not assume responsibility for the discovery and elimination of hazards that could possibly cause accidents, injuries, or damage. Compliance with submitted recommendations or suggestions does not assure elimination of hazards or the fulfillment of client's obligation under federal, state, or local laws or any modifications or changes to such laws.

None of the work performed hereunder shall constitute or be represented as a legal opinion of any kind or nature, but shall be a representation of findings of fact from records examined.

Please do not hesitate to contact us at (213) 632-0410 if you have any questions regarding this LIAQA report.

Sincerely,

CITY Environmental Services, Inc.

Frank Najafi

Industrial Hygienist/Project Manager Certified Indoor Air Quality Manager

Cal/OSHA Certified Asbestos Consultant, No. 93-1185

Cal/DHS Lead-Based Paint project Designer, No. 089

California Registered Environmental Assessor, No. 05542

Enclosures:

Laboratory sample analysis reports including field data sheets and chain-of custody forms.

Standard Mold Remediation Work Plan

Scr. to Lab Name:	For Total Mc. Analysis. Turn Around Time Required:
Lab To Provide Results To: Theresa Cong Phone:	Fax:
Telia Tech. Son B	Esnardino office
NON-VIABLE	MOLD AIR SAMPLE DATA SHEET

JOB NAME:	Lockheed Besumont site #1	SAMPLING DATE: 1-24-03
<b>JOB LOCATION:</b>	Beaumont, CA	SAMPLED BY: Adrie une Shivek
CLIENT:	Tetra Tech	ANALYZED BY: LEE FOULO.
JOB NUMBER:	126/4	PAGE: \ of \ \

NAME /	WORK AREA / ACTIVITIES	SAMPLE	COLLECTOR	FLOWRATE	TI	ME	DURATION	VOLUME		
REFERENCE SSN / TITLE		NUMBER		(Lpm)	ON	OFF	(Minutes)	(Liters)		
	Exterior Ambient From Bldg. #305	501	Cyclex-d	ST: 20.0 L SP ZOL	915 SM	9:25 NM.	10	700		
				AV ZOL						
	Mag. 11 300	D-02	Cyclex-d	ST: 20.0 L SP 20. L AV 20 L	9.26 BM	19:36 DM	10	200		
	Inside bldg.#305 NE Corner	D-03	Cyclex-d	ST: 20.0 L SP 20 e AV 20 L	9.43 D.M	<b>9</b> 53 4.11.	10	100		
	54 5 5 11 512	D-04	Cyclex-d	ST: 20.0 L SP 20. L AV 20 L	9:55 AM	20:01 M4	10	2.O.O		
	Inside middle of Bldg. #312	20:4	Cyclex-d	ST: 20.0 SP 20 AV 20	10 16	10:50 M.4	10	200		

CITY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. Phone: 213-632-0410 Fax: 213-632-0414 1450 S. Burlington Avenue, #B, LA, CA 90006

Relinquished By:	Date: 1 /2 3/03 Time:
	Date: 1/25/03 Time:

Submit to Lab Name: For Total Mold Analysis. Turn	Around Time Required:	ush	_
Lab To Provide Results To: Therese CongolonPhone: Fa	x:		
Lab To Provide Results To: Therese CongdonPhone:  Tetra Tech San Bernardino  NON-VIABLE MOLD AIR SAMPLE D	ATA SHEET		
JOBNAME: Lockheed Beamont; CA Site#1	SAMPLING DATE:	1-20	1-03
JOB LOCATION: Desument CA	SAMPLED BY:	ASTI	چ بې بېو
CLIENT: Tetra Tech	ANALYZED BY:	Mike	Ara
JOB NUMBER: 2614	PAGE:	2	of

NAME / REFERENCE SSN / TITLE	WORK AREA / ACTIVITIES	SAMPLE NUMBER	COLLECTOR	FLOWRATE (Lpm)	ON TI	ME OFF	DURATION (Minutes)	VOLUME (Liters)		
	Exterior Ambient of Bldg.#315	D-06	Cyclex-d	ST: 20.0 SP 10 L AV 20 L	10'25 DM	10:35 DM	(C)	200		
	Inside main office of Bldg. #315, middle	D-07	Cyclex-d	ST: 20.0 SP ZOL AV ZOL	10:39 1. M	10:49	10	200		
	Inside tool slower room of bldg.#315 middle	80-4	Cyclex-d	ST: 20.0 L SP 20 L AV 20 L	10:55 10:55	11.05 s.M	10	700		
			Cyclex-d	ST: 20.0 SP AV						
			Cyclex-d	ST: 20.0 SP AV						

CITY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. Phone: 213-632-0410 Fax: 213-632-0414 1450 S. Burlington Avenue, #B, LA, CA 90006

Relinquished By:	Date: _//25/03 Time:
Received By:	Date: 1/25/03 Time:

CITY Laboratory Services

1450 South Burlington Avenue, Suite B

Los Angeles, California 90006 Phone: 213-632-0410

Fax: 213-632-0414

Laboratory Reference No. 177954

**Date Collected:** 1/24/03

Date Received: 1/25/03

Date: Analyzed: 1/25/03

Client:

Tetra Tech, Inc.

**Project Name:** 

Lockheed Beaumont site # 1

Analyst: Mike Arauio

Approyed Signatory:

Client Project No.: 2614

Total Mold Spore Analysis – Air - Microbiologica

Total Mold Spore Analysis – Air - Microbiological Analysis												
Sample Number	A	A-01		02	A-	-03	Λ	-04	A	-05	A	-06
Sample Location		Exterior Ambient from		Inside middle of		Inside bldg. #305, NE		Exterior Ambient of		middle of	Exterior a	imbient of
		# 305		bldg.#305		corner		bldg.#312		,#312	Bldg	.#315
Air Volume (Liters)	2	00	20	00	20	00	2	00	200		200	
SPORE TYPES	Count	Count/m3	Count	Count/m3	Count	Count/m3	Count	Count/m3	Count	Count/m3	Count	Count/m3
Alternaria		-	-		-	-		-	-	-		
Arthrinium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Ascospores	7	35	13	65	11	55	5	25	5	25	6	30
Aspergillus/Penicillium	3	15	12	60	13	65	-	-	2	10	44	20
Aureobasidium	-	-						-				
Basidiospores	6	30	14	70	12	60	4	20	5	25	77	35
Cercospora	-	-	-		-	-	-					
Chaetomium	8	40	5	25	6	30	_		2	10	-	
Cladosporium	-		<u>-</u>	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					<u> </u>	
Conifer	-	-	-	-	_	-		L	<u> </u>	-		
Curvularia	-	-	-	-	_		-	-	-	-	-	-
Debris	6	30	7	35	4	20	7	35	9	45	99	45
Drechslera/Bipolaris		-	_		-	·	_		<u>.</u>	-	<u>-</u>	
Epicoccum	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-
Fibers	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	<u> </u>		
Grass	-	-	-	-	_		-	-	-	-		
Hyphal-Like Fragments	5	25	4	20	6	30	4	20	5	25	8	40
Myxomycete/Smut	_	-	_	-	-		-		-		-	
Pithomyces	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Pollen	4	20	9	45	7	35	6	30	8	40	4	20
Skin Cells	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Stachybotrys	3	15	15	75	17	85	-	-	3	15		-
Stemphylium	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unknown	-	-	8	40	*	-	11	5	-	-		
TOTAL SPORES		210		435		380		135		195		190

One to two drops of staining/mounting media (Lacto Phenol Cotton Blue) is placed in the center of a clean pre-labeled slide. Glass cover slip is removed from sample cassette and slowly placed inside staining solution on an angle with the exposed collection media up. Another drop of staining/mounting media is placed on top of the exposed collection media and covered with the cover slip. The slide is scanned initially to locate the sampling trace. Fields are analyzed in entire focal depth and examined in other planes then moved down to next field in same travis. Six fields are counted in each travis. Thirty travises are counted in entire sampling trace. Identification of spores is based on spore morphology, characteristics, appearance, color, pores, scars, points of attachment and pegs. Some fungi cannot be seen under the light microscope. Total spore count is measured in spores/m3 of air. This report applies only to the specific items tested. It is indicative of the quantities of apparently identical or similar products or procedures and may not reflect other conditions present. It is not the intent of this report to make any statements regarding potential health effects or suggest any remedial procedures. For information regarding remediation call CITY. This report should not be produced except in full, without the written approval of CITY. Analytical results and reports are generated by CITY at the request of and for the exclusive use of the person or entity named on the report. Results, reports or copies of same will not be released by CITY to any third party without prior written request from client. This report applies only to the samples(s) tested. This report must not be reproduced except in full, unless approved by CITY. The client is solely responsible for the use and interpretation of test results and reports requested from CITY. CITY is not able to assess the degree of hazard resulting from materials analyzed. CITY reserves the right to dispose of all samples after a period of thirty (30) days, accord

**CITY Laboratory Services** 

1450 South Burlington Avenue, Suite B Los Angeles, California 90006

Phone: 213-632-0410 Fax: 213-632-0414 Laboratory Reference No. 177954

**Date Collected:** 1/24/03

Date Received: 1/25/03

Date: Analyzed: 1/25/03

Client: Tetra Tech. Inc. Analyst:

Mike Araujo

**Project Name:** 

Lockheed Beaumont site # 1

Approved Signatory:

Client Project No.: 2614

		Total Mo	old Spore	e Analysi	is – Air	- Microbi	iologica	l Analysi:	S			
Sample Number	A	-07	A-	-08								
Sample Location	Inside main	office of Bldg.	Inside tool s	Inside tool storage room								
	# 315,	middle		15, Middle								
Air Volume (Liters)	2	00	20	00								
SPORE TYPES	Count	Count/m3	Count	Count/m3	Count	Count/m3	Count	Count/m3	Count	Count/m3	Count	Count/m3
Alternaria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arthrinium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ascospores	10	50	13	65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aspergillus/Penicillium	8	40	12	60	-	-	-	-		-	_	-
Aureobasidium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Basidiospores	7	35	14	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cercospora	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chaetomium	8	40	5	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cladosporium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conifer		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Curvularia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debris	12	60	7	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Drechslera/Bipolaris	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Epicoccum	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fibers		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grass	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hyphal-Like Fragments	9	45	4	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Myxomycete/Smut	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pithomyces	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pollen	8	40	9	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Skin Cells	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stachybotrys	6	30	15	75	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Stemphylium	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Unknown	-	-	8	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL SPORES		340		435								

One to two drops of staining/mounting media (Lacto Phenol Cotton Blue) is placed in the center of a clean pre-labeled slide. Glass cover slip is removed from sample cassette and slowly placed inside staining solution on an angle with the exposed collection media up. Another drop of staining/mounting media is placed on top of the exposed collection media and covered with the cover slip. The slide is scanned initially to locate the sampling trace. Fields are analyzed in entire focal depth and examined in other planes then moved down to next field in same travis. Six fields are counted in each travis. Thirty travises are counted in entire sampling trace. Identification of spores is based on spore morphology, characteristics, appearance, color, pores, scars, points of attachment and pegs. Some fungi cannot be seen under the light microscope. Total spore count is measured in spores/m3 of air. This report applies only to the specific items tested. It is indicative of the quantities of apparently identical or similar products or procedures and may not reflect other conditions present. It is not the intent of this report to make any statements regarding potential health effects or suggest any remedial procedures. For information regarding remediation call CITY. This report should not be produced except in full, without the written approval of CITY. Analytical results and reports are generated by CITY at the request of and for the exclusive use of the person or entity named on the report. Results, reports or copies of same will not be released by CITY to any third party without prior written request from client. This report applies only to the samples(s) tested. This report must not be reproduced except in full, unless approved by CITY. The client is solely responsible for the use and interpretation of test results and reports requested from CITY. CITY is not able to assess the degree of hazard resulting from materials analyzed. CITY reserves the right to dispose of all samples after a period of thirty (30) days, accord

#### CHAIN OF CUSTODY FOR LABC **ATORY SAMPLE ANALYSIS** Date: **Project** inchescal bearines & Project Page: Of: Location: Side Acid Name: 121511 **Project** Laboratory **Analysis** To fac Milel Results CITY Number: Name: Requested: **Needed By:** Laboratory to fax a copy of the results to 213-632-0414 and a copy to the attention of: Therefore Confete a fax no. 909-889-1391 SAMPLE DATE MATERIAL DESCRIPTION **MATERIAL LOCATION(S) QUANTITY & UNITS OF MEASURE** 305-41-1 In frier Diynull( 85-M-2 312-11-3 Relinquished By: Received By: V Laboratory Services Requested By: Frank Najafi lignature: Signature: CITY Environmental Services, Inc. PO BOX 641818 Date: 1-17-03 ate: Los Angeles, CA 90064 ime: Time: elinquished By: Received By: Phone: (213) 632-0410 Fax: (213) 632-0414 gnature: Signature:

Date:

Time:

ite:

me:

**CITY Laboratory Services** 

1450 South Burlington Avenue, Suite B

Los Angeles, California 90006

Phone: 213-632-0410 Fax: 213-632-0414

Laboratory Reference No. 177214

**Date Collected:** 1/17/03

Client:

Analyst:

Tetra Tech. Inc. **Project Name:** 

Mike Araujo Approxed Signatory:

Date: Analyzed: 1/17/03

Date Received: 1/17/03

Lockheed Beaumont-Site No. 1

Client Project No.: 2614

Mold Direct Examination – Bulk / Tape Lift Microbiological Analysis											
Sample Number	305-m-1	305-m-2	312-m-3								
Sample Location	Bldg. 305 Interior Drywall walls	Bldg. 305 Interior Drywall walls	Bldg. 312 Interior Drywall Ceiling								
IDENTIFICATION	Count	Count	Count	Count							
Alternaria	-	-	<u>-</u>	-							
Arthrinium	•		-	-							
Ascospores	•	-	<u>-</u>	-							
Aspergillus/Penicillium	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	-							
Aureobasidium	-	-	-	-							
Basidiospores	XX	X	XXX	-							
Botrytis	-	-	-	-							
Cercospora	-	-	-	-							
Chaetomium	XXX	XX	XXX	-							
Cladosporium	X	XX	X	-							
Conifer	-	-	-	-							
Curvularia	-	-	-	-							
Debris	-	-	-	-							
Drechslera/Bipolaris	-	-	-	-							
Epicoccum	-	-		-							
Fibers	-	-	-	-							
Fusarium	-	-	-	-							
Grass	-	-	-	-							
Hyphal-Like Fragments	XX	X	X	-							
Myxomycete/Smut	-	-	-	-							
Rust	-	-	-	-							
Pithomyces	-	-	-	-							
Pollen	-	-	-	<u>-</u>							
Skin Cells	-	-	-								
Stachybotrys	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	-							
Stemphylium	-	-	-	-							
Torula	-	-	-	-							
Ulocladium/Stemphylium	: <del>-</del>	-	-	-							
Unknown	XX	X	XX	-							

One to two drops of staining/mounting media (Lacto Phenol Cotton Blue) is placed in the center of a clean pre-labeled slide. Approximately 1" of the tape is cut and lifted from sampling slide and slowly placed on an angle with the sticky side up on the slide, another drop of staining/mounting media is placed onto the tape and covered with a cover slip. The slide is scanned initially and individual spores and particulates are identified and estimation is made to indicate amount of spores and coverage. Fields are analyzed in entire focal depth and examined in other planes. Identification of spores is made based on spore morphology, characteristics, appearance, color, pores, scars, points of attachments and pegs. Some fungi cannot be seen under the light microscope. Total spores count is measured in counts: X=trace (less then 10) XX=minor (between 10-20) XXX= major (between 21-50) XXXX=abundant (greater then 50). This report applies only to the specific items tested. It is indicative of the quantities of apparently identical or similar products or procedures and may not reflect other conditions present. It is not the intent of this report to make any statements regarding potential health effects or suggest any remedial procedures. For information regarding remediation call CITY. This report should not be produced except in full, without the written approval of CITY. Analytical results and reports are generated by CITY at the request of and for the exclusive use of the person or entity named on such report. Results, reports or copies of same will not be released by CITY to any third party without prior written request from client. This report applies only to the samples(s) tested. This report must not be reproduced except in full, unless approved by CITY. The client is solely responsible for the use and interpretation of test results and reports requested from CITY. CITY is not able to assess the degree of hazard resulting from materials analyzed. CITY reserves the right to dispose of all samples after a period of thirty (30) days, according to all state and federal guidelines, unless otherwise specified.

-			CHAIN O	F CUSTOD	Y FOR I	LAB ATO	RY SAMPLE ANA	ALYSIS		
Cate:	1//	13	Project Location: B	Kheed eaument	site#1	Project Bea	Lockherd site # 1		ge: /	Of: /
Project Number:	261	4.1	Laboratory Name:	City		Analysis Requested:	Total Mold	Re	esults eeded By:	5 clay
Laboratory	to fax a co	py of the r	esults to 213-632	-0414 and a copy	to the attenti	on of: Adme	a Congdon	)		
SAMPLE #	DATE	MATER	IAL DESCRIPT	ION		L LOCATION(S)			MEASURI	
T-01 T-02 T-03	V/18/03	Hape	lift san	nple	Main i		ceilingfile by			
Relinquished Signature:  Date: 'ime: -elinquished ignature: ate: me:	Adir Adir 1/2 1By:	lienne Que 0/03	Shivak	Received By: Signature: Date: Time: Received By: Signature: Date: Time:			Laboratory Services Refrank Najafi CITY Environmental Services PO BOX 641818 Los Angeles, CA 90064 Phone: (213) 632-0410 Fax: (213) 632-0414			

CITY Laboratory Services

1450 South Burlington Avenue, Suite B

Los Angeles, California 90006 Phone: 213-632-0410

Fax: 213-632-0414

Laboratory Reference No. 177242

**Date Collected:** 1/18/03

Client: Tetra Tech. Inc. **Analyst:** Mike Araujo

Date Received: 1/22/03

Date: Analyzed: 1/22/03

**Project Name:** 

Client Project No.: 2614.1

Lockheed Beaumont Site # 1

Signatory:

	Mold Direct Examina	tion – Bulk / Tape Lift Mi	crobiological Analysis	
Sample Number	T-01	T-02	T-03	
Sample Location	Main office, by the light fixture on	Tool storage room, on ceiling tile above	Tool storage room, west side above	
	ceiling tile above desk. Bldg. 315	tool bench. Bldg. 315	cabinet on ceiling tile	
IDENTIFICATION	Count	Count	Count	Count
Alternaria	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	-
Arthrinium	<u>-</u>	-	-	-
Ascospores	XX	XXXX	XXXX	-
Aspergillus/Penicillium	XX	-	-	-
Aureobasidium	-	-	-	· ·
Basidiospores	•	-	<del>-</del>	•
Botrytis	-	-	-	-
Cercospora	-	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-
Chaetomium	-	<del>-</del>	-	-
Cladosporium	-	-	-	-
Conifer	-	-	-	-
Curvularia	-	-	-	-
Debris	X	<u>-</u>	-	-
Drechslera/Bipolaris		-	-	-
Epicoccum		-	X	-
Fibers		-	-	-
Fusarium	-	-	-	-
Grass	-	-	•	_
Hyphal-Like Fragments	XXX	XXXX	XXXX	-
Myxomycete/Smut	-	-		_
Rust		-	-	-
Pithomyces	X	-	•	-
Pollen				-
Skin Cells	-		-	-
Stachybotrys	-	XXXX	<del>-</del>	-
Stemphylium	-		-	-
Torula	•		-	-

One to two drops of staining/mounting media (Lacto Phenol Cotton Blue) is placed in the center of a clean pre-labeled slide. Approximately 1" of the tape is cut and lifted from sampling slide and slowly placed on an angle with the sticky side up on the slide, another drop of staining/mounting media is placed onto the tape and covered with a cover slip. The slide is scanned initially and individual spores and particulates are identified and estimation is made to indicate amount of spores and coverage. Fields are analyzed in entire focal depth and examined in other planes. Identification of spores is made based on spore morphology, characteristics, appearance, color, pores, scars, points of attachments and pegs. Some fungi cannot be seen under the light microscope. Total spores count is measured in counts: X=trace (less then 10) XX=minor (between 10-20) XXX= major (between 21-50) XXXX=abundant (greater then 50). This report applies only to the specific items tested. It is indicative of the quantities of apparently identical or similar products or procedures and may not reflect other conditions present. It is not the intent of this report to make any statements regarding potential health effects or suggest any remedial procedures. For information regarding remediation call CITY. This report should not be produced except in full, without the written approval of CITY. Analytical results and reports are generated by CITY at the request of and for the exclusive use of the person or entity named on such report. Results, reports or copies of same will not be released by CITY to any third party without prior written request from client. This report applies only to the samples(s) tested. This report must not be reproduced except in full, unless approved by CITY. The client is solely responsible for the use and interpretation of test results and reports requested from CITY. CITY is not able to assess the degree of hazard resulting from materials analyzed. CITY reserves the right to dispose of all samples after a period of thirty (30) days, according to all state and federal guidelines, unless otherwise specified.

#### PRATORY SAMPLE ANALYSIS CHAIN OF CUSTODY FOR LA Project Beamont Project Lockheed Location: Beaumont Site #1 Page: Of: Date: Name: SITE #1 Results **Project** Laboratory **Analysis** Needed By: Number: Requested: Name: Laboratory to fax a copy of the results to 213-632-0414 and a copy to the attention of: MATERIAL LOCATION(S) **QUANTITY & UNITS OF** SAMPLE DATE MATERIAL DESCRIPTION **MEASURE** Office Bld. 3:5 ceilingtile by light 1/18/03 T-01 " T-02 11 T-03 11 adrienne Shivak Adrienne Shivak 1/20/03 Received By: Laboratory Services Requested By: Relinquished By: Frank Najafi CITY Environmental Services, Inc. Signature: Signature: PO BOX 641818 Los Angeles, CA 90064 Date: Date: Time: Time: Phone: (213) 632-0410 Relinquished By: Received By: Fax: (213) 632-0414 Signature: Signature: Date: Date:

Time:

Time:



Site 1, Bldg. 312, Mold Growth on Ceiling Components



Site 1, Bldg. 312, Mold Growth on Ceiling Components



Site 1, Bldg. 312, Mold Growth on Ceiling Components



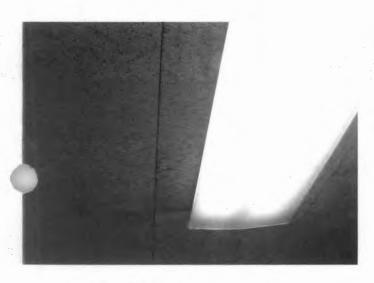
Site 1, Bldg. 312, Mold Growth on Ceiling Components



Site 1, Bldg. 315, Mold Growth on Interior Ceiling Components



Site 1, Bldg. 315, Mold Growth on Interior Ceiling Components



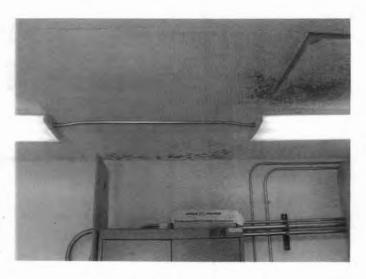
Site 1, Bldg. 315, Mold Growth on Interior Ceiling Components



Site 1, Bldg. 315, Mold Growth on Interior Ceiling Components



Site 1, Bldg. 315, Mold Growth on Interior Ceiling Components



Site 1, Bldg. 315, Mold Growth on Interior Ceiling Components



Site 1, Bldg. 312, Mold Growth on Ceiling Components



Site 1, Bldg. 312, Mold Growth on Ceiling Components



Site 1, Bldg. 312, Mold Growth on Ceiling Components



Site 1, Bldg. 312, Mold Growth on Ceiling Components

# **APPENDIX B**

ASBESTOS SURVEY FOR BEAUMONT SITE 2

# CITY Environmental Services, Inc.

Hazardous Materials Inspections & Abatement Management 1450 S. Burlington Ave., Suite B Los Angeles, CA 90006 Phone (213)-632-0410 Fax (213)-632-0414

January 23, 2003

Ms. Theresa Congdon **Tetra Tech, INC.**348 West Hospitality Lane #100
San Bernardino, California 92408

Re:

**Asbestos Identification Survey Report** 

Lockheed Martin Beaumont Site #2

Beaumont, California

Dear Ms. Congdon:

As requested, the Lockheed Martin Beaumont Site #2 was surveyed by CITY Environmental Services, Inc. (CITY) on January 15, 2003, for asbestos-containing materials (ACM). This survey was conducted by Frank Najafi, a California State Certified Asbestos Consultant (Cert. No. 93-1195). The survey included visual observation for ACM, sampling of accessible suspect materials throughout the interior and exterior areas and laboratory analysis. The survey was performed in accordance with requirements of the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) 40 CFR 763 as well as the National Emissions Standards For Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPS) 40 CFR 61 Subpart M. Findings of the survey, recommendations and conclusions are summarized below.

This survey was comprehensive and including interior, exterior, roof, attic, crawlspace, mechanical room, and common areas of all structures present at the site.

#### **FINDINGS**

Materials containing detectable quantities of asbestos – legally defined in California as materials containing percentages of asbestos greater than one-tenth of one percent (>0.1%) by weight – were found at this facility. Materials with these concentrations of asbestos are regulated by various government agencies.

A total of twenty-six (26) bulk samples of suspect asbestos containing material were collected and delivered to Micron Environmental Laboratories, Inc. (Micron) for analysis by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) in accordance with EPA Method 600/M4-82-020.

# No Friable<sup>2</sup> ACM were discovered at this site:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 1529.

# The following Category I and II Nonfriable<sup>1</sup> ACM were discovered:

- Waterproofing tar and felt at base of Test Bays
- Transite pipes and associated debris
- 9"x 9" vinyl floor tile and associated mastic

The following table provides a summary of all samples collected, description, location, condition, quantity, and analytical results:

Sample No.	Material Description	Sample/Material Location	Friable / Non- Friable	Condition& Hazard Assessment	Approxima te Quantity	Asbestos Content
37-1-1, 2, 3	Concrete grout/ mortar	In-between concrete block walls throughout interior and exterior walls of building #37	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
33-2-1, 2, 3	Concrete grout/ mortar	In-between concrete block walls throughout interior and exterior walls of building #33	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
33-3-1, -2, -3	Asphalt roofing material	On the roof of building #33 and on the surrounding ground	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
TB1-4-1, 2	4" OD Transite pipes and debris	At test bays 1, 2, and 3 protruding from walls, debris scattered on ground in adjacent areas, and some encased in larger concrete pipes – also present in wash near way point 67	Non Friable	Damaged with moderate potential for further damage	Debris and pieces over a 40,000 sq.ft. area	10% Chrysotile and 2% Crocidolite

CH denotes Chrysotile; LF: denotes linear feet; and SF denotes square feet.

Continued on next page.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Friable: materials which can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure when dry.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Nonfriable: materials which if used as intended, cannot be broken, crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure when dry; but can be made friable by mechanical means such as sanding, sandblasting, cutting, Scraping, improper handling and disposal, or leaching of matrix binders amongst other means.

Continued from previous page.

Sample No.	Material Description	Sample/Material Location	Friable / Non- Friable	Condition& Hazard Assessment	Approximate Quantity	Asbestos Content
TB2-5-1	waterproofing roof and 3 mo tar and felt concrete		Non- Friable	Damaged with moderate potential for further damage	400 SF	7%СН
TB2-3-4, -5, -6	Asphalt roofing material	Scattered on ground adjacent to all test bays	Non- Friable	N/A	N/A	None
MB-7-1	9"x 9" vinyl floor tile and associated black mastic	Throughout the interior of the main bunker	Non- Friable	Damaged with moderate potential for further damage	1000 SF	2% CH in tile and mastic
MB-6-1, 2, 3	Drywall (no joint compound)	Located in the restroom of the main bunker	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
MB-8-1, 2, 3	Composite plaster material	Located in the restroom of the main bunker	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
TB3-9-1	Transite siding debris	On the ground south of test bay #3	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
TB3-10-1	Black gasket material	On pipe leading into large water tanks	N/A	N/A	N/A	None
54-11-1	White insulation material	In abandoned forced air heating furnace near way point 54	N/A	N/A	N/A	None

CH denotes Chrysotile; and SF denotes square feet.

## **RECOMMENDATIONS & CONCLUSIONS**

The damaged asbestos containing Transite pipes/debris, waterproofing membrane, and vinyl floor tiles/mastic must be abated (removed, repaired, replaced, enclosed) as soon as possible to mitigate health and environmental risks.

Removal and handling of ACM must be performed by licensed and registered asbestos abatement contractors with personnel who are properly trained and certified in asbestos abatement work. All identified ACM must be properly removed and disposed by a licensed and Cal/OSHA registered asbestos abatement contractor prior to any construction/demolition activities at this site. A 10 business-day notification is required to the local Air Pollution Control District and a 24 hour notification is required to

Cal/OSHA) prior to start of asbestos removal activities.

The California Health & Safety Code Section 25915-25919.7 requires owners of any building constructed prior to 1979, who know the building contains ACM, to furnish notifications to employees, contractors, and agents concerning the existence, location, handling requirements, summary of analytical results, & potential health risks associated with ACM. This notification must be provided in writing within 15 days of the first receipt by the owner of information identifying the presence or location of ACM at the building(s).

## LIMITATIONS

CITY is committed to providing quality consulting services. However, asbestos survey work is not an exact science. The possibility of field and general conditions, beyond CITY' control, that affect our work or that present a concern for the safety of our employees, our consultants, building occupants and the public at the site, and insurance constraints, requires that we qualify the services we provide with the following limitations:

The findings of this survey, opinions rendered, recommendations and conclusions provided in this survey report are only valid for a period of up to one year from the date of this survey report

Reasonable effort is made by CITY' personnel to locate and sample all suspect materials. However, for any facility the existence of unique or concealed asbestos-containing materials and debris is a possibility. In addition, sampling and laboratory analysis constraints typically hinder the investigation. CITY does not warrant, guarantee or profess to have the ability to locate or identify all asbestos-containing materials in a facility.

Confined spaces, and areas determined by CITY' personnel as unsafe to access, are excluded from the scope of work.

CITY does not employ professional cost estimators. Statements of probable construction cost or cost estimates prepared by CITY represent CITY' professional opinion of probable costs based upon current industry information. Actual costs may fluctuate due to several variables including, but not limited to, the time the work is performed, phasing, labor availability, quantity of work performed, product availability, specification requirements, and unforeseeable changes in the economy and asbestos regulations.

CITY is not, and has no responsibility as, a generator, operator, treater, storer, transporter or disposer of hazardous materials or waste found or identified as a result of CITY' work.

CITY does not guarantee or warrant that the facility or workplace is safe, nor does CITY' involvement in this property relieve the Client, building owner/operator or tenant of any continuing responsibility of providing a safe facility or workplace.

This report was based on those conditions observed on the day(s) the field evaluation was accomplished. In the event that changes in the nature of the property have occurred, or additional relevant information about the property is subsequently discovered, the findings and recommendations contained in this report may not be valid unless these changes and additional relevant information are reviewed and the conclusion of this report is modified and verified in writing.

In as such that no destructive investigation has been performed during the survey, the report may not reveal concealed asbestos-containing materials. Subsequently, additional investigation including construction documents review and/or destructive investigation is recommended as a precaution to prevent accidental exposure when construction or demolition is planned for this facility.

## **ATTACHMENTS**

- 1) Field sampling chain-of-custody and lab analysis reports
- 2) Sample and material location drawings
- 3) Procedures and Methodology

Please do not hesitate to contact us should there be any questions or if additional services are necessary.

Sincerely,

Frank Najafi

Senior Project Manager

Cal/OSHA Certified Asbestos Consultant, No. 93-1185

# BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING FORM AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

PROJ	ECT NA	ME:		Lockheed Beaumont 5 fe 2	PROJECT NO	2614 . 2	2614 2 DATE: SAMPLED BY: Frank Najafi CAC							fi CAC 93-1185
Bldg. No.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	Other Locations	Total Quantity	AR	F/NF	DR	CP	VI	EP	Recommended Action
37	1	1	1	Group Meider te mente Mack	interior	None	8 /3 (1)	)	NF	hC	H	L 	L	8x8x10
	1	١	2											
	Ī	)	3	<b>↓</b>	<b>V</b>									
33	į	2	į				25×209	1						20x21
	į	2	2											
	1	2	3		4	$\bigvee$	V		V	\ \	1		1	
		3	1	asphald debis with Rock/ginn	en Road		200/5		NF	D	H	L	H	
		}	2	Asphald debis with Rock/ginn sortace or spead/ground the south of iver front 35										
$ \downarrow $		3	3	1	4		$\bigvee$		V	<b>\</b>	V	<b>→</b>	$\checkmark$	
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# BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING I M AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

PROJI	ECT NA	ME:		Lockheed Beaumont 542	PROJECT NO	<b>2614 ⋅ 2.</b>	DATE	:	SAN	IPLE	DBY:	Fran	k Naja	fi CAC 93-1185
Bidg. No.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	Other Locations	Total Quantity	AR	F/NF	DR	СР	VI	EP	Recommended Action
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# **BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING FORM AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY**

PROJ	ROJECT NAME: Lockheed Beaumont 2002 PROJECT NO.						DATE	E: SAMPLED BY: Frank Najafi CAC 9						fi CAC 93-1185
						. 2614 - 2								
Bldg. No.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	Other Locations	Total Quantity	AR	F/NF	DR	СР	VI	EP	Recommended Action
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54		11	Ì	white insulation	Firedal fireda	air heady			F	D	1+	H	1+	
HGN: SN: AR: F/NF: DR: CP: VI: EP:	Sample I Analytic Friable/N Damage Contact	al Result Non-Friable Rating Potential n Influence		r GC: Good Condition D: Damaged SD: Significant Dar  L: Low M: Moderate H: High	n (None, or minimal dama	Deliver Report Frank Najafi CITY Env Service 1450 S. Burlingt Suite B Los Angeles, CA Phone: (213) 632-0	ces, Inc. ton Avenue A 90006 2-0410	Lab Name: M Analysis Requ Turn Around Analyze to Fi Project Refer Project Numb	uested: Pl Time: rst Positive ence: Lock!	LM T	EM A	7	2	
Relino	quished	d By:	16	Dat	te:	Received I	By:					D	ate:	

# BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING FOR AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

PKOJ	ECT NA	AME:		Lockheed Beaumont 5-fe 2	PROJECT NO.	2614 - 2	DATE:		SAN	IPLEC	BY:	Frank Najafi CAC 93-11			
Bidg. No.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	Other Locations	Total Quantity	AR	F/NF	DR	CP	vi	EP	Recommended Action	
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	}	1	2												
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	1.	2	3			1	V		1	1					
		3	1	Asphatt debris with Rock/grand sortace on Road/ground to the south of way point 33	e on Read		200\$	-							
		}	2	Road ground to the south of war point 33										,	
		3	3		V		V								
SN: V: R: NF: R:	Sample M Analytica Friable/N Damage I Contact I	at Result Ion-Friable Rating Potential Influence		r GC: Good Condition D: Damaged SD: Significant Dett L: Low M: Moderate H: High	(None, or minimal damag	e) Deliver Report & Frank Najafi CITY Bnv Service 1450 S. Burlington Suite B Los Angeles, CA ! Phone: (213) 632- Fax: (213) 632-04	es, Inc. n Avenue 90006 0410	Lab Name: N Analysis Req Turn Around Analyze to F Project Refer Project Num	uested Pi I Time: irst Positive rence: Lock!	VES Need Bea	EM A DAY NO		2		
eling	quished By: Date: 1/17/03					Received B	y: B	aelics	<u> </u>			D	ate:	1-17-03	

# BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING FORM AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

PROJ	ECT NA	ME;		Lockheed Beaumont 5.42	PROJECT NO	2614.2	DATE		SAN	IPLEI	BY:	Fran		fi CAC 93-1185
Bldg.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	Other Locations	Total Quantity	AR	F/NF	DR	CP	٧ì	EP	Recommended Action
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						in large in area east of TBZ	200							scrottered over 50K
		3	4	Asphalt, co-pos, the Debis & Indust	TBZ # Mansmke	as well as	es.		· ·					
		3	5			Induct gand sortuce			·					
		3	6	·										
Mar Borke		7	1	9x9 Vinyl Hoar HIL & Black mende	Inside He Main Brake	NA	1000		NE	D				
HGN: SN: AR: F/NF: DR:	Sample Manalytica	d Result on-Friable	Numbe	GC: Good Condition D: Damaged SD: Significant Dam L: Low	(None, or minimal dama	ge) Deliver Report Frank Najati CITY Env Servi 1450 S. Burling Suite B	ces, Inc.	Lab Name: ? Analysis Red Turn Aroun Analyze to F	quested: Pl d Time: irst Positive	S TO	EM A			
CP: VI: EP:	Contact I	otential Influence		M: Moderate H: High	•	Los Angeles, C/ Phone: (213) 63 Fax: (213) 632-0	2-0410	Project Refe Project Num			umont S	ite No.	۷	_
Reling	uished	By:	_7	Cuty Date	: 1/17/	03 Received I	3y: J3	alerox				D	ate:	1-17-03

FROM MICRON ENVIRONMENTAL 626 2569017

7,

# BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING FC AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

PROJ	ECT N	AME:		Lockheed Beaumont 5. Je ?	PROJECT NO	<u>: L</u>	2614.2	DATE:	<u> </u>	SAN	<b>IPLEI</b>	BY:	Fran		fi CAC 93-1185
Bldg. No.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	O	ther Locations	Total Quantity	AR	F/NF	DR	СР	Vi	EP	13015 Recommended Action
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eling	uisbed	By:	16	Date Date	e:		Received B	v: F	aero	χ			D	ate:	1-17-03

Micron Environmental Labs 292 E. Foothill Blvd, Suite B Arcadia, California 91008

> (626) 357-8627 fax (626) 256-9017

Preliminary results are subject to final review.

# **Preliminary PLM Bulk Results**

From: <b>Enriq</b> From: <b>Enriq</b> Total # of pa	ue Qu	interd	•			Of: City —  Date SAN OH SOUS Time YPM
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Micron Environmental Labs 292 E. Foothill Blvd. Suite 8 Arcadia, California 91005

> (626) 357-8627 fax (626) 256-9017

# Preliminary PLM Bulk Results

Client Job # Jacknes BEHUHONT		Micron Labs Ref # _//3 03 015
To: TRANK NATAFI	Of:	_ C, ry _

Asbestos %  Cign and Condition of the count (GRAVIMETRY) 400 POINTS  Client ID# PLM POINT COUNT (GRAVIMETRY) 400 POINTS  Comments  : Frank From: Enrice Total # of pa	XAJA Jue Qu ages:	ri uinterd 2	<u> </u>			Of: City— Date San OH 2003 Time 4941			
MC-Serve (1841) 1-29-02 (21)	Client ID#	Chrysotile			Other	Non Detected	1000 POINTS		
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Preliminary results are subject to final review.

#### PROCEDURES AND METHODOLOGY

The objective of the survey is to locate and identify suspect asbestos-containing materials (ACM), and to determine their friability, condition and potential for damage. Bulk sampling and laboratory analyses conforming to contract requirements are performed to confirm asbestos content of suspect materials. Samples are analyzed by Micron Environmental Laboratories, Inc. (MICRON). On the basis of survey information and laboratory analysis, CITY determines hazard ratings and recommendations in order to assist the Client in its environmental risk management program. The procedures and methodology followed for this project are summarized below:

## Inspection and Sampling

Typical Suspect Materials - Suspect materials include, but are not limited to, the following: surfacing materials (sprayed or troweled on structural members, ceilings and walls, such as fireproofing, thermal insulation, acoustic or decorative materials); thermal system insulation (pipe, boiler, tank, equipment, duct or other HVAC insulation materials); and miscellaneous materials (construction materials for roofs, ceilings, floors and walls, such as tiles/panels, sheeting, wallboard/joint compound, paints, coatings and roofing materials).

Inspection and Sampling - CITY typically surveys building in teams of two, one person documenting the proceedings of the survey, the other performing bulk sampling and other miscellaneous activities. Small facilities are often surveyed by one individual. The team performs a preliminary visual inspection of the facility to identify and quantify suspect ACM. A sampling strategy is then developed to provide representative sampling. Efforts are made to obtain the samples from inconspicuous areas. Each sample is placed in a plastic or metal container, the container is sealed, labeled and placed in a larger storage bag. Destructive inspection methods to find concealed asbestos are used only in those areas specified, and to the extent approved by, the Client.

Throughout the process, care is taken to prevent cross-contamination of the collected samples. Sampling equipment is cleaned after each sample is obtained. In addition, sample containers are placed directly beneath each sample location, when feasible, to collect any materials which may become dislodged during the sampling process. Any debris generated by the sampling is cleaned by wet-cleaning methods. Sample locations are appropriately repaired.

Field Documentation - Samples are documented by entering the sample data on a bulk log, including a description of the material, sample number, location, condition, accessibility, friability, potential for damage, and quantity. Typically, the sample location is marked on an 8-1/2 x 11 inch floor plan (not to scale). In addition, a photograph is taken to further document the material sampled, its condition and location.

## Laboratory Procedures and Results

Upon completion of the survey, Chain-of Custody forms are filled out and the samples are transferred to Micron Environmental Labs for analysis. Bulk sample analysis is conducted by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) with dispersion staining as described in the "Interim Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation samples," Method EPA-600/R-93/116. A suspect material is immersed in a solution of known refractive index and subjected to illumination by polarized light. The color displayed enables mineral identification.

Quality Control - Quality control samples at a rate of 10% or one per project, whichever is greater, are reanalyzed by a second, independent analyst. Samples estimated to contain asbestos in amounts of 1% or less are also reanalyzed. Once analyzed, results are delivered to CITY for evaluation and inclusion in the report.

NOTE: The amended National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), November 20, 1990, included a requirement that when the asbestos content of a bulk sample material is determined using procedures outlined in the interim method and the asbestos content is estimated to be less than 10% by a method other than *point counting*, the parties legally responsible for a building (owner/operator) may (1) elect to assume the amount to be greater than 1% and treat the material as a regulated asbestos-containing material, or (2) require verification of the amount by the point counting method.

The purpose of this procedure is to minimize *false negative* analysis (reporting the sample as containing less than 1% asbestos for asbestos-containing samples actually containing greater than 1%) and *false positives* (reporting the sample as containing greater than 1% asbestos). Point counting was included in NESHAP in response to an EPA study that found an unacceptable amount of false negative and false positive analyses by methods outlined in the interim method. Unless directed otherwise by the Client, CITY will assume that PLM analysis is acceptable for this facility.

Reminder: in California the abatement of materials with detectable quantities of asbestos - legally defined as materials containing percentages of asbestos grater than one-tenth of one percent (>0.1%) by area - are regulated by Cal/OSHA and therefore considered positive in this report.

#### Material Assessment

Friability - During the survey, materials are classified as either *friable* or *nonfriable*. For most materials friability is simple to determine. However, select materials require special consideration. For example, joint compound in generally good condition and covered by an impermeable finish (e.g., paint, coatings or wall covering) is usually considered by CITY standards to be nonfriable. The same material left unfurnished and exposed is classified as friable. Materials such as

wallboard, joint compound, plaster, and stucco in their finished state and in generally good condition are classified as nonfriable; however, these materials often may be rendered friable when they are involved in repair, renovation or demolition activities. Some typically nonfriable materials also may become friable due to aging or deterioration causing elements to separate from their binding agents. Visual inspection and physical handling is performed for all suspect materials to ensure proper friability classification.

Condition and Potential Damage - Materials are assessed for any damage by impact, water, aging, deterioration, or delamination from their substrata. In addition, assessment is made of potential for damage by contact, vibration, or air erosion. Refer to the following Exhibits:

- 1. Condition Assessment Criteria for Surfacing and Miscellaneous Material.
- 2. Condition Assessment Criteria for Thermal System Insulation.
- 3. Potential for Damage Criteria.

Hazard Rating - Once all assessments are made, the material is assigned a hazard rating based on material condition and potential for damage. The hazard rating system utilized for this survey is derived from the federal Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) and consists of seven categories. Refer to Exhibit 4 - Response Action Options.

# EXHIBIT 1 - CONDITION ASSESSMENT CRITERIA FOR SURFACING AND MISCELLANEOUS MATERIAL

Material Condition	Description
Significantly Damaged	<ul> <li>Material with one or more of the following characteristics:</li> <li>The surface is crumbling or blistered over at least one-tenth of the surface if the damage is evenly distributed, one-quarter if the damage is localized.</li> <li>Large areas of material hanging from the surface, delaminated, or showing adhesive failure.</li> <li>Water stains, gouges, or mars over at least one-tenth of the surface if damage is evenly distributed, one-quarter if damage is localized</li> <li>Accumulation of powder, dust, or debris similar in appearance to the suspect material on surfaces beneath the material.</li> </ul>
Damaged	<ul> <li>Material with the following characteristics:</li> <li>The surface is crumbling, blistered, water-stained, gouged, marred or otherwise abraded over less than one-tenth of the surface if the damage is evenly distributed, one-quarter if the damage is localized.</li> <li>Accumulation of powder, dust, or debris similar in appearance to the suspect material.</li> </ul>
Good	Material with no visible damage or deterioration, or showing only very limited damage or deterioration.

## EXHIBIT 2 - CONDITION ASSESSMENT CRITERIA FOR THERMAL SYSTEM INSULATION

Material Condition	Description
Significantly Damaged	<ul> <li>Material with one or more of the following characteristics:</li> <li>Mostly missing jackets.</li> <li>Crushed or heavily gouged or punctured insulation on at least one-tenth of pipe runs/risers if the damage is evenly disturbed, one-quarter if the damage is localized.</li> <li>Accumulation of powder, dust, or debris similar in appearance to the suspect material on surfaces beneath the pipe, boiler, tank, etc.</li> </ul>
Damage	<ul> <li>Material with one or more of the following characteristics:</li> <li>A few water stains or section of missing jackets.</li> <li>Crushed insulation or water stains, gouges, punctures, or mars on up to one-tenth of the insulation if the damage is evenly distributed, or up to one-quarter if the damage is localized.</li> <li>Accumulation of powder, dust, or debris similar in appearance to the suspect material on surfaces beneath the pipe, boiler, tank, etc.</li> </ul>
Good	Material with no visible damage of deterioration, or showing only very limited damage or deterioration.

### **EXHIBIT 3 - POTENTIAL FOR DAMAGE CRITERIA**

Potential For Damage	Description
Low	<ul> <li>Contact - Service workers or tenants are in the vicinity of the material less than once per month, or the material is visible but not within reach of building occupants, or the material is nonfriable and difficult to render friable; and</li> <li>Vibration - Low to none; and</li> <li>Air Erosion - Low to none</li> </ul>
Moderate	<ul> <li>Contact - Service workers or tenants are in the vicinity of the material once per month to once per week, or the material is in a room or office and accessible to the occupants; or</li> <li>Vibration - Motors or engines present but not obtrusive (e.g., ducts vibrating but no fan in the area), or occasional loud sounds (e.g., a music room); or</li> <li>Air Erosion - Noticeable movement of air (e.g., air shaft, ventilator air stream)</li> </ul>
High	<ul> <li>Contact - Service workers or tenants are in the vicinity of the material more than once per week, or the material is in a public area (e.g., hallway, corridor, auditorium) and accessible to building occupants; or</li> <li>Vibration - Loud motors or engines present (e.g., some fan rooms), or intrusive noises or easily sensed vibrations (e.g., major airports, a major highway); or</li> <li>Air Erosion - High velocity air (e.g., elevator shaft, fan room)</li> </ul>

#### Response Action Options

Once the hazard ratings for materials are determined, the AHERA-based recommended response actions for asbestos abatement or management are applied. The following Exhibit 4, Response Action Options, illustrates the relationship of material condition, potential for damage, hazard rating, and response action options. *Note: Removal is an option for all conditions, even when not indicated.* 

**EXHIBIT 4 - RESPONSE ACTION OPTIONS** 

Material Condition	Potential For Damage	Hazard Rating	Response Action Options
Significantly Damaged	Any	7	Evacuation or isolation of the area if necessary. Immediate abatement.  Repair of thermal system insulation optional if feasible, cost-effective and safe. O & M required for all ACM not removed.
Damaged	High potential	6	Evacuation or isolation of the area if necessary. Immediate removal, enclosure, encapsulation or repair to correct damage. Take steps to reduce potential for disturbance. O & M required for all ACM not removed.
Damaged	Moderate potential for further damage	5	Removal, enclosure, encapsulation, or repair to correct. O & M required for all ACM not removed.
Damaged	Low potential for further damage	4	Removal, enclosure, encapsulation, or repair to correct. O & M required for all ACM not removed
Good	High potential for damage	3	Evacuation or isolation of the area if needed. Take for significant steps to reduce potential for disturbance. O&M damage required to reduce potential for disturbance. O&M required for all ACM not removed.
Good	Moderate potential for damage	2	O & M required for all ACM not removed.
Good	Low potential for damage	1	O & M required for all ACM.

#### Inaccessible Areas and Suspect Materials

*Inaccessible Areas* - Unless directed otherwise by the Client, the scope of the survey is confined to rooms and areas accessible on the day(s) of the survey. Rooms or areas that are not made available for inspection or are inaccessible for reasons of safety or inclement weather are identified in the report.

Inaccessible Suspect Materials - Inaccessible suspect materials fall into two categories: (1) materials which may contain asbestos but which are not sampled because of physical barriers; i.e., cores within fire-rated/insulated doors, file cabinets and safes; thermal insulation concealed in equipment (boilers, duct work and other HVAC equipment, etc.); and thermal insulation concealed in voids (wall, floor, ceiling and other cavities, etc.); and (2) material which are visible but which are not sampled due to inaccessibility; i.e., material that cannot be safely reached with available ladders/man-lifts, or material within confined spaces (as defined by Cal/OSHA) that cannot be safely accessed by survey personnel.

Recommendations - Potential ACM within inaccessible areas and suspect materials that are inaccessible can significantly affect the management and abatement cost for the facility. Areas that have not been accessed should be surveyed as soon as possible to complete the characterization of the facility. Inaccessible materials need not be sampled immediately, but must be sampled prior to any repair, renovation or demolition activity that may affect the material; access in some instances may require destructive investigation. Until sampling is performed, inaccessible suspect material should be assumed to contain asbestos. Inaccessible areas and suspect materials in this facility, if any, are identified under the Findings and Recommendations section of this report.

#### Sampling and Laboratory Analysis Constraints

Representative Sampling Constraints - This facility may have been constructed with materials that hinder representative sampling. These materials typically include, but are not limited to, plaster, stucco, joint compound, flooring mastic, roofing materials, plaster, door cores and wallboard. Such materials often are concealed, covered, coated, painted, or have undergone multiple applications which may not permit CITY' personnel to determine with a high degree of certainty that the material sampled is representative of all suspect materials in the facility with the same characteristics, or in technical terms, that the material sampled is homogeneous (uniform in color, texture, construction/application date, and general appearance). These materials are classified as possibly non-representative and therefore will require careful scrutiny and potentially additional investigation and sampling to resolve questions or to improve the accuracy of their characterization, particularly if mixed results (positive and negative) are produced by the original laboratory analysis. However, regardless of whether or not mixed results are produced, or additional investigation and sampling is performed, the level of certainty in characterizing these obscured materials still may not be as high as with exposed materials where homogeneous characteristics can be visually confirmed.

Laboratory Analysis Constraints - Certain materials (generally nonfriable types) such as roofing products, joint compound, floor tiles and mastics have a mix of components (a matrix) which can interfere with the polarized light method of analysis, and/or are composed of asbestos fibers of small diameter which are invisible to the PLM microscope. These types of material can yield false positive or false negative results. It sometimes is necessary to utilize Point Counting or Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM) techniques, whichever is appropriate for the type of material involved, to better confirm the presence or absence of asbestos fibers in these materials. This type of analysis (initial or subsequent to the initial analysis by PLM) is not performed by CITY unless otherwise directed by the Client.

Mixed Results - Bulk samples collected from an apparently homogeneous material and yielding mixed results may in fact have been taken from different homogeneous materials displaying similar visual characteristics but composed of different constituents. Although materials may appear to be homogeneous, they may have been produced in different batches or by different manufacturers. Material which appears to be homogeneous but yield mixed results is typically assumed, in accordance with AHERA procedures, to be asbestos-containing in all areas where the material is located. CITY will only reclassify the material into separate homogeneous materials (one containing asbestos and one that does not) when both of the following conditions apply: there is strong evidence that the samples represent more than one homogeneous material (constituents of the materials do not match), and the locations or boundaries of the materials are unmistakably clear. In situations where the locations or boundaries are not clear, additional research and sampling may be recommended.

Further Investigation - The above sampling and laboratory analytical constraints can individually or collectively affect the findings and recommendations of the survey. However, CITY will not recommend further investigation, sampling or laboratory analysis to minimize their affects unless it is clear that (1) the effort will be cost-effective (the benefits significantly outweigh the costs), and (2) the desired results are reasonably achievable from a technical standpoint. For example, it would not be cost-effective to conduct additional sampling of sprayed-on acoustical ceiling material in a 100 square foot room because of mixed sample results. However, this additional effort would be cost-effective if sample results for an acoustical ceiling material used abundantly throughout a facility reveal a pattern of positive material on one floor and negative material on another. Recommendations for further investigation and sampling or laboratory analysis, if any, are discussed in the Findings and Recommendations section of this report.



### Micron Environmental Labs

Micron Ref. No. 11303015

626-357-8627 FAX: 626-256-9017

### Sample Summary Results

Customer Project: 2614.2/ Lockheed Beaumont-Site2 Microscopist: Maria L. Kowalski

January 31, 2003

Frank Najafi

City Environmental Services, Inc.

P.O. Box 641818

Los Angeles, CA 90064

Date Collected: January 17, 2003

Date Received: January 17, 2003

Date Analyzed: January 23, 2003

No. Samples: 25

Cust ID No. Micron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	Q.C.
<b>1-1</b> 98347	Concrete Wall Grout/Mortar gray & white	No	100% Mineral Filler	
1-2 98348	Concrete Wall Grout/Mortar gray & white	No	100% Mineral Filler	
<b>1-3</b> 98349	Concrete Wall Grout/Mortar gray & white	No	100% Mineral Filler	
<b>2-1</b> 98350	Concrete Wall Grout/Mortar grey	No	100% Mineral Filler	
<b>2-2</b> 98351	Concrete Wall Grout/Mortar gray & white	No	100% Mineral Filler	
<b>2-3</b> 98352	Concrete Wall Grout/Mortar grey	No	100% Mineral Filler	

### Sample Summary Results

Date: January 31, 2003

Micron Ref. No.: 11303015

Microscopist: Maria L. Kowalski

Cust ID No. Micron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	q.c.
<b>3-1</b> 98353	Asphalt Debris black & white	No	100% Mineral Filler	
<b>3-2</b> 98354	Asphalt Debris black & white	No	100% Mineral Filler	<i>X</i>
<b>3-3</b> 98355	Asphalt Debris black & white	No	100% Mineral Filler	
<b>4-1</b> 98356	Transite Pipe grey	Yes	10% chrysotile 2% Crocidolite 88% Mineral Filler	
<b>5-1</b> 98357	Water Proofing Tar Felt black	Yes	7% chrysotile 5% Cellulose 10% Mineral Filler 78% Organic Binders	
<b>4-2</b> 98358	Transite Pipe Debris grey	Yes	10% chrysotile 2% Crocidolite 88% Mineral Filler	
<b>3-4</b> 98359	Asphalt Composite black & white	No	100% Mineral Filler	
<b>3-5</b> 98360	Asphalt Composite black & white	No	100% Mineral Filler	X

### Sample Summary Results

Page 3

Date: January 31, 2003

Micron Ref. No.: 11303015

Microscopist: Maria L. Kowalski

Cust ID No. Micron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	Q.C.		
<b>3-6</b> 98361	Asphalt Composite black & white	No	100% Mineral Filler			
<b>7-1</b> 98362	Floor Tile grey	Yes	<1% chrysotile 99% Mineral Filler			
<b>7-1</b> 98362	Floor Tile-Mastic black	Yes	2% chrysotile 98% Organic Binders			
<b>6-1</b> 98363	Drywall white	No	100% Mineral Filler			
<b>6-2</b> 98364	Drywall white	No	100% Mineral Filler			
<b>6-3</b> 98365	Drywall white	No	100% Mineral Filler			
<b>8-1</b> 98366	Wall Plaster beige	No	100% Mineral Filler			
<b>8-2</b> 98367	Wall Plaster white	No	100% Mineral Filler			

### Sample Summary Results

Page 4

Date: January 31, 2003

Microscopist: Maria L. Kowalski

Micron Ref. No.: 11303015

Cust ID No. Micron ID No.	Sample Description / Color	Asbestos Detected	Analytical Results	Q.C.
<b>8-3</b> 98368	Wall Plaster white	No	100% Mineral Filler	
<b>9-1</b> 98369	Transite Siding Debris grey	No	10% Cellulose 90% Mineral Filler	
<b>10-1</b> 98370	Gaskets black	No	100% Organic Binders	
11-1 98371	Insulation white	No	10% Cellulose 50% Mineral Filler 40% Vermiculite	X
roscopist:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

The limit of detection for this analytical method is less than one percent asbestos (visual area estimates).

#### BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING FOOM AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

PKOJ	ECT NA	ME:		Lockheed Beaumont 5 / 22	PROJECT NO.	2614 - 2	DATE:	T	SAN	1PLED	BY:	Fran	k Naja	fi CAC 93-1185
								<del></del>						015
Bldg. No.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	Other Locations	Total Quantity	AR	F/NF	DR	CP	VI	EP	Recommended Action
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$ \downarrow\rangle$	Į	)	3	1	$\downarrow$									
33	ĺ	2	į				renzen 8							20×20 ×8
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		3	1	Asphalt debis w. Sh. Pock/ginns sirture	l or Road		200\$							
		3	2	Asphald debos  w. Sh. Pock/gians  sortuce on  Road/giound  to the south of  way point 3;										,
		3	3	1	V		V							
GN: N: R: NF: R: :	Sample Manalytics Friable/N Damage Contact I	al Result Ion-Friable Rating Potential Influence		GC: Good Condition D: Damaged SD: Significant Dan  L: Low M: Moderate H: High	(None, or minimal damag	Frank Najafi CITY Env Servic 1450 S. Burlingto Suite B Los Angeles, CA Phone: (213) 632-04 Fax: (213) 632-04	90006 2-0410	Analysis Req Turn Around Analyze to Fi Project Refer Project Numl	uested: P Time: rst Positive rence: Lock per: 2614	LM T 5 2 YES heed Bea	EM A DAY > NO		2	
elino	quished	By:	70	Dat	e: 1/17/03	Received B	y: L	arrich	(			D	ate:	-17-63

#### **BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING FORM AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY**

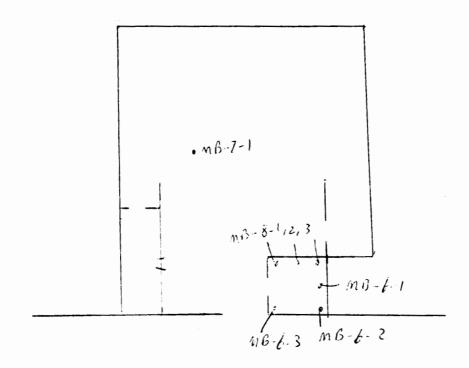
PROJI	ECT NA	ME:		Lockheed Beaumont 5:42	PROJECT NO	. 2614. 2	DATE		SAM	IPLEI	BY:	Fran	k Naja	fi CAC 93-1185	]
													11	13031115	_
Bldg. No.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	Other Locations	Total Quantity		F/NF	DR	СР	VI	EP	Recommended Action	
8-1	1	4	1	Transite Pipe	In the Test Bay #1	Debis & other Pipes encals	1,001	A	NE	D					
						or the North									
TB-2	ı	5	1	Black wester from	on concrete footing	/	101%								
		4	2	Black westerpoor tar/felt Trans. h pipe Debis Asphalt co-pos. he	No. H of TBL on ground	Misc. detus seatherd on ground								Also da conce cylinder Zero of main B	
						in large ope area East of TBZ	200							scattered over 50K	
		3	4	Asphalt cu-posite Debis & Induct	TBZ & Manu Bonker	scattered as well an	23								
		3	5		į	Induct grand surface									
		3	6											,	
Mar Bonker		7	1	9x9 Vinyl Floor ALL & Black mende	Inside He Nain Broke	NA	1000		NE	D					
HGN: SN: AR: F/NF: DR: CP: VI: EP:	Sample I Analytic Friable/I Damage Contact	No. al Result Non-Friable Rating Potential n Influence	o Numbe	GC: Good Condition D: Damaged SD: Significant Dan L: Low M: Moderate H: High	(None, or minimal dama	Pege)  Deliver Report of Frank Najafi CITY Env Service 1450 S. Burlingto Suite B Los Angeles, CA Phone: (213) 632-0	90006 -0410	Analysis Req Turn Around Analyze to Fi Project Refer Project Numi	uested: Pi I Time: irst Positive rence: Locki ber: 2614	YES	EM A		٤		
Relino	quished	l By:	7	Dat Dat	e: i//7/	03 Received B	$y: \int_{-2}^{2}$	arriox				D	ate:	1-17-63	

#### BULK MATERIAL SAMPLING F' 'M AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

PROJ	ECT NA	ME:		Lockheed Beaumont 5. Je	PROJECT NO	$\cdot \Box$	2614 - 2	DATE:		SAN	1PLED	BY:	Fran		fi CAC 93-1185
														1130	13015
Bldg. No.	Floor	HGN	SN	Material Description	Sample Location	0	ther Locations	Total Quantity	AR	F/NF	DR	СР	VI	EP	Recommended Action
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3N: 4: 3: NF: 5:	4:       Sample No.       D:       Damaged         3:       Analytical Result       SD:       Significant Damage         NF:       Friable/Non-Friable						Deliver Report & Bill To: Frank Najafi CITY Env Services, Inc. 1450 S. Burlington Avenue Suite B Los Angeles, CA 90006 Phone: (213) 632-0410 Fax: (213) 632-0414  Lab Name: Micron Environmental it Analysis Requested: PLM TEM Turn Around Time: Analyze to First Positive? YES Project Reference: Lockheed Beaum Project Number: 2614 - 2				EM A	γ'	ک	-	
line	luished	By:	16	Dat Dat	te:		Received By	y: Þ	allen				D	ate:	1.17.03

## Lockheed Seavment Site 2 1/15/03

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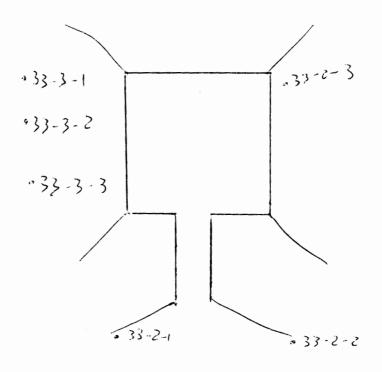


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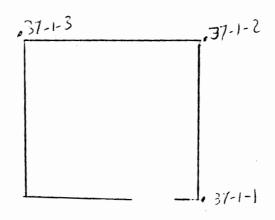


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Ashestos S. IK Sample Locations

Lockheed Bearment Site 2 /15/03



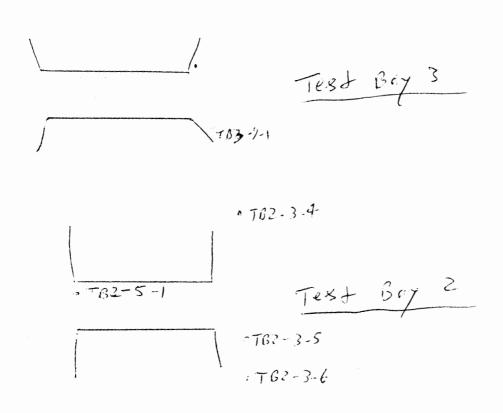


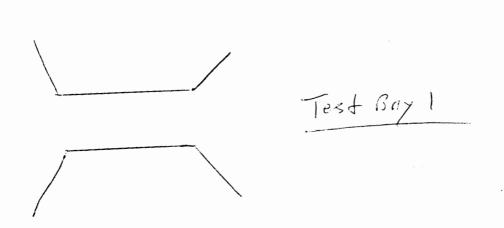
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Ashestes Brik Sample locations

Lockheed Bearmont Site 2 1/15/03







As bestos Bulk sample locations



Site 2, Bldg 37, Lead Paint on Door Frame



Site 2, Bldg 37, Lead Paint on Interior Walls

## **APPENDIX B**

LEAD-BASED PAINT SURVEY FOR BEAUMONT SITE 2

## CITY Environmental Services, Inc.

Hazardous Material Inspections & Abatement Management
1450 S. Burlington Avenue, Suite B Los Angeles, CA 90006
Phone (213) 632-0410
Fax (213) 632-0414

January 23, 2003, REVISED January 30, 2003

Ms. Theresa Congdon **Tetra Tech, Inc.** 348 West Hospitality Lane Suite 100 San Bernardino, CA 92408

Re: Lead Paint Identification Survey Report

Lockheed Martin Beaumont Site # 2

Beaumont, California

Dear Ms. Congdon:

As requested, the Lockheed Martin Beaumont Site #2 was surveyed by CITY Environmental Services, Inc. (CITY) on January 15, 2003, for lead-paint. Mr. Frank Najafi, a California State DHS Certified Lead Inspector, conducted the survey.

This survey was performed in order to determine the presence, if any, of lead-paint on surfaces/components at the site that might be disturbed during the planned demolition project at the above referenced site.

Cal/OSHA Title 8 CCR 1532.1 and Federal OSHA 29 CFR 1926.62 Lead in Construction Standards consider any amount of lead in paint to be a concern during renovation and demolition activities.

Lead testing was performed by paint chip sampling. Thirteen paint chip samples were collected from the exterior and interior surfaces of the buildings. The samples were submitted to Micron Environmental Laboratories, Inc. (Micron) for analysis by Atomic Absorption Spectrometry (AAS) in accordance with EPA Method SW 846-3050-7420.

Paint chip samples were collected from the following locations:

Site 37; Site 33; Test Bays 1, 2, and 3; Main Bunker; Site 60 (bollards), and Water tanks/appurtenances.

#### Summary of Paint Chip Sample Analysis Results for Lead Content

Sample Date	Sample Number	Description	Sample location / Condition	Analytical Results ppm	Approx. Quantity
. 1/15/03	37-P-1	Gray/White Paint	Bldg. 37 Interior concrete block walls/Peeling/damaged	38,551.3	320 square feet
1/15/03	37-P-2	Gray/White Paint	Bldg 37 Wood door frame / Peeling/damaged	15,566.5	One door only
1/15/03	33-P-3	Gray Paint	Bldg. 33: On steel door / Intact	31,507.2	One door only
1/15/03	TB1-P-4	Thick white paint	Coating on concrete walls of test bay l/Intact some surface damage	349.7	500 SF
1/15/03	TB2-P-5	Thick white paint	Coating on concrete walls of test bay2/Intact some surface damage	156.1	1,000 SF
1/15/03	MB-P-6	White/yellow/orange thick paint	Exterior walls of main Bunker/Intact	217.9	300 SF
1/15/03	MB-P-7	Silver/gray paint	Exterior walls of main Bunker/Intact	88.1	500 SF
1/15/03	MB-P-8	Silver/gray paint	Interior walls of main Bunker/Intact	603.7	3,900 SF
1/15/03	MB-P-9	Green ceramic tile	In restroom of main Bunker	646.9	50 SF
1/15/03	TB3-P-10	White/Gray paint	Test bay 3 - Concrete walls/ Significant deterioration	178.2	1,500 SF
1/15/03	60-P-11	Yellow paint	On concrete bollards/ Sig deteriorated	177,468.6	12 each 4'
1/15/03	1-P-12	Gray paint & Orange primer	On water tank #1 and pipes/appurtenances	277,489.2	1.500 SF - Also on 12 bollards
1/15/03	2-P-13	Gray paint & Orange primer	On water tank #2 and pipes/appurtenances	205,892.5	1,500 SF

PPM-Parts per million, SF-Square Foot, TB-Test Bays, MB-Main Bunker,

The lab has confirmed that all paint samples collected at this site contain lead. The lead content of the paint sample ranged from 88.1 ppm to 277,489 ppm. With the exception of the water tanks, the condition of all other lead paint at this site was considered to be poor (peeling, chipping, damaged, etc.).

Prior to renovation/remodeling, or demolition activities, all loose and flaking lead paint at this site must be properly removed, containerized, and disposed by a qualified contractor in

Mrs. Theresa Congdon Lead-Paint Survey Report for Lockheed Martin Beaumont Site # 2 January 23, 2003 Page 3 of 3

accordance with applicable regulations and under proper engineer controls/containments. The surfaces must then be stabilized prior to any further disturbance.

Due to the condition of the painted components/surfaces at this site, there is a potential for surface contamination (soils and grounds) at the base of walls at all buildings. This issue must be addresses when remediation/demolition activities area planned at the facility or if the facility will be reoccupied.

Copies of the lead paint sample analysis report and chain of custody have been attached for your review and record keeping.

A summary of OSHA regulatory requirements for handling and disposal of lead containing paint has been attached for your review.

For questions regarding the above information please feel free to contact the undersigned.

Regards,

CITY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.

F. Frank Najafi

California DHS Certified LBP Inspector/Assessor, No. 89

California Registered Environmental Assessor, No. 05542

Attachments: lead paint sample chain of custody, lab analysis report, and OSHA lead regulation summary.

### CHAIN OF CUSTODY FOR LABORATORY SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Date:	1.61	03		Project (2)  Location:	thick sen		Project Name:			age:	Of: /	
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### CHAIN OF CUSTODY FOR LABORATORY SAMPLE ANALYSIS

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1-9-1	1/15/03	Gray/white Paint		Damage	Linderior co	nereste 6, 10 th	wells	8x8x10
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Micron Environmental Labs.

Analytical Method: EPA SW846-3050-7420

AIHA (ELPAT) ID No.: 103012 CA ELAP Certificate NO. 2297

Micron Ref. No. 11303014

Date: 1/24/03

292 E. Foothill Blvd. Suite B Arcadia, CA 91006

#### Lead (Pb) TTLC Summary Results

Project: Lockheed Beaumont Site 2

Analyst: Fabio Rodriguez

Date Collected: 1/16/03

Company: CITY Environmental Services, Inc.

Date Received: 1/17/03

Address: PO BOX 641818

Date Analyzed: 1/24/03

City, State, Zip: Los Angeles, CA 90064

No. of samples: 13

Sample Volume Dilution Weight Concentration Results  $\mathbf{m}$ ml Factor mg/l mg/kg (ppm) g 50 37-p1 0.184310 14.21 38551.3 37-p2 0.1121 50 1 34.90 15566.5 33-n3 0.1798 50 10 11.33 31507.2 50 BTI-p4 0.1387 1 0.97 349.7 TB-05 0.1409 50 0.44 156.1 MB-p6 0.1331 50 0.58 217.9 MB-p7 0.1135 50 0.20 88.1 MB-p8 0.1640 50 1.98 603.7 MB-p90.1028 50 1 1.33 646.9 0.1936 TB-p10 50 0.69 178.2 GO-p11 0.1114 50 20 19.77 177468.6 0.1155 50 1-p12 20 32.05 277489.2 0.1731 2-p13 50 20 35.64 205892.5

mg/kg-milligrams per kilogram ppm-perts per million



#### Micron Environmental Labs.

Analytical Method: EPA SW846-3050-7420

AIHA (ELPAT) ID No.: 103012 CA ELAP Certificate NO. 2297

Micron Ref. No. 11303014

Date: 1/24/03

292 E. Foothill Blvd. Suite B Arcadia, CA 91006

#### Lead (Pb) TTLC Summary Results

Project: Lockheed Beaumont Site 2

Analyst: Fabio Rodriguez

Date Collected: 1/16/03

Company: CITY Environmental Services, Inc. Date Received: 1/17/03

Address: PO BOX 641818 Date Analyzed: 1/24/03 City, State, Zip: Los Angeles, CA 90064 No. of samples: 13

Concentration Sample Volume Dilution Results Weight ID ml **Factor** mg/l mg/kg (ppm) g 0.1843 37-p1 50 10 14.21 38551.3 37-02 0.1121 50 1 34.90 15566.5 33-p3 0.179850 10 11.33 31507.2 BTI-p4 0.1387 0.97 50 1 349.7 0.1409 50 1 TB-p5 0.44 156.1 MB-p6 0.1331 50 1 0.58 217.9 0.1135 50 0.20 88.1 MB-p7 1 MB-p8 0.1640 50 1 1.98 603.7 MB-n9 0.1028 50 1 1.33 646.9 TB-p10 0.1936 50 1 0.69 178.2 GO-p11 50 0.111420 19.77 177468.6 0.1155 1-p12 50 20 32.05 277489.2 50 2-p13 0.1731 20 35.64 205892.5

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## **APPENDIX C**

SAFETY AND TOXICS
ASSESSMENT MATRIX FOR
BEAUMONT SITE 1

## **APPENDIX C**

SAFETY AND TOXICS
ASSESSMENT MATRIX FOR
BEAUMONT SITE 1

COMPLETE MATRIX

ltem #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
1	А	Northeastern section of site	Unknown	One mile south of front gate, structure located on edge of hilltop west of the road	89	In-ground 50' by 50' by 4' deep concrete pit with metal structure. 2 - 5' by 5' counter weights. 30' by 30' gravel pad nearby. Some metal debris.	D
2	Α	Aerojet Ballistics Test Area (eastern)	Eastern Aerojet range	Gun Placement Area	29	10' x 15' rebar reinforced, concrete pad with multiple mounting bolts	D
3	А	Nuevo and Potrero Creek wash	Tank	4000' north of Potrero Road heading northward in eastern side of canyon wall	36	A singe wall steel 5' x 15' empty storage tank. Tank probably slid off eastern bank during a major storm/erosion event.	D
4	А	Above Nuevo and Potrero Creek wash, east side	Unknown	~1 mile north of Potrero Road, above wash on eastern side	27	Three 8' x 10' concrete pads, 4" thick, rebar reinforced. Two pads have exposed rebar, protruding upward	D
5	А	Nuevo and Potrero Creek wash	N/A	~1-1/4 mile north of Potrero Road in wash	34	One old rocket motor casing. Markings are faded and unreadable.	Ð
6	Α	Northeastern section of site	Former gate house	In road south of front gate	22	Concrete pad with crash posts and protruding bolts	D
7	А	Northeastern section of site	Former parking and entrance?	Concrete pad to east of gate house and road	23	Concrete pad with protruding bolts	D
8	А	Northeastern section of site	N/A	Downslope from revetments on right side of dirt road	24	Empty, rusted 25-gallon drum	Đ
9	Α	Northeastern section of site	N/A	Downslope from revetments on right side of dirt road	25	Rusted tire rim	D
10	Α	Northeastern section of site	N/A	Base of earthen berm on south side	90	5-gallon empty cylinder	D
11	А	Northeastern section of site	N/A	Southwest side of hilltop and earthen berm	91	Metal and concrete debris	D

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
12	А	Aerojet Ballistics Test Area (eastern)	Eastern Aerojet range	Concrete (Targets) Backstop and Instrumentation Bldg	2 <b>8</b>	No evidence observed of former structures. However, within 500' foot radius scattered metal debris observed	D
13	Α	Nuevo and Potrero Creek wash	N/A	1250' north of Potrero Road heading northward in wash	30	Empty 55-gallon drum and crumbled metal siding 50' north of drum	D
14	А	Nuevo and Potrero Creek wash	N/A	4000' north of Potrero Road heading northward in wash	32	~5' tall, 9" diameter metal stove pipe in wash. Crushed metal debris ~10' away.	D
15	А	Nuevo and Potrero Creek wash	N/A	4500' north of Potrero Road in wash		One car tire observed 100' south of tank location, under trees in wash. One car tire observed 200' south of tank in wash on east side.	D
16	А	Nuevo and Potrero Creek wash	N/A	~1-1/4 mile north of Potrero Road in wash. 50' away from rocket motor casing		24" diameter by 6' long corrugate metal pipe	D
17	Α	Nuevo and Potrero Creek wash	Unknown	~1-1/2 mile north of Potrero Road in wash	35	Large concrete building/structural debris. Probably eroded from eastern side. Large corrugated metal livestock watering tank.	D
18	А	Nuevo and Potrero Creek wash	Former well	~1-1/2 mile north of Potrero Road in wash		8" former well casing appears to be driven into wash. Associated severed 20' length of well casing and protective monument nearby	D
19	А	Northeastern section of site	Revetments for avanti motor storage	West of road		Concrete pads in good condition. No debris or protruding bolts	N/A
20	Α	Aerojet Ballistics Test Area (eastern)	Impact/target area	One mile north of Gun Placement Area		No evidence was observed of the impact area or the backstop	N/A
21	А	Aerojet Ballistics Test Area (eastern)	Soil conservation service berm	1-1/4 north of Gun Placement Area		Berm present. No concerns noted	N/A
22	А	Aerojet Ballistics Test Area (eastern)	Intermittent lake	1-1/4 north of Gun Placement Area		Topographic Depression. Evidence of former dry land farming. No concerns noted.	N/A

Item#	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
23	А	Aerojet Ballistics Test Area (eastern)	Two storage revetments	East of Intermittent Lake		U-shaped revetments no concrete pads. No concerns noted.	N/A
24	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Mix station control bunker	315A		Toxic mold was found on the acoustic ceiling tiles in the tool room.	Т
25	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Unknown	Northwest of 315A		14' x 40' concrete pad and associated 5' x 5' x 5.5' deep dry well vault. Residual mastic from 9" x 9" floor tiles observed on concrete pad	D
26	В	Northwest of Propellant Mixing Area	Electric substation	Electric substation		Unused former main electrical switch gear location. Switch gear removed, cabinet remains. Adjacent enclosure contain current site electrical service entrance and transformers.	D
27	В	Remedial System Extraction/Injection Wells	Remedial system	Various		Covers of extraction/injection wells were observed to be open and unsecured	R
28	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Remedial system	315		Air stripper	R
29	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Remedial system	315		Air stripper	R
30	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Remedial system	315		Air stripper	R
31	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Remedial system	315		Air stripper	R
32	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Remedial system	315		Air stripper	R
33	В	750' south of intersection of Highland Springs Road and Potrero Road	unknown	Adjacent and west of Highland Springs Road (dirt)	61	Open 8' by 6' by 2' deep concrete block vault and sawed off telephone pole	D
34	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Fuel slurry station	317	N/A	5' x 25' x 100' concrete T-shaped foundation	D
35	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Electrical enclosure	West of 315A		Electrical enclosure	D
36	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Vault	West of 315A		Air conditioner vault at southeast corner of electrical enclosure	D
37	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Vault	West of 315A		Open vault southwest of electrical enclosure	D
38	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Unknown	Concrete pad south of 315A across road	93	10' x 10' concrete pad with electrical conduit/piping protruding from adjacent ground	D

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
39	В	North of Propellant Mixing Area	Water Tank	2500' North of Building 315 on hill slope south of Potrero Road		Former metal water tank and distribution piping. All that remains is pieces of sheet metal from tank, tank ladder, and piping and valves from the distribution system.	D
40	В	North of Propellant Mixing Area	Unknown	1000' NE of 319, south of wash	none	64' x 40' concrete pad with protruding bolts, partial block wall, and concrete debris	D
41	В	North of Propellant Mixing Area	Unknown	1000' NE of 319, south of wash	none	7.5' x 5.5' x 3.5' deep raised concrete vault	D
42	В	North of Propellant Mixing Area	Unknown	North of Potrero road, east of intersection with fuel slurry station access road	37	6' diameter circular concrete structure with metal barrel at center. Blackened barrel interior suggestive of burning.	D
43	В	Northwest of Propellant Mixing Area	Unknown	Concrete pad 100' east of substation	103	60' x 20' concrete pad with protruding bolts and some broken concrete	D
44	В	northwest of Propellant Mixing Area	unknown	250' south of Potrero road west of intersection with fuel slurry station access road north of wash	104	Scattered building debris, wood, presumed ACM in 9" floor tile, rubberized material, 1 tire	Т
45	В	Remedial System Extraction Wells	Remedial system	EW1 and EW2 power panels		Electrical panels did not have proper warning signage	R
46	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Remedial system	315		Air stripper is on concrete pad of former mix station.	R
47	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Remedial system	315		Air stripper	R
48	В	750' south of intersection of Highland Springs Road and Potrero Road	N/A	15' west of vault and in wash	61	Fenced debris and tire	D
49	В	Adjacent and west of Highland Springs Road (dirt)	N/A	Adjacent and west of Highland Springs Road (dirt)	62	One tire	D
50	В	1500' north of 315A	N/A	Along eastern side of hill	92	Debris from livestock water supply (rusted 6"-diameter irrigation pipe and 5 gallon bucket)	D
51	В	1500' north of 315A	N/A	In topographic depression		Former livestock watering hole	D

item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
52	В	Propellant Mixing Area	N/A	317	N/A	55-gallon drum of non-hazardous trash sitting on concrete pad	D
53	В	Propellant Mixing Area	N/A	West of 317	N/A	Empty, rusted 55-gallon drum	D
54	В	Propellant Mixing Area	N/A	Vicinity 317	N/A	Metal debris and one car tire	D
55	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Unknown	40' north of 317, west side of road	97	10' by 10' concrete pad partially buried by sand, possible former well/tank location	D
56	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Former AST	west of 315A		Concrete AST cradle	D
57	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Unknown	Northwest of 315A		14' x 40' concrete pad and associated 5' x 5' x 5.5' deep dry well vault. Residual mastic from 9" x 9" floor tiles observed on concrete pad (presumed ACM)	Т
58	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Unknown	50' northwest of 315A		Partially buried, empty, rusted 55-gallon drum	D
59	В	Propellant Mixing Area	N/A	East of 315		Mobile trailer	D
60	В	Propellant Mixing Area	n/a	Protruding 4' tall pole south of 315A and road	94	4' tall pole, 15' away from concrete pad	D
61	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Chemical storage Quonset	319		Metal debris near 82' x 42' concrete pad	D
62	В	Propellant Mixing Area	N/A	1000' east of 319 at base of hill		Barbed wire fencing debris in a pile	D
63	В	North of Propellant Mixing Area	N/A	Wash north of Propulsion Mix Station Area, east of road		Metal debris and tires (two car tires)	D
64	В	North of Propellant Mixing Area	N/A	Wash north of Propulsion Mix Station Area, west of road	99	Concrete and metal debris in wash	D
65	В	North of Propellant Mixing Area	N/A	Tree line north of Potrero Road	00, 10	Scattered metal and concrete debris under trees	D
66	В	Northwest of Propellant Mixing Area	N/A	In culvert paralleling either side of Potrero road		Minor amounts of scattered concrete and metal debris and 2 tires	D

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
67	В	northwest of Propellant Mixing Area	unknown	250' south of Potrero road west of intersection with fuel slurry station access road north of wash	104	Scattered building debris, wood, possible ACBM 9" floor tile, rubberized material, 1 tire	D
68	В	Northwest of Propellant Mixing Area	N/A	Behind mound, 500' north of Potrero road	105/106	debris	D
69	В	Propellant Mixing Area/ Motor Wash Area	N/A	800' south of 317, west of road	95	20' by 20' concrete pad with 4 to 6 steel mounting plates embedded in the concrete	N/A
70	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Mix station control bunker	315A		Flammable/chemical storage	N/A
71	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Cast and cure station	316		No evidence of former structure except a little concrete debris observed in general vicinity of former location	N/A
72	C	Burn Pit Area	Magazine (equipment storage)	Southeast of Burn Pit Area	39	Six concrete pads, 4.3' x 10' and 2.2' x 10' pads. Large pieces of concrete debris with protruding metal stakes and rebar.	D
73	С	Burn Pit Area	Catalytic oxidation system	North of burn pit		Inactive	R
74	С	Burn Pit Area	Small beryllium motor horizontal test stand	Southeast of Burn Pit Area	40	Metal test stand on concrete foundation	D
75	С	Burn Pit Area	Burn Pit Area	Burn Pit Area		Former Burn Pit location	R
76	O	Burn Pit Area	Burn pit protective bunker	Burn Pit Protective Bunker	41	Former bunker no longer present. Small quantity of metal debris and charred wood at location and eastward	D
77	С	Burn Pit Area	N/A	Wash near southern site boundary	44	Metal debris in wash on northeast side of wash	D
78	С	Burn Pit Area	Burn Pit Area	Burn Pit Area		Stephens' kangaroo rat fence surrounding Burn Pit Area.	R
79	С	Burn Pit Area	Temporary waste storage area	East of Small Beryllium Motor Horizontal Test Stand on east side of Highland Spring Road		One concrete 10' x 20' pad. Partially covered by sand. No protruding rebar. No concerns noted.	N/A

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
80	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area	Control trailers	South side on road, against hillside		Telephone pole. Downed communication line crosses road. Example of site-wide issue.	D
81	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area	Storage buildings	South side on road, against hillside	46	Three 10' x 10' concrete pads. Very small, 2" tall, bolts.	D
82	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area	Control trailers	South side on road, against hillside	47	Four concrete pads (three 10' x 20' and one 20' x 20'). Minor amounts of wooden and concrete debris and protruding bolts.	D
83	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area	Gun mounts	North side of road, behind and north of small berm	48	20' wide concrete pad with 1' deep pit with metal collar for gun mount. Protruding metal stake nearby.	D
84	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area	Ballistics tunnel	North side of road, behind and north of small berm	49	20' x 20' concrete pad and two 3' tall, 40' long block walls. Metal rebar protruding from wall.	D
<b>8</b> 5	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area	Ballistics tunnel	Debris at west end of former ballistics tunnel		Yellow foam, brown electric insulators with protruding wire, and pieces of tire	D
86	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area	Ballistics tunnel	Southwest of berm adjacent to ballistics tunnel	50	3' x 3' concrete debris block under tree, south of berm	D
87	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area/	Machine gun metal tripod on concrete pad	At base of terraced slope	51	Metal tripod on 5' x 5' concrete pad. Small amount of protruding rebar and wooden debris 200' NW of tripod.	D
88	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area/	N/A	In wash 50' southeast of bend in road		Metal debris	D

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
89	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area/	Small Test Area for Incendiary Bombs.	Box canyon south of Ballistics Test Range.	53,54	Fifteen to twenty drum lids and rings. Vehicular debris throughout canyon - drive shaft, engine block, brake drum, truck door	D
90	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area/	N/A	In wash, west side of road	55, 56	Four drums	D
91	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area/	N/A	north of wash	57	10' x 5' sheet metal	D
92	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area/	Class A explosives storage area	Southwest of Ballistics tunnel, south side of road, behind a berm		Flat area, former location of three pads. No concerns observed.	N/A
93	E	Area North of Radioactive Waste Disposal Site	Unknown	150-250' east of OW2	64	Old wooden structures, fencing, one tire, empty 12-gauge shells	D
94	E	Area North of Radioactive Waste Disposal Site	N/A	South of pond, near road	66	15' length of 4" metal pipe	D
95	E	Area North of Radioactive Waste Disposal Site	N/A	Pond	65	Possible duck pond area. No concerns noted	N/A
96	E	Radioactive Waste Disposal Site	Canyon 1 (possible disposal site)	See MAP		Extensive earthmoving conducted in and along canyon walls. No concerns noted during site visit of 12/02	N/A
97	E	Radioactive Waste Disposal Site	Canyon 2 (Possible Disposal site)	See MAP		Extensive earthmoving conducted in and along canyon walls. No concerns noted during site visit of 12/02	N/A
98	E	Radioactive Waste Disposal Site	Canyon 3 (possible disposal site)	See MAP		Extensive earthmoving conducted in and along canyon walls. No concerns noted during site visit of 12/02	N/A
99	E	Radioactive Waste Disposal Site	Canyon 4 (possible disposal site)	See MAP		Extensive earthmoving conducted in and along canyon walls. No concerns noted during site visit of 12/02	N/A
100	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural test bay 308 (large motor test bay)	308		Unused structure	D

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
101	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural test bay 308 (large motor test bay)	308		Metal ladders, test stand mount, test attachment points and rails, and protruding bolts pose fall hazard and general safety hazard.	D
102	F	LPC Test Services Area	N/A	Above and behind 308		Metal debris and piping, fallen utility wires and telephone poles pose general safety hazard.	D
103	F	LPC Test Services Area	N/A	Southeast from 308 to 305		Approximately 1000' of transite electrical conduit partially buried and on surface	Т
104	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural Test Bay 310 (small motor horizontal test bay)	310		The test support wall and pad remain. The wall has protruding bolts. A square concrete structure is on hillside above.	D
105	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural Test Bay 310 (small motor horizontal test bay)	310		Square concrete structure and protruding bolts pose fall hazard and general safety hazard.	D
106	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	303		Vacant two story concrete, brick, and block building with highbay. Some building material debris.	D
107	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	303		Vacant two story concrete, brick, and block building with highbay. Some building material debris.	D
108	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	303		Vacant two story concrete, brick, and block building with highbay. Some building material debris.	D
109	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	303		Vacant two story concrete, brick, and block building with highbay. Some building material debris.	D
110	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test maintenance and storage	306		CBM building with partial walls of attached building. Unstable wooden roof. Cracks observed in support walls.	D
111	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test personnel bunker	304		Bunker with earthen revetment. Bunker has electrical fixtures/service panels, fluorescent lighting, and 9" x 9" vinyl floor tiles.	D

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
112	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test personnel bunker	304		Bunker with earthen revetment. Bunker has electrical fixtures/service panels, fluorescent lighting, and 9" x 9" vinyl floor tiles. Six 4-light 4-foot long fluorescent light fixtures	D
113	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test personnel bunker	Hilltop west of 304		Aboveground Storage Tank. Former use/contents unknown.	D
114	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test instrumentation bunker	305		Multi-room earth and cement bunker. 4' x 6' interior sump partially filled with liquid. Building debris within bunker.	D
115	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test instrumentation bunker	305		Toxic mold found in drywall and ceiling tiles of facility,	Т
116	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test instrumentation bunker	305		Multi-room earth and cement bunker. 4' x 6' interior sump partially filled with liquid. Building debris within bunker.	Т
117	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test instrumentation bunker	305		Multi-room earth and cement bunker. 4' x 6' interior sump partially filled with liquid. Building debris within bunker.	D
118	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test instrumentation bunker	Shed roofed building attached to 305		Fire damaged, no roof, metal support struts only. Poses structural hazard.	D
119	F	LPC Test Services Area	Small motor test assembly (312)	312		Inactive small room block wall building with rollup garage door and one entrance door.  Multiple unlabeled 55-gallon drums with unknown liquid contents. Toxic mold found in drywall on ceiling of facility,	Т
120	F	LPC Test Services Area	Small motor test assembly (312)	312		Inactive small room block wall building with rollup garage door and one entrance door.  Multiple unlabeled 55-gallon drums with unknown liquid contents. ACM within building.	Т
121	F	LPC Test Services Area	Small motor test assembly (312)	312		Inactive small room block wall building with rollup garage door and one entrance door.  Multiple unlabeled 55-gallon drums with unknown liquid contents. LBP within building.	Т

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
122	F	LPC Test Services Area	Small motor test assembly (312)	312		Inactive small room block wall building with rollup garage door and one entrance door.  Multiple unlabeled 55-gallon drums with unknown liquid contents.	Т
123	F	LPC Test Services Area	Adjacent Structure to 308	308A		10' x 10' CBM building	D
124	F	LPC Test Services Area	Adjacent Structure to 308	30 <b>8</b> A		10' x 10' CBM bldg. LBP within building.	Т
125	F	LPC Test Services Area	Adjacent Structure to 308	308A		10' x 10' CBM bldg. During site inspection, roofing was considered to be presumed ACM. Roofing was sampled and results were negative for ACM.	N/A
126	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural Test Bay 309 (small motor vertical test bay)	309		10' x 10' CBM building, concrete pads, and steel mounts.	D
127	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural Test Bay 309 (small motor vertical test bay)	309		10' x 10' CBM building, concrete pads, and steel mounts. LBP within building.	Т
128	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural Test Bay 309 (small motor vertical test bay)	309		10' x 10' CBM building, concrete pads, and steel mounts. During site inspection, roofing was considered to be presumed ACM. Roofing was sampled and results were negative for ACM.	N/A
129	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural Test Bay 309 (small motor vertical test bay)	309		10' x 10' CBM building, concrete pads, and steel mounts. Protruding conduit located north of building.	D
130	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural Test Bay 309 (small motor vertical test bay)	309		Concrete in previously sealed manhole has subsided. Concrete used to previously fill manhole/vault inside building has subsided.	D
131	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural Test Bay 309 (small motor vertical test bay)	309		Elevated steel rocket test stand mounted on concrete pad	D
132	F	LPC Test Services Area	Unknown	50' downslope of 309 along edge of access road		Two raised concrete supports pose slip, trip, and fall hazard or driving hazard	D

Item#	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
133	F	LPC Test Services Area	Temporary Storage associated with 307	307		10' x 10' CBM building at top of hill with seven concrete pads in revetments around toe of slope. ACM within building.	Т
134	F	LPC Test Services Area	Electrical Enclosure at base of hill west of 307	307		Inactive electrical enclosure	D
135	F	LPC Test Services Area	Electrical Enclosure at base of hill west of 307	307		Inactive electrical enclosure	Т
136	F	LPC Test Services Area	Bunker	325		Bunker made of large metal pipe with concrete front and earthen revetment.	U U
137	F	LPC Test Services Area	Storage Magazine	311		Concrete bunker with earthen revetment	D
138	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	303		High level of animal droppings on floors of facility interior.	Т
139	F	LPC Test Services Area	Former production well W-2	500' south of road south of 303	67	Former production well W-2, piping and electrical conduit from former well system.  Well is not sealed and is open conduit.	D
140	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test maintenance and storage	306		CBM building with partial walls of attached building. Unstable wooden roof. Cracks observed in support walls. LBP within building.	Т
141	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test maintenance and storage	306		CBM building with partial walls of attached building. Unstable wooden roof. Cracks observed in support walls. During site inspection, the building interior was considered to be presumed ACM. The building interior was sampled and results were negative for ACM.	N/A
142	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test personnel bunker	304		Bunker with earthen revetment. Bunker has electrical fixtures/service panels, fluorescent lighting, and 9" x 9" vinyl floor tiles. ACM within building.	Т
143	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test personnel bunker	304		Bunker with earthen revetment. Bunker has electrical fixtures/service panels, fluorescent lighting, and 9" x 9" vinyl floor tiles.	Т

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
144	F	LPC Test Services Area	Environmental Chambers (Conditioning Chambers)	320		Five 20' x 10' concrete pads with earthen berms between and associated 2' deep vaults.	D
145	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test instrumentation bunker	305		Multi-room earth and cement bunker. 4' x 6' interior sump partially filled with liquid. Building debris within bunker. ACM within bunker.	Т
146	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test instrumentation bunker	305		Multi-room earth and cement bunker. 4' x 6' interior sump partially filled with liquid. Building debris within bunker.	Т
147	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test instrumentation bunker	305		Multi-room earth and cement bunker. 4' x 6' interior sump partially filled with liquid. Building debris within bunker. High level of animal dropping on interior floors.	Т
148	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test instrumentation bunker	Air handling unit above 305		Expansion joints and insulation of air handling unit may contain asbestos. ACM within joints and insulation.	Т
149	F	LPC Test Services Area	Electrical enclosure	100' above 305		Electrical enclosure and associated electrical vaults	D
150	F	LPC Test Services Area	Electrical enclosure	100' above 305		Electrical enclosure and associated electrical vaults. Possible PCB contamination.	Т
151	F	LPC Test Services Area	E.B.E.S test facilities (313)	313		Concrete pad, CBM wall, and vault. Three concrete pads located west of main facility structure. Concrete block wall located down slope east of main facility structure. Electrical conduit and piping protruding from ground around structures.	D
152	F	LPC Test Services Area	E.B.E.S test facilities (313)	General Vicinity of 313		Exposed and partially buried piping and conduit in the topographic lows around the structure. Metal debris also found in these areas.	D

Item#	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
153	F	Motor Washout Area near Potrero Creek	Large solid motors washout area	Adjacent to Potrero Creek south of Facility 320 location on south side of road	68	Earthen mound and debris scatter with depression in ground south of mound observed. Former production well and equipment is still present but has been vandalized rendering it inoperable. Piping and conduit protruding from ground.	D
154	F	Motor Washout Area near Potrero Creek	Large solid motors washout area	Potrero creek adjacent to motor washout area	69	Material matching description cited in Radian report as propellant residue is on north slope of Potrero creek 50' west of motor washout area.	Т
155	F	Motor Wash out Area south of 315	Electrical enclosure	North of motor washout area, 500' south of intersection of 2 dirt roads, and 1000' south of 315	60	Electrical enclosure	D
156	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural Test Bay 310 (small motor horizontal test bay)	Vicinity of drive leading to 310		Corrugated metal sheet and metal debris north of Potrero and west of drive leading to 310.  Minor amounts of metal debris in wash on south side of Potrero, west of the drive leading to bldg 310	D
157	F	LPC Test Services Area	Temporary Storage associated with 307	307		Some building debris inside structure.	D
158	F	LPC Test Services Area	Bone-Yard (Steel Framework/Heavy Equipment Storage)	North of T-4 and 307		Metal, concrete, plastic, and wood construction debris scattered about the site.	D
159	F	LPC Test Services Area	Bunker	325		Bunker made of large metal pipe with concrete front and earthen revetment. LBP within bunker.	Т
160	F	LPC Test Services Area	Bunker	325		Bunker made of large metal pipe with concrete front with earthen revetment. 4" exhaust stack connected at rear of facility through earthen revetment to surface.	D
161	F	LPC Test Services Area	Storage Magazine	311		Concrete bunker with earthen revetment. LBP within bunker.	Т

Item#	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
162	F	LPC Test Services Area	Storage Magazine	311		Concrete bunker with earthen revetment. ACM within bunker.	Т
163	F	LPC Test Services Area	Storage Magazine	311		Concrete bunker with earthen revetment Metal debris and former facility doors on floor of facility.	D
164	F	LPC Test Services Area	Storage Magazine	south of 311		5-gallon empty rusted drum	D
165	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	303		Vacant two story concrete, brick, and block building with highbay. Some building material debris. ACM within building.	Т
166	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	303		Vacant two story concrete, brick, and block building with highbay. Some building material debris. LBP within building.	Т
167	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	303		Five HID bulbs in highbay warehouse	Т
168	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	303		Vacant two story concrete, brick, and block building with highbay. Some building material debris.	Т
169	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	303		Vacant two story concrete, brick, and block building with highbay. Some building material debris.	D
170	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	Ditches around 303		Metal and concrete debris	D
171	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	40' north of 303		black canvas web bags in canyon upslope from Building 303	D
172	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	Hillside above 303		Vacant two story concrete, brick, and block building with highbay. Some building material debris.	D
173	F	LPC Test Services Area	Former production well W-2	500' south of road south of 303		Concrete and metal debris near W-2	D
174	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test maintenance and storage	306		CBM building with partial walls of attached building. Unstable wooden roof. Cracks observed in support walls.	D
175	F	LPC Test Services Area	Facilities storage	314		Two 20' x 40' concrete pads from former warehouse buildings. Metal and building material debris in vicinity of former building location	D

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
176	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test personnel bunker	304		Bunker with earthen revetment. Bunker has electrical fixtures/service panels, fluorescent lighting, and 9" x 9" vinyl floor tiles. Metal debris, former facility doors	D
177	F	LPC Test Services Area	Environmental Chambers (Conditioning Chambers)	320		Five 20' x 10' concrete pads with earthen berms between and associated 2' deep vaults. Empty 5-gallon paint bucket	D
178	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test instrumentation bunker	Air handling unit above 305		Metal air handling unit	D
179	F	LPC Test Services Area	N/A	General vicinity of 305, 306, 309, 313, 314		Concrete, metal, and building debris in general vicinity	D
180	F	LPC Test Services Area	Beryllium waste storage	Southwest of Structural Test Bay 310		Storage bunker has been removed. Only concrete and metal debris remain	D
181	F	LPC Test Services Area	Igniter magazine area	Southwest of Structural Test Bay 310		Storage bunker has been removed only concrete and metal debris remain	D
182	F	LPC Test Services Area	Small motor test assembly (312)	312		Inactive small room block wall building with rollup garage door and one entrance door.  Multiple unlabeled 55-gallon drums with unknown liquid contents. Debris and equipment scattered about facility interior.	D
183	F	Motor Wash out Area south of 315	N/A	Adjacent to electrical enclosure		Buried lengths of galvanized pipe north of enclosure and protruding rebar 30' south of enclosure	D
184	F	West of LPC Test Services Area	Remedial System - Monitoring well	1/2 mile west of 310, where road intersects wash. Near MW 16		MW-16 in wash, needs repair	R

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
185	F	LPC Test Services Area	Temperature conditioning chambers (test motors conditioning oven complex)	307		10' x 10' CBM building at top of hill with seven concrete pads in revetments around toe of slope.	N/A
186	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	250' south of betatron Bldg		20' x 60' concrete pad with asphalt driveway and surrounding dirt revetment	N/A
187	F	LPC Test Services Area	Environmental Chambers (Conditioning Chambers)	Between 320 and 309, north of road	107	Two 15' x 15' asphalt pads	N/A
188	F	LPC Test Services Area	Temporary segment storage	T-3 and unnamed storage revetment, located northwest of 307 complex		Only concrete pads remain	N/A
189	F	LPC Test Services Area	Temporary segment storage	T-4, located northeast of 307 complex		Only concrete pads remain	N/A
190	F	LPC Test Services Area	unknown	Between buildings 306 and 308, south of Potrero Road		Possible concrete loading platform 10' x 10' x 4' tall off of Potrero road. Asphalt pad on bottom	N/A
191	F	PCB Spill Area	Transformer containing PCB material spill	Approximately 50 ft. west of building 303		No staining observed.	N/A
192	G	West of LPC Test Services Area	N/A	1/2 mile west of 310, where road intersects wash. Near MW 16	76	Sixteen to twenty tires in wash on west side of road	D
193	G	West of LPC Test Services Area	N/A	1/4 mile west of wash and MW16 along fire road	<b>7</b> 7	No trespassing sign. Fence debris, barb wire and discarding gate post in vicinity	D
194	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	Hanger	Building 302		60' x 60' concrete pad near/at former hanger location. A few 2" protruding screws. A cleanout in the SE corner of the pad.	D

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
195	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	Landing Pad	East of Building 302		Remnants of concrete tie downs and a concrete pad with steel cable were observed in this area.	D
196	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	n/a	Debris in wash 100' northeast of landing pad		20' long, 8" wide metal pipe partially crushed, steel cable, and 20-gallon empty drum on north side of wash.	D
197	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	N/A	300' south of mounted gun platforms, near/in wash	ı	8' long 6" wide metal pipe, partially buried in wash. Crushed metal sheet also observed.	D
198	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	N/A	Near concrete platform		Metal and wood debris to west of platform.  One car tire to east of platform	D
199	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	Towers for mobile target	Southwest of Hanger and Gun Platforms	<b>8</b> 3	Northern most former tower location. Two concrete pads present with some protruding bolts.	D
200	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	Towers for mobile target	Southwest of Hanger and Gun Platforms	84	Southern most former tower location. Three concrete pads with some protruding bolts.	D
201	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	N/A	In pathway between two towers	85	10' x 4" metal plate	D
202	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	N/A	In wash east of 2 towers	86	Large block of concrete debris	D
203	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	N/A	In wash south of Potrero Road	87	Scattered metal, concrete debris and tire	D
204	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	N/A	In drainage south of Potrero Road, north of wash	88	Scatted metal and concrete debris	D
205	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	Stationary Ground Mounted Gun Platforms	South of Building 302		Near/at area of former gun mount there was a 60' x 60' concrete pad with adjacent 20' x 20' pad to the southeast. The pad was in good condition with no protruding bolts.	N/A
206	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	N/A	300' southwest of mounted gun platforms		Large graded area. 10' lower than helicopter weapons area. Possibly used for earth moving practice by Operating Engineers Union. No concerns observed.	N/A
207	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	Observation station	1500' west of gun mount	<b>8</b> 2	Observation station consists of a 10' x 25' wide pad with 3' tall lip. No protruding rebar or bolts observed	N/A

Item#	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
208	Н	Permitted Sanitary Landfill Area	Sanitary landfill	West of road	78	Former sanitary landfill. Two empty partially exposed drums (55 and 30 gallon), day lighting at surface.	D
209	Н	Permitted Sanitary Landfill Area	Sanitary landfill	West of road		Some metal debris has been exposed due to erosion. Tire observed 10' away	D
210	l	Western Aerojet Range	Airstrip	Western portion of site, north of road in broad flat area	81	Area that may have been used as an airstrip is broad flat area with no vegetation. No evidence of airstrip observed. No surface debris observed except two vehicular brake rims at GPS location.	D
211	1	Western Aerojet Range	N/A	South of road, north of sanitary landfill	79	Tire observed on south side of road	D
212	l	Western Aerojet Range	N/A	South of road, north of sanitary landfill, south of reported location of airstrip	ı	Fence debris and barbed wire	D
213	ı	Western Aerojet Range	Incendiary bomb test area	Southeast of Airstrip		No evidence of incendiary bomb test area observed	N/A
214	ı	Western Aerojet Range	Observation station	1500' NW of incendiary bomb test area		No evidence of observation station observed	N/A
215		Facility Wide	Electrical and communication lines	Various		Multiple inactive utility lines. Some lines down in areas. Some active line have slipped off of insulators	D

### **APPENDIX C**

SAFETY AND TOXICS
ASSESSMENT MATRIX FOR
BEAUMONT SITE 1

SAFETY ITEMS MATRIX

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
1	А	Northeastern section of site	Unknown	One mile south of front gate, structure located on edge of hilltop west of the road	89	In-ground 50' by 50' by 4' deep concrete pit with metal structure. 2 - 5' by 5' counter weights. 30' by 30' gravel pad nearby. Some metal debris.	D
2	Α	Aerojet Ballistics Test Area (eastern)	Eastern Aerojet range	Gun Placement Area	29	10' x 15' rebar reinforced, concrete pad with multiple mounting bolts	D
3	Α	Nuevo and Potrero Creek wash	Tank	4000' north of Potrero Road heading northward in eastern side of canyon wall	36	A singe wall steel 5' x 15' empty storage tank. Tank probably slid off eastern bank during a major storm/erosion event.	D
4	А	Above Nuevo and Potrero Creek wash, east side	Unknown	~1 mile north of Potrero Road, above wash on eastern side	27	Three 8' x 10' concrete pads, 4" thick, rebar reinforced. Two pads have exposed rebar, protruding upward	D
5	А	Nuevo and Potrero Creek wash	N/A	~1-1/4 mile north of Potrero Road in wash	34	One old rocket motor casing. Markings are faded and unreadable.	D
6	Α	Northeastern section of site	Former gate house	In road south of front gate	22	Concrete pad with crash posts and protruding bolts	D
7	Α	Northeastern section of site	Former parking and entrance?	Concrete pad to east of gate house and road	23	Concrete pad with protruding bolts	D
8	А	Northeastern section of site	N/A	Downslope from revetments on right side of dirt road	24	Empty, rusted 25-gallon drum	D
9	Α	Northeastern section of site	N/A	Downslope from revetments on right side of dirt road	25	Rusted tire rim	D
10	Α	Northeastern section of site	N/A	Base of earthen berm on south side	90	5-gallon empty cylinder	D
11	Α	Northeastern section of site	N/A	Southwest side of hilltop and earthen berm	91	Metal and concrete debris	D

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
12	А	Aerojet Ballistics Test Area (eastern)	Eastern Aerojet range	Concrete (Targets) Backstop and Instrumentation Bldg	28	No evidence observed of former structures. However, within 500' foot radius scattered metal debris observed	D
13	Α	Nuevo and Potrero Creek wash	N/A	1250' north of Potrero Road heading northward in wash	30	Empty 55-gallon drum and crumbled metal siding 50' north of drum	D
14	А	Nuevo and Potrero Creek wash	N/A	4000' north of Potrero Road heading northward in wash	32	~5' tall, 9" diameter metal stove pipe in wash. Crushed metal debris ~10' away.	D
15	А	Nuevo and Potrero Creek wash	N/A	4500' north of Potrero Road in wash		One car tire observed 100' south of tank location, under trees in wash. One car tire observed 200' south of tank in wash on east side.	D
16	А	Nuevo and Potrero Creek wash	N/A	~1-1/4 mile north of Potrero Road in wash. 50' away from rocket motor casing		24" diameter by 6' long corrugate metal pipe	D
17	Α	Nuevo and Potrero Creek wash	Unknown	~1-1/2 mile north of Potrero Road in wash	35	Large concrete building/structural debris. Probably eroded from eastern side. Large corrugated metal livestock watering tank.	D
18	А	Nuevo and Potrero Creek wash	Former well	~1-1/2 mile north of Potrero Road in wash		8" former well casing appears to be driven into wash. Associated severed 20' length of well casing and protective monument nearby	D
25	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Unknown	Northwest of 315A		14' x 40' concrete pad and associated 5' x 5' x 5.5' deep dry well vault. Residual mastic from 9" x 9" floor tiles observed on concrete pad	D
26	В	Northwest of Propellant Mixing Area	Electric substation	Electric substation		Unused former main electrical switch gear location. Switch gear removed, cabinet remains. Adjacent enclosure contain current site electrical service entrance and transformers.	D

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
27	В	Remedial System Extraction/Injection Wells	Remedial system	Various		Covers of extraction/injection wells were observed to be open and unsecured	R
28	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Remedial system	315		Air stripper	R
29	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Remedial system	315		Air stripper	R
30	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Remedial system	315		Air stripper	R
31	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Remedial system	315		Air stripper	R
32	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Remedial system	315		Air stripper	R
33	В	750' south of intersection of Highland Springs Road and Potrero Road	unknown	Adjacent and west of Highland Springs Road (dirt)	61	Open 8' by 6' by 2' deep concrete block vault and sawed off telephone pole	D
34	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Fuel slurry station	317	N/A	5' x 25' x 100' concrete T-shaped foundation	D
35	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Electrical enclosure	West of 315A		Electrical enclosure	D
36	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Vault	West of 315A		Air conditioner vault at southeast corner of electrical enclosure	D
37	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Vault	West of 315A		Open vault southwest of electrical enclosure	D
38	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Unknown	Concrete pad south of 315A across road	93	10' x 10' concrete pad with electrical conduit/piping protruding from adjacent ground	D
39	В	North of Propellant Mixing Area	Water Tank	2500' North of Building 315 on hill slope south of Potrero Road		Former metal water tank and distribution piping. All that remains is pieces of sheet metal from tank, tank ladder, and piping and valves from the distribution system.	D
40	В	North of Propellant Mixing Area	Unknown	1000' NE of 319, south of wash	none	64' x 40' concrete pad with protruding bolts, partial block wall, and concrete debris	D
41	В	North of Propellant Mixing Area	Unknown	1000' NE of 319, south of wash	none	7.5' x 5.5' x 3.5' deep raised concrete vault	D
42	В	North of Propellant Mixing Area	Unknown	North of Potrero road, east of intersection with fuel slurry station access road	37	6' diameter circular concrete structure with metal barrel at center. Blackened barrel interior suggestive of burning.	D
43	В	Northwest of Propellant Mixing Area	Unknown	Concrete pad 100' east of substation	103	60' x 20' concrete pad with protruding bolts and some broken concrete	D

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
45	В	Remedial System Extraction Wells	Remedial system	EW1 and EW2 power panels		Electrical panels did not have proper warning signage	R
46	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Remedial system	315		Air stripper is on concrete pad of former mix station.	R
47	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Remedial system	315		Air stripper	R
48	В	750' south of intersection of Highland Springs Road and Potrero Road	N/A	15' west of vault and in wash	61	Fenced debris and tire	D
49	В	Adjacent and west of Highland Springs Road (dirt)	N/A	Adjacent and west of Highland Springs Road (dirt)	<b>6</b> 2	One tire	D
50	В	1500' north of 315A	N/A	Along eastern side of hill	92	Debris from livestock water supply (rusted 6"-diameter irrigation pipe and 5 gallon bucket)	D
51	В	1500' north of 315A	N/A	In topographic depression		Former livestock watering hole	D
52	В	Propellant Mixing Area	N/A	317	N/A	55-gallon drum of non-hazardous trash sitting on concrete pad	D
53	В	Propellant Mixing Area	N/A	West of 317	N/A	Empty, rusted 55-gallon drum	D
54	В	Propellant Mixing Area	N/A	Vicinity 317	N/A	Metal debris and one car tire	D
55	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Unknown	40' north of 317, west side of road	97	10' by 10' concrete pad partially buried by sand, possible former well/tank location	D
56	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Former AST	west of 315A		Concrete AST cradle	D
58	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Unknown	50' northwest of 315A		Partially buried, empty, rusted 55-gallon drum	D
59	В	Propellant Mixing Area	N/A	East of 315		Mobile trailer	D
60	В	Propellant Mixing Area	n/a	Protruding 4' tall pole south of 315A and road	94	4' tall pole, 15' away from concrete pad	D
61	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Chemical storage Quonset	319		Metal debris near 82' x 42' concrete pad	D
62	В	Propellant Mixing Area	N/A	1000' east of 319 at base of hill		Barbed wire fencing debris in a pile	D

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
63	В	North of Propellant Mixing Area	N/A	Wash north of Propulsion Mix Station Area, east of road		Metal debris and tires (two car tires)	D
64	В	North of Propellant Mixing Area	N/A	Wash north of Propulsion Mix Station Area, west of road	99	Concrete and metal debris in wash	D
65	В	North of Propellant Mixing Area	N/A	Tree line north of Potrero Road	100, 10°	Scattered metal and concrete debris under trees	D
66	В	Northwest of Propellant Mixing Area	N/A	In culvert paralleling either side of Potrero road		Minor amounts of scattered concrete and metal debris and 2 tires	D
67	В	northwest of Propellant Mixing Area	unknown	250' south of Potrero road west of intersection with fuel slurry station access road north of wash	104	Scattered building debris, wood, possible ACBM 9" floor tile, rubberized material, 1 tire	D
68	В	Northwest of Propellant Mixing Area	N/A	Behind mound, 500' north of Potrero road	105/106	Minor amounts of car parts and other metal debris	D
72	С	Burn Pit Area	Magazine (equipment storage)	Southeast of Burn Pit Area	39	Six concrete pads, 4.3' x 10' and 2.2' x 10' pads. Large pieces of concrete debris with protruding metal stakes and rebar.	D
73	С	Burn Pit Area	Catalytic oxidation system	North of burn pit		Inactive	R
74	С	Burn Pit Area	Small beryllium motor horizontal test stand	Southeast of Burn Pit Area	40	Metal test stand on concrete foundation	D
75	С	Burn Pit Area	Burn Pit Area	Burn Pit Area		Former Burn Pit location	R
76	С	Burn Pit Area	Burn pit protective bunker	Burn Pit Protective Bunker	41	Former bunker no longer present. Small quantity of metal debris and charred wood at location and eastward	D
77	С	Burn Pit Area	N/A	Wash near southern site boundary	44	Metal debris in wash on northeast side of wash	D

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
78	С	Burn Pit Area	Burn Pit Area	Burn Pit Area		Stephens' kangaroo rat fence surrounding Burn Pit Area.	R
80	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area	Control trailers	South side on road, against hillside		Telephone pole. Downed communication line crosses road. Example of site-wide issue.	D
81	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area	Storage buildings	South side on road, against hillside	46	Three 10' x 10' concrete pads. Very small, 2" tall, bolts.	D
82	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area	Control trailers	South side on road, against hillside	47	Four concrete pads (three 10' x 20' and one 20' x 20'). Minor amounts of wooden and concrete debris and protruding bolts.	D
83	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area	Gun mounts	North side of road, behind and north of small berm	48	20' wide concrete pad with 1' deep pit with metal collar for gun mount. Protruding metal stake nearby.	D
84	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area	Ballistics tunnel	North side of road, behind and north of small berm	49	20' x 20' concrete pad and two 3' tall, 40' long block walls. Metal rebar protruding from wall.	D
85	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area	Ballistics tunnel	Debris at west end of former ballistics tunnel		Yellow foam, brown electric insulators with protruding wire, and pieces of tire	D
86	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area	Ballistics tunnel	Southwest of berm adjacent to ballistics tunnel	50	3' x 3' concrete debris block under tree, south of berm	D
87	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area/	Machine gun metal tripod on concrete pad	At base of terraced slope	51	Metal tripod on 5' x 5' concrete pad. Small amount of protruding rebar and wooden debris 200' NW of tripod.	D

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
88	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area/	N/A	In wash 50' southeast of bend in road		Metal debris	D
89	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area/	Small Test Area for Incendiary Bombs.	Box canyon south of Ballistics Test Range.	53,54	Fifteen to twenty drum lids and rings.  Vehicular debris throughout canyon - drive shaft, engine block, brake drum, truck door	D
90	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area/	N/A	In wash, west side of road	55, 56	Four drums	D
91	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area/	N/A	north of wash	57	10' x 5' sheet metal	D
93	Е	Area North of Radioactive Waste Disposal Site	Unknown	150-250' east of OW2	64	Old wooden structures, fencing, one tire, empty 12-gauge shells	D
94	Е	Area North of Radioactive Waste Disposal Site	N/A	South of pond, near road	66	15' length of 4" metal pipe	D
100	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural test bay 308 (large motor test bay)	308		Unused structure	D
101	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural test bay 308 (large motor test bay)	308		Metal ladders, test stand mount, test attachment points and rails, and protruding bolts pose fall hazard and general safety hazard.	D
102	F	LPC Test Services Area	N/A	Above and behind 308		Metal debris and piping, fallen utility wires and telephone poles pose general safety hazard.	D
104	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural Test Bay 310 (small motor horizontal test bay)	310		The test support wall and pad remain. The wall has protruding bolts. A square concrete structure is on hillside above.	D
105	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural Test Bay 310 (small motor horizontal test bay)	310		Square concrete structure and protruding bolts pose fall hazard and general safety hazard.	D

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
106	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	303		Vacant two story concrete, brick, and block building with highbay. Some building material debris.	D
107	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	303		Vacant two story concrete, brick, and block building with highbay. Some building material debris.	D
108	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	303		Vacant two story concrete, brick, and block building with highbay. Some building material debris.	D
109	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	303		Vacant two story concrete, brick, and block building with highbay. Some building material debris.	D
110	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test maintenance and storage	306		CBM building with partial walls of attached building. Unstable wooden roof. Cracks observed in support walls.	D
111	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test personnel bunker	304		Bunker with earthen revetment. Bunker has electrical fixtures/service panels, fluorescent lighting , and 9" x 9" vinyl floor tiles.	D
112	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test personnel bunker	304		Bunker with earthen revetment. Bunker has electrical fixtures/service panels, fluorescent lighting, and 9" x 9" vinyl floor tiles. Six 4-light 4-foot long fluorescent light fixtures	D
113	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test personnel bunker	Hilltop west of 304		Aboveground Storage Tank. Former use/contents unknown.	D
114	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test instrumentation bunker	305		Multi-room earth and cement bunker. 4' x 6' interior sump partially filled with liquid. Building debris within bunker.	D
117	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test instrumentation bunker	305		Multi-room earth and cement bunker. 4' x 6' interior sump partially filled with liquid. Building debris within bunker.	D
118	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test instrumentation bunker	Shed roofed building attached to 305		Fire damaged, no roof, metal support struts only. Poses structural hazard.	D

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
123	F	LPC Test Services Area	Adjacent Structure to 308	308A		10' x 10' CBM building	D
126	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural Test Bay 309 (small motor vertical test bay)	309		10' x 10' CBM building, concrete pads, and steel mounts.	D
129	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural Test Bay 309 (small motor vertical test bay)	309		10' x 10' CBM building, concrete pads, and steel mounts. Protruding conduit located north of building.	D
130	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural Test Bay 309 (small motor vertical test bay)	309		Concrete in previously sealed manhole has subsided. Concrete used to previously fill manhole/vault inside building has subsided.	D
131	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural Test Bay 309 (small motor vertical test bay)	309		Elevated steel rocket test stand mounted on concrete pad	D
132	F	LPC Test Services Area	Unknown	50' downslope of 309 along edge of access road		Two raised concrete supports pose slip, trip, and fall hazard or driving hazard	D
134	F	LPC Test Services Area	Electrical Enclosure at base of hill west of 307	307		Inactive electrical enclosure	D
136	F	LPC Test Services Area	Bunker	325		Bunker made of large metal pipe with concrete front and earthen revetment.	D
137	F	LPC Test Services Area	Storage Magazine	311		Concrete bunker with earthen revetment	D
139	F	LPC Test Services Area	Former production well W-2	500' south of road south of 303	67	Former production well W-2, piping and electrical conduit from former well system. Well is not sealed and is open conduit.	D
144	F	LPC Test Services Area	Environmental Chambers (Conditioning Chambers)	320		Five 20' x 10' concrete pads with earthen berms between and associated 2' deep vaults.	D
149	F	LPC Test Services Area	Electrical enclosure	100' above 305		Electrical enclosure and associated electrical vaults	D

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
151	F	LPC Test Services Area	E.B.E.S test facilities (313)	313		Concrete pad, CBM wall, and vault. Three concrete pads located west of main facility structure. Concrete block wall located down slope east of main facility structure. Electrical conduit and piping protruding from ground around structures.	D
152	F	LPC Test Services Area	E.B.E.S test facilities (313)	General Vicinity of 313		Exposed and partially buried piping and conduit in the topographic lows around the structure. Metal debris also found in these areas.	D
153	F	Motor Washout Area near Potrero Creek	Large solid motors washout area	Adjacent to Potrero Creek south of Facility 320 location on south side of road	68	Earthen mound and debris scatter with depression in ground south of mound observed. Former production well and equipment is still present but has been vandalized rendering it inoperable. Piping and conduit protruding from ground.	D
155	Ľ	Motor Wash out Area south of 315	Electrical enclosure	North of motor washout area, 500' south of intersection of 2 dirt roads, and 1000' south of 315	60	Electrical enclosure	D
156	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural Test Bay 310 (small motor horizontal test bay)	Vicinity of drive leading to 310		Corrugated metal sheet and metal debris north of Potrero and west of drive leading to 310.  Minor amounts of metal debris in wash on south side of Potrero, west of the drive leading to bldg 310	D
157	F	LPC Test Services Area	Temporary Storage associated with 307	307		Some building debris inside structure.	D
158	F	LPC Test Services Area	Bone-Yard (Steel Framework/Heavy Equipment Storage)	North of T-4 and 307		Metal, concrete, plastic, and wood construction debris scattered about the site.	D

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
160	F	LPC Test Services Area	Bunker	325		Bunker made of large metal pipe with concrete front with earthen revetment. 4" exhaust stack connected at rear of facility through earthen revetment to surface.	D
163	F	LPC Test Services Area	Storage Magazine	311		Concrete bunker with earthen revetment Metal debris and former facility doors on floor of facility.	D
164	F	LPC Test Services Area	Storage Magazine	south of 311		5-gallon empty rusted drum	D
169	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	303		Vacant two story concrete, brick, and block building with highbay. Some building material debris.	D
170	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	Ditches around 303		Metal and concrete debris	D
171	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	40' north of 303		black canvas web bags in canyon upslope from Building 303	D
172	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	Hillside above 303		Vacant two story concrete, brick, and block building with highbay. Some building material debris.	D
173	F	LPC Test Services Area	Former production well W-2	500' south of road south of 303		Concrete and metal debris near W-2	D
174	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test maintenance and storage	306		CBM building with partial walls of attached building. Unstable wooden roof. Cracks observed in support walls.	D
175	F	LPC Test Services Area	Facilities storage	314		Two 20' x 40' concrete pads from former warehouse buildings. Metal and building material debris in vicinity of former building location	D
176	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test personnel bunker	304		Bunker with earthen revetment. Bunker has electrical fixtures/service panels, fluorescent lighting, and 9" x 9" vinyl floor tiles. Metal debris, former facility doors	D
177	F	LPC Test Services Area	Environmental Chambers (Conditioning Chambers)	320		Five 20' x 10' concrete pads with earthen berms between and associated 2' deep vaults. Empty 5-gallon paint bucket	D

Item#	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
178	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test instrumentation bunker	Air handling unit above 305		Metal air handling unit	D
179	F	LPC Test Services Area	N/A	General vicinity of 305, 306, 309, 313, 314		Concrete, metal, and building debris in general vicinity	D
180	F	LPC Test Services Area	Beryllium waste storage	Southwest of Structural Test Bay 310		Storage bunker has been removed. Only concrete and metal debris remain	D
181	F	LPC Test Services Area	Igniter magazine area	Southwest of Structural Test Bay 310		Storage bunker has been removed only concrete and metal debris remain	D
182	F	LPC Test Services Area	Small motor test assembly (312)	312		Inactive small room block wall building with rollup garage door and one entrance door.  Multiple unlabeled 55-gallon drums with unknown liquid contents. Debris and equipment scattered about facility interior.	D
183	F	Motor Wash out Area south of 315	N/A	Adjacent to electrical enclosure		Buried lengths of galvanized pipe north of enclosure and protruding rebar 30' south of enclosure	D
184	F	West of LPC Test Services Area	Remedial System - Monitoring well	1/2 mile west of 310, where road intersects wash. Near MW 16		MW-16 in wash, needs repair	R
192	G	West of LPC Test Services Area	N/A	1/2 mile west of 310, where road intersects wash. Near MW 16	76	Sixteen to twenty tires in wash on west side of road	D
193	G	West of LPC Test Services Area	N/A	1/4 mile west of wash and MW16 along fire road	77	No trespassing sign. Fence debris, barb wire and discarding gate post in vicinity	D
194	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	Hanger	Building 302		60' x 60' concrete pad near/at former hanger location. A few 2" protruding screws. A cleanout in the SE corner of the pad.	D .

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
195	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	Landing Pad	East of Building 302		Remnants of concrete tie downs and a concrete pad with steel cable were observed in this area.	D
196	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	n/a	Debris in wash 100' northeast of landing pad		20' long, 8" wide metal pipe partially crushed, steel cable, and 20-gallon empty drum on north side of wash.	D
197	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	N/A	300' south of mounted gun platforms, near/in wash	71, 72	8' long 6" wide metal pipe, partially buried in wash. Crushed metal sheet also observed.	D
198	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	N/A	Near concrete platform		Metal and wood debris to west of platform.  One car tire to east of platform	D
199	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	Towers for mobile target	Southwest of Hanger and Gun Platforms	83	Northern most former tower location. Two concrete pads present with some protruding bolts.	D
200	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	Towers for mobile target	Southwest of Hanger and Gun Platforms	84	Southern most former tower location. Three concrete pads with some protruding bolts.	D
201	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	N/A	In pathway between two towers	<b>8</b> 5	10' x 4" metal plate	D
202	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	N/A	In wash east of 2 towers	86	Large block of concrete debris	D
203	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	N/A	In wash south of Potrero Road	87	Scattered metal, concrete debris and tire	D
204	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	N/A	In drainage south of Potrero Road, north of wash	88	Scatted metal and concrete debris	D
208	Н	Permitted Sanitary Landfill Area	Sanitary landfill	West of road	78	Former sanitary landfill. Two empty partially exposed drums (55 and 30 gallon), day lighting at surface.	D
209	Н	Permitted Sanitary Landfill Area	Sanitary landfill	West of road		Some metal debris has been exposed due to erosion. Tire observed 10' away	D
210	1	Western Aerojet Range	Airstrip	Western portion of site, north of road in broad flat area	81	Area that may have been used as an airstrip is broad flat area with no vegetation. No evidence of airstrip observed. No surface debris observed except two vehicular brake rims at GPS location.	D

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
211	I	Western Aerojet Range	N/A	South of road, north of sanitary landfill	79	Tire observed on south side of road	D
212	ı	Western Aerojet Range	N/A	South of road, north of sanitary landfill, south of reported location of airstrip	80	Fence debris and barbed wire	а
215		Facility Wide	Electrical and communication lines	Various		Multiple inactive utility lines. Some lines down in areas. Some active line have slipped off of insulators	

#### **APPENDIX C**

SAFETY AND TOXICS
ASSESSMENT MATRIX FOR
BEAUMONT SITE 1

TOXICS ITEMS MATRIX

Item#	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
24	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Mix station control bunker	315A		Toxic mold was found on the acoustic ceiling tiles in the tool room.	Т
44	В	northwest of Propellant Mixing Area	unknown	250' south of Potrero road west of intersection with fuel slurry station access road north of wash	104	Scattered building debris, wood, presumed ACM in 9" floor tile, rubberized material, 1 tire	т
57	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Unknown	Northwest of 315A		14' x 40' concrete pad and associated 5' x 5' x 5.5' deep dry well vault. Residual mastic from 9" x 9" floor tiles observed on concrete pad (presumed ACM)	Т
103	F	LPC Test Services Area	N/A	Southeast from 308 to 305		Approximately 1000' of transite electrical conduit partially buried and on surface	Т
115	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test instrumentation bunker	305		Toxic mold found in drywall and ceiling tiles of facility,	Т
116	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test instrumentation bunker	305		Multi-room earth and cement bunker. 4' x 6' interior sump partially filled with liquid. Building debris within bunker.	Т
119	F	LPC Test Services Area	Small motor test assembly (312)	312		Inactive small room block wall building with rollup garage door and one entrance door.  Multiple unlabeled 55-gallon drums with unknown liquid contents. Toxic mold found in drywall on ceiling of facility,	Т
120	F	LPC Test Services Area	Small motor test assembly (312)	312		Inactive small room block wall building with rollup garage door and one entrance door.  Multiple unlabeled 55-gallon drums with unknown liquid contents. ACM within building.	Ţ
121	F	LPC Test Services Area	Small motor test assembly (312)	312		Inactive small room block wall building with rollup garage door and one entrance door.  Multiple unlabeled 55-gallon drums with unknown liquid contents. LBP within building.	Т

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
122	F	LPC Test Services Area	Small motor test assembly (312)	312		Inactive small room block wall building with rollup garage door and one entrance door.  Multiple unlabeled 55-gallon drums with unknown liquid contents.	Т
124	F	LPC Test Services Area	Adjacent Structure to 308	30 <b>8</b> A		10' x 10' CBM bldg. LBP within building.	Т
127	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural Test Bay 309 (small motor vertical test bay)	309		10' x 10' CBM building, concrete pads, and steel mounts. LBP within building.	Т
133	F	LPC Test Services Area	Temporary Storage associated with 307	307		10' x 10' CBM building at top of hill with seven concrete pads in revetments around toe of slope. ACM within building.	Т
135	F	LPC Test Services Area	Electrical Enclosure at base of hill west of 307	307		Inactive electrical enclosure (possible PCB contamination)	Т
138	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	303		High level of animal droppings on floors of facility interior.	Т
140	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test maintenance and storage	306		CBM building with partial walls of attached building. Unstable wooden roof. Cracks observed in support walls. LBP within building.	Т
142	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test personnel bunker	304		Bunker with earthen revetment. Bunker has electrical fixtures/service panels, fluorescent lighting, and 9" x 9" vinyl floor tiles. ACM within bunker.	Т
143	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test personnel bunker	304		Bunker with earthen revetment. Bunker has electrical fixtures/service panels, fluorescent lighting, and 9" x 9" vinyl floor tiles. LBP within bunker.	Т
145	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test instrumentation bunker	305		Multi-room earth and cement bunker. 4' x 6' interior sump partially filled with liquid. Building debris within bunker. ACM within bunker.	Т

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
146	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test instrumentation bunker	305		Multi-room earth and cement bunker. 4' x 6' interior sump partially filled with liquid. Building debris within bunker. LBP within bunker.	Т
147	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test instrumentation bunker	305		Multi-room earth and cement bunker. 4' x 6' interior sump partially filled with liquid. Building debris within bunker. High level of animal dropping on interior floors.	Т
148	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test instrumentation bunker	Air handling unit above 305		Expansion joints and insulation of air handling unit may contain asbestos. ACM within joints and insulation.	Т
150	F	LPC Test Services Area	Electrical enclosure	100' above 305		Electrical enclosure and associated electrical vaults. Possible PCB contamination.	Т
154	F	Motor Washout Area near Potrero Creek	Large solid motors washout area	Potrero creek adjacent to motor washout area	69	Material matching description cited in Radian report as propellant residue is on north slope of Potrero creek 50' west of motor washout area.	Т
159	F	LPC Test Services Area	Bunker	325		Bunker made of large metal pipe with concrete front and earthen revetment. LBP within bunker.	Т
161	F	LPC Test Services Area	Storage Magazine	311		Concrete bunker with earthen revetment. LBP within bunker.	Т
162	F	LPC Test Services Area	Storage Magazine	311		Concrete bunker with earthen revetment. ACM within bunker.	Т
165	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	303		Vacant two story concrete, brick, and block building with highbay. Some building material debris. ACM within building.	Т
166	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	303		Vacant two story concrete, brick, and block building with highbay. Some building material debris. LBP within building.	Т
167	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	303		Five HID bulbs in highbay warehouse	Т
168	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	303		Vacant two story concrete, brick, and block building with highbay. Some building material debris.	Т

#### **APPENDIX C**

SAFETY AND TOXICS
ASSESSMENT MATRIX FOR
BEAUMONT SITE 1

ADDITIONAL ITEMS MATRIX

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	ltem Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
19	А	Northeastern section of site	Revetments for avanti motor storage	West of road		Concrete pads in good condition. No debris or protruding bolts	N/A
20	А	Aerojet Ballistics Test Area (eastern)	Impact/target area	One mile north of Gun Placement Area		No evidence was observed of the impact area or the backstop	N/A
21	Α	Aerojet Ballistics Test Area (eastern)	Soil conservation service berm	1-1/4 north of Gun Placement Area		Berm present. No concerns noted	N/A
22	А	Aerojet Ballistics Test Area (eastern)	Intermittent lake	1-1/4 north of Gun Placement Area		Topographic Depression. Evidence of former dry land farming. No concerns noted.	N/A
23	Α	Aerojet Ballistics Test Area (eastern)	Two storage revetments	East of Intermittent Lake		U-shaped revetments no concrete pads. No concerns noted.	N/A
69	В	Propellant Mixing Area/ Motor Wash Area	N/A	800' south of 317, west of road	<b>9</b> 5	20' by 20' concrete pad with 4 to 6 steel mounting plates embedded in the concrete	N/A
70	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Mix station control bunker	315A		Flammable/chemical storage	N/A
71	В	Propellant Mixing Area	Cast and cure station	316		No evidence of former structure except a little concrete debris observed in general vicinity of former location	N/A
79	С	Burn Pit Area	Temporary waste storage area	East of Small Beryllium Motor Horizontal Test Stand on east side of Highland Spring Road	42	One concrete 10' x 20' pad. Partially covered by sand. No protruding rebar. No concerns noted.	N/A
92	D	LPC Ballistics Test Range area/ Rocket-Assisted Projectile area/	Class A explosives storage area	Southwest of Ballistics tunnel, south side of road, behind a berm		Flat area, former location of three pads. No concerns observed.	N/A
<b>9</b> 5	E	Area North of Radioactive Waste Disposal Site	N/A	Pond	65	Possible duck pond area. No concerns noted	N/A
96	Е	Radioactive Waste Disposal Site	Canyon 1 (possible disposal site)	See MAP		Extensive earthmoving conducted in and along canyon walls. No concerns noted during site visit of 12/02	N/A

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
97	E	Radioactive Waste Disposal Site	Canyon 2 (Possible Disposal site)	See MAP		Extensive earthmoving conducted in and along canyon walls. No concerns noted during site visit of 12/02	N/A
98	E	Radioactive Waste Disposal Site	Canyon 3 (possible disposal site)	See MAP		Extensive earthmoving conducted in and along canyon walls. No concerns noted during site visit of 12/02	N/A
99	Е	Radioactive Waste Disposal Site	Canyon 4 (possible disposal site)	See MAP		Extensive earthmoving conducted in and along canyon walls. No concerns noted during site visit of 12/02	N/A
125	F	LPC Test Services Area	Adjacent Structure to 308	308A		10' x 10' CBM bldg. During site inspection, roofing was considered to be presumed ACM. Roofing was sampled and results were negative for ACM.	N/A
128	F	LPC Test Services Area	Structural Test Bay 309 (small motor vertical test bay)	309		10' x 10' CBM building, concrete pads, and steel mounts. During site inspection, roofing was considered to be presumed ACM. Roofing was sampled and results were negative for ACM.	N/A
141	F	LPC Test Services Area	Test maintenance and storage	306		CBM building with partial walls of attached building. Unstable wooden roof. Cracks observed in support walls. During site inspection, the building interior was considered to be presumed ACM. The building interior was sampled and results were negative for ACM.	N/A
185	F	LPC Test Services Area	Temperature conditioning chambers (test motors conditioning oven complex)	307		10' x 10' CBM building at top of hill with seven concrete pads in revetments around toe of slope.	N/A
186	F	LPC Test Services Area	25 MeV betatron radiographic unit	250' south of betatron Bldg		20' x 60' concrete pad with asphalt driveway and surrounding dirt revetment	N/A

Item #	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D), Remedial (R), or Toxic (T) Concern
187	F	LPC Test Services Area	Environmental Chambers (Conditioning Chambers)	Between 320 and 309, north of road	107	Two 15' x 15' asphalt pads	N/A
188	F	LPC Test Services Area	Temporary segment storage	T-3 and unnamed storage revetment, located northwest of 307 complex		Only concrete pads remain	N/A
189	F	LPC Test Services Area	Temporary segment storage	T-4, located northeast of 307 complex		Only concrete pads remain	N/A
190	F	LPC Test Services Area	unknown	Between buildings 306 and 308, south of Potrero Road		Possible concrete loading platform 10' x 10' x 4' tall off of Potrero road. Asphalt pad on bottom	N/A
191	F	PCB Spill Area	Transformer containing PCB material spill	Approximately 50 ft. west of building 303		No staining observed.	N/A
205	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	Stationary Ground Mounted Gun Platforms	South of Building 302		Near/at area of former gun mount there was a 60' x 60' concrete pad with adjacent 20' x 20' pad to the southeast. The pad was in good condition with no protruding bolts.	N/A
206	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	N/A	300' southwest of mounted gun platforms		Large graded area. 10' lower than helicopter weapons area. Possibly used for earth moving practice by Operating Engineers Union. No concerns observed.	N/A
207	G	Helicopter Weapons Test Area	Observation station	1500' west of gun mount	82	Observation station consists of a 10' x 25' wide pad with 3' tall lip. No protruding rebar or bolts observed	N/A
213	_	Western Aerojet Range	Incendiary bomb test area	Southeast of Airstrip		No evidence of incendiary bomb test area observed	N/A
214	ı	Western Aerojet Range	Observation station	1500' NW of incendiary bomb test area		No evidence of observation station observed	N/A

#### **APPENDIX C**

SAFETY AND TOXICS
ASSESSMENT MATRIX FOR
BEAUMONT SITE 2

#### **APPENDIX C**

SAFETY AND TOXICS
ASSESSMENT MATRIX FOR
BEAUMONT SITE 2

COMPLETE MATRIX

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
1	J	Water Tanks	Water Tank	Eastern most 125,000 gallon water tank		Open hatch at top of tank. Manhole opening at ground level is missing cover. Open valve poses hand trapping hazard.	D
2	J	Building 250 Area	N/A	At tree line south of parking area north of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	54	Debris-forced air furnace. During site inspection, the interior fire chamber was considered to be presumed ACM. The chamber was sampled and results were negative for ACM.	N/A
3	J	Building 250 Area	northern storm drainage headwall	North of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	55	Concrete storm drainage headwall >6' deep. Drain pipe runs under Building 250 area to head wall on south side of building area	D
4	J	Building 250 Area	water supply system	Adjacent to east side of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	59	Water main manifold valve system in vault, 24" diameter water pipes. Vault is roughly 6' long by 3' wide by 6' deep. This is part of system that connects with water supply tanks on the hill.	D
5	J	Building 250 Area	Building 250 storm drain southern headwall	Adjacent to east side of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	60	Storm drain headwall is a concrete wall 25' long and over 10' deep with two 6' drain pipes. One pipe runs north to other head wall. Second pipe runs north to Building 250 parking lot storm drain vault	D
6	J	Building 250 Area	possible transformer pad	at northeast corner of parking area north of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	53	5' by 5' concrete pad with protruding bolts, debris, electrical wiring adjacent to sawed off utility pole. Possible transformer location.  Possible PCB contamination.	Т
7	J	Building 250 Area	possible transformer pad	Adjacent to east side of Building 250 location on west side of main access road		A concrete pad roughly 25' by 10' may have been the location of a reported PCB-containing transformer leak. No concrete or soil staining observed.	Т
8	J	North of Building 250 area	N/A	west of main access road	51	Junked car-burned old Toyota Celica. No soil staining observed.	D

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
9	J	Building 250 Area	N/A	North of Building 250 location on west side of main access road		Sawed off utility poles and conduits in general area and on west side of main access road.	D
10	J	Water Tanks	Water Pump House	On hilltop adjacent to water tanks		15'x25' corrugated metal bldg with unstable metal siding and roof. Roof partially collapsed. Some protruding cross beams piping and conduit. Two 3'x10'x3' concrete equipment slabs probably for former diesel or electric motor pumps. No staining observed on concrete. Floor sinks and drains present in slab. No ACBM or LBP noted. Four 12" water manifold pipes, 4 3" manifold pipes, and two fire shut off valves daylighting out of ground to 3' depth adjacent to building exterior.	D
11	J	Water Tanks	Pumping Facility Bldg.	Concrete Vault just east of pump house	2	3'x4'x5' deep concrete vault with 12" water line	D
12	J	Water Tanks	Water Tank	Western most 250,000 gallon water tank		Unsecured hatch at top of tank. Manhole bolts need to be welded shut at side of tank.	D
13	J	Building 250 Area	unknown structure	Adjacent to west side of Building 250 location on west side of main access road		Two 4" metal pipes protruding from the ground surrounded by crash protection bollards. Unknown structure.	D
14	J	Water Tanks	Water Tank	Western most 250,000 gallon water tank		Western tank (250,000 gallon tank) has metal access ladder leading to tank top	D
15	J	Water Tanks	N/A	South of dirt road leading to water tanks	1	Metal siding from pump house building	D
16	J	Water Tanks	N/A	South slope below water tanks		discarded metal electrical panel	D
17	J	Water Tanks	N/A	Near Pumping Facility Bldg.		Evidence of trespassers camping (couch, broken furniture, trash and fire ring).	D

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
18	J	Water Tanks	N/A	South side of access road east of tanks.	3	metal debris	D
19	J	Northern Y arm	N/A	east side of main access road at north end	45	5-gallon empty rusted can. No sign of soil staining.	D
20	J	Canyon North of Water Tanks and pump house	Old water tank and windmill, possibly associated with water well,W2-2	south of dirt road	47	Crushed metal support structure and water tank. Jagged metal edges. Possible location of former water supply well, W2-2.	D
21	J	Canyon North of Water Tanks and pump house	N/A	either side of dirt road	48	Scattered metal debris on either side of road.	D
22	J	North of Building 250 area	N/A	east side of main access road	52	Empty automobile gas tank. No soil staining observed	D
23	J	Building 250 Area	possible transformer pad	at northeast corner of parking area north of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	53	5' by 5' concrete pad with protruding bolts, debris, electrical wiring adjacent to sawed off utility pole. Possible transformer location.	D
24	J	Building 250 Area	N/A	North of Building 250 location on west side of main access road near tree	58	Rusted, empty 55-gallon drum with heavy gunshot damage. No sign of soil staining.	D
25	J	Building 250 Area	N/A	North of Building 250 location on west side of main access road		Piping and metal debris in general area.	D
26	J	Building 250 Area	N/A	Adjacent to west side of Building 250 location at north end on west side of main access road	61	2 empty, rusted 55-gallon drums with heavy gunshot damage behind (west) of bldg 250 on asphalt. Rusty automotive brake drum on hillside 20' west of drums. No soil staining observed	D
27	J	Building 250 Area	N/A	Adjacent to west side of Building 250 location on west side of main access road		A 10' x 10' concrete pad located adjacent to the southwest corner of Building 250 and next to fire suppression system vaults and valves.  No protruding bolts . Some metal and construction debris.	D

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
28	J	Building 250 Area	N/A	Adjacent to west side of Building 250 location on west side of main access road		A 10' x 20' concrete pad with asphalt apron and 4' wide walk way leading to Building 250 located adjacent to the southwest corner of Building 250 No protruding bolts . Some metal and construction debris.	D
29	J	Northern Y arm	utility pole	west side of main access road	46	Power lines dangling down from utility pole. Lines and poles are all intact north of this location. Pole may have been left standing due to large (2' diameter) predatory bird nest in pole. Electrical panel boards are located on a stand at the base of this pole.	D
30	J	Building 250 Area	Water production well W2-5	North of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	57	Water Well W2-5. Aboveground water lines from well area run north to water valves and distribution piping under tree. Well monument is missing cap and is not sealed.	D
31	J	Building 250 Area	Final Assembly Building for SRAM Rocket Motors	Bldg 250		The primary concrete pad for bldg 250 is roughly 125' by 250'. It is surrounded by asphalt pavement and associated building concrete pads. Some protruding bolts, downed utility wire, conduit, piping, and concrete and metal debris were observed in this area.	D
32	J	Building 250 Area	fire suppression system	Adjacent to west side of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	62	Two shallow concrete vaults (~1' deep) for fire suppression system. Bollards and two 4" cast iron fire valves protruding from ground.	D
33	J	Building 250 Area	N/A	Adjacent to west side of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	63	Rusted, closed 55-gallon drum with heavy gunshot damage, filled with what appears to be solid well-grout. No soil staining observed.	D
34	J	Northern Y arm	SCG line	perpendicular to main access road, north of the site	44	Southern California Gas Pipeline runs through the site	N/A

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
35	J	Canyon North of Water Tanks and pump house	N/A	North of dirt road	49	6" vitreous clay pipe near fence post	N/A
36	J	Building 250 Area	parking lot	parking area north of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	53	Bldg 250 parking area composed of 60'x225' concrete pad with yellow parking delineations	N/A
37	J	Building 250 Area	unknown	North of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	56	Large concrete pad (25'x10') and small landing adjacent to production water well W2-5. 3 concrete equipment mounts, possibly water pump house.	N/A
38	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	Bunker	Within bunker	19	9"- floor tile, mastic, plaster walls/ceilings, ceramic tile. Interior ceiling and wall paint. Note: Structure has had a fire started within it as walls and ceiling of bunker show dark soot staining. Asbestos within bunker.	Т
39	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	Bunker	Within bunker	19	9"- floor tile, mastic, plaster walls/ceilings, ceramic tile. Interior ceiling and wall paint. Note: Structure has had a fire started within it as walls and ceiling of bunker show dark soot staining. LBP within bunker.	Т
40	К	Western Y arm	N/A	east of main access road, in wash	67	Some of the concrete demolition debris used to line the channel has a few isolated areas of asphalt roofing material protruding. Asbestos within debris.	Т
41	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	com line and sawed off utility poles	along western slope at various location		Utility poles were removed along the west slope of the canyon by sawing off at 1' to 3' level. Utility lines, communications cable, tension cables, mounting posts and brackets and other hardware was left scattered about the area.	D

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
42	к	Y-stem	com line and sawed off utility poles	along western slope at various locations	35	Utility poles were removed along the west side of main access road by sawing off at 1' to 3' level. Utility lines, communications cable, tension cables, mounting posts and brackets and other hardware was left scattered about the area.	D
43	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	Bunker	Above bunker.	19	OHV riders observed on top of bunker. Bunker is roughly 13' tall.	D
44	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Bunker	Within bunker	19	Utility trenches around perimeter of room -2' by 1' deep; concrete utility vault 3' by 3' by 4' deep; concrete lined vault at room center 2' by 4' by 1' deep. No fluids observed in trench.	D
45	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Center Test Bay	west side of dirt road	23	Rebar and conduit protruding out of ground at SE corner of test bay	D
46	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	unknown	middle of canyon	1	125' wide by 200' long by 30' tall earthen pyramid. There is a large fissure in pyramid about 8' wide running from its top to the ground surface. The mound was being used for jumps by unauthorized OHV users.	D
47	к	Y intersection of canyon	Bunker	Y intersection of canyon	33	12' by 12' Concrete Masonry Block Bunker. Roof and dirt covering over bunker are gone. Depth is 8', partially filled in with dirt.	D
48	к	Y-stem	T-Revetment Conditioning Chambers	Instrumentation Bldg	37	Control bldg. is 10'x10'x10' concrete masonry block. There is a trench for electrical conduit inside bldg and some protruding electrical conduit inside and outside. Building has an unstable wooden roof.	D

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
49	К	Y-stem	T-Revetment Conditioning Chambers	T- shaped revetment	43	T shaped revetment has smaller revetments along its spine with 10 concrete pads. 1' tall pipe hangers/cradles on top of revetment, discarded water pipes and electrical conduit on ends of smaller revetments between each of 10 concrete pads, some stick up 3-4'. Downed utility lines in area. Revetments are being used by unauthorized OHV users as jumps.	D
50	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Southernmost Test Bay	west side of dirt road, instrumentation vault	27	Concrete vault (3' diameter by 6' deep) open- poses fall hazard.	D
51	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	unknown	South of bunker (see GPS point)	21	Debris adjacent to concrete pad at GPS point 21 includes: transite pipe, utility pole, discarded sign	Т
52	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Northernmost Test Bay	west side of dirt road	22	Scattered transite pipe on hillside near test bay	Т
53	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Center Test Bay	west side of dirt road	23	A 6" diameter transite pipe protrudes from one of the walls. Other possible transite piping from test bay wall	Т
54	к	West Arm of Y	unknown	NE side of dirt road at end of canyon	6	8" thick concrete pads with tie downs - 2 in ground, 2 protruding upward	D
55	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	possible support/instrumentat ion bldg for centrifuge	northwestern extreme of valley, on west side of road behind a revetment		Concrete block wall in slope has protruding nuts. Downed utility line and metal debris on long concrete slab poses trip hazard.	D
56	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	N/A	on slope on west side of canyon, (see GPS point)	17	Isolated metal debris on slope. No evidence of previous structure.	D
57	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Northernmost Test Bay	west side of dirt road	22	Poles for lighting, downed utility lines, I-beam above test bay, upslope. Electrical conduit box at head of test bay. Miscellaneous small amts of metal and concrete debris around test bay.	D
58	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	instrument vaults	west side of dirt road on ridge between center and south test bays	26	Three 5" thick reinforced concrete cylindrical vaults with solid bottom. Vault is 4' wide by 5' deep. 6" transite pipe protrudes into vault.  Exposed rebar.	D

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
59	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Southernmost Test Bay	west side of dirt road	28	Sawed-off utility pole up slope. Miscellaneous small amounts of metal and concrete debris and electrical cabinet removed from vault in front of test bay. Flat transite pipe.	D
60	к	Y Stem	unknown	east side of main access road south of T-revetment conditioning chambers		Old Kitchen sink and multiple 4'x4'x1' thick reinforced concrete pads with protruding rebar in this area and southward.	D
61	к	Western Y arm	N/A	east of main access road, in wash	67	Reinforced concrete from building demolition was used as rip rap to line a 500' long area of the channel. Some of this concrete has protruding rebar which poses impalement hazard.	D
62	к	southern Y-stem area	N/A	Near wash east of former homestead site		Fence posts and barbed wire from former homestead site parallel the wash.	D
63	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Centrifuge	end of canyon on west side in small box canyon behind revetment	8	6'X6'X3' tall concrete block with metal fixtures from centrifuge. 10'x4'x3' deep trench.	D
64	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	unknown	East of asphalt road, at foot of canyon.	11	4-3" thick 10'x10' rebar reinforced concrete pads stacked on top of each other-no protruding bolts. 4'x4'x2' high concrete pad with protruding bolts and steel mount.	D
65	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	unknown	see GPS point	13	2 concrete pads: 3' by 3' and 10' by 20' with associated 2' by 2' concrete vault. Some electrical conduit and metal debris nearby.	D
66	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	N/A	Along road cut in hillside west of bunker.	14	3' x 3' x 3' concrete vault with opening for 6 pipes-protruding bolts	D
67	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	Bunker	Above (over) bunker revetment	19	Open 2' manhole/vent shaft	D
68	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Bunker	Within bunker	19	Metal straps from former fixture or false ceiling hang down from ceiling	D

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
69	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	Northernmost Test Bay	west side of dirt road, northernmost test bay, instrumentation vault	22	4' diameter by 7' deep reinforced concrete vault with access ladder and electrical cabinet on south side revetment of test bay.	D
70	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Northernmost Test Bay	west side of dirt road	22	Test bay consists of 2 parallel reinforced concrete walls approximately 12' high built into hillside and 4' by 4' by 4' concrete block test stand at head of test bay. Both have protruding bolts and pose fall hazard.	D
71	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Center Test Bay	west side of dirt road	23	4' diameter by 7' deep reinforced concrete vault with access ladder.	D
72	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Center Test Bay	west side of dirt road	23	A dirt mound and electrical conduit box are at the location of the former test stand. The wall has protruding bolts and poses a fall hazard.	D
73	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	Center Test Bay	west side of dirt road	23	Partially buried electrical boxes and supports in earthen depression behind test bay	D
74	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Southernmost Test Bay	west side of dirt road	29	Test bay is partially buried in hillside. Consists of 2 parallel reinforced concrete walls and back wall approximately 12' high. The walls have protruding bolts and pose a fall hazard.	D
75	к	Y-stem	Misc. Facility	west of main access road	34	Foundation from control building consists of a large 15' by 34' concrete pad and smaller 19' by 5' concrete pad with some protruding bolts and 1' tall rebar on east side of berm. Sawedoff utility pole and some downed cable adjacent to pad. Protruding pipes stick out of berm 1' high. Pipe saddles 1' tall behind berm.	D
76	К	Y-stem	T-Revetment Conditioning Chambers	Instrumentation Bldg	37	LBP on walls.	Т
77	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	N/A	Metal debris 15' NE of end of the asphalt road		metal debris	D

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
78	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	N/A	West of dirt road at foot of canyon. See GPS point	12	Metal debris at extreme end of valley at foot of slope.	D
79	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	N/A	North of bunker along west side of road (see GPS point)	15	Debris pile: 2' diameter corrugated metal pipes; metal and concrete debris. No apparent structure.	D
80	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	N/A		16	Downed electrical line (no live) at edge of asphalt road, 10' down slope south.	D
81	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	N/A	East side of road in small box canyon	18	Truck bed liner on side of canyon	D
82	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	N/A	Across from bunker in wash.	20	Reinforced concrete storm pipe in wash, sign post and cable in close proximity.	D
83	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Center Test Bay	west side of dirt road	23	Poles for lighting, downed utility lines upslope. Miscellaneous small amts of metal and concrete debris around and within test bay.	D
84	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	unknown	middle of canyon	30	metal debris along NE corner of pyramid blast wall	D
85	к	Y-stem	Misc. Facility	west of berm at gps 34	34	Cable and sawed off utility pole up canyon to west.	D
86	к	Western Y arm	former monitoring well	west side of main access road in wash south of building 250 area	64	Monitoring well with 4" PVC casing within 8" steel protective casing. Former location eroded into wash. Upper well protective casing and inner casing broken off and on bank of wash, well casing can be seen in bottom of wash.	D
87	К	Western Y arm	N/A	west side of main access road south of building 250 area	65	Downed electrical lines, conduit and sawed off utility pole on the west side of the road across the wash at the base of the hill slope	D
88	К	Western Y arm	N/A	east of main access road south of Building 250	66	Rusted, crushed 55-gallon drum. 50' southeast of pad at base of hill.	D
89	к	Y Stem	N/A	200' north of way point 69 on west slope of wash		Car Tire in wash	D

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
90	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Bunker	Above bunker.	19	Guy wires and conduit from former utility lines run upslope from bunker. Sawed off utility poles and protruding conduits all ~3' high.	D
91	к	Y-stem	Misc. Facility	south of main access road	36	30' by 40' concrete pad surrounded by asphalt and other smaller concrete pads. Protruding bolts and some metal debris and downed utility line present slip, trip fall hazard.	D
92	К	Western Y arm	unknown/ possible parking area	east of main access road south of Building 250		An asphalt pad 100'x60' in dimensions located east of road and south of Building 250. An irregular shaped concrete pad is located at the south end of the asphalt area. Air photos show it formerly had a metal gate across it. Possibly a parking area for activities in the south and east canyons. Metal debris and former stop sign and gate components in adjacent wash	D
93	к	Y Stem	former production/ observation well	east of wash (see GPS point)	68	Open 8" steel casing well with a 2' x 2' concrete well monument. No identification markings	D
94	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	unknown	South of bunker (see GPS point)	21	Concrete pad partially buried- 10'x15'	N/A
95	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Northernmost Test Bay	west side of dirt road, driveway of northernmost test bay	22	90' by 50' concrete pad in front of test bay some asphalt - no protruding bolts, minimal debris.	N/A
96	L	Y Stem	N/A	east side of main access road	42	Protruding rebar and pipe near road.	D
97	L	southern Y-stem area	N/A	see GPS point	75	Concrete debris with protruding rebar lengths 3-4' near OHV track. No sign of former bldg.	D

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
90	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Bunker	Above bunker.	19	Guy wires and conduit from former utility lines run upslope from bunker. Sawed off utility poles and protruding conduits all ~3' high.	, D
91	к	Y-stem	Misc. Facility	south of main access road	36	30' by 40' concrete pad surrounded by asphalt and other smaller concrete pads. Protruding bolts and some metal debris and downed utility line present slip, trip fall hazard.	D
92	К	Western Y arm	unknown/ possible parking area	east of main access road south of Building 250		An asphalt pad 100'x60' in dimensions located east of road and south of Building 250. An irregular shaped concrete pad is located at the south end of the asphalt area. Air photos show it formerly had a metal gate across it. Possibly a parking area for activities in the south and east canyons. Metal debris and former stop sign and gate components in adjacent wash	D
93	К	Y Stem	former production/ observation well	east of wash (see GPS point)	68	Open 8" steel casing well with a 2' x 2' concrete well monument. No identification markings	D
94	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	unknown	South of bunker (see GPS point)	21	Concrete pad partially buried- 10'x15'	N/A
95	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	Northernmost Test Bay	west side of dirt road, driveway of northernmost test bay	22	90' by 50' concrete pad in front of test bay some asphalt - no protruding bolts, minimal debris.	N/A
96	L	Y Stem	N/A	east side of main access road	42	Protruding rebar and pipe near road.	D
97	L	southern Y-stem area	N/A	see GPS point	75	Concrete debris with protruding rebar lengths 3-4' near OHV track. No sign of former bldg.	D

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
98	L	Y Stern	Topographic low with concrete headwall	east side of main access road south of T-revetment conditioning chambers	38	concrete head wall at end of topographic drainage with piping leading into wash. Downed barbed wire fencing and posts along wash to east.	D
99	L	Y Stem	N/A	In wash, across from T revetment and southward	71	Plastic kiddies pool in bottom of wash was reportedly used for collection of groundwater when sampling well W2-3. This location marks the northern edge of an area of scattered concrete slabs on the western slope of the wash. The slabs were either dumped or eroded into the wash.	D
100	L	southern Y-stem area	N/A	see GPS point	74	Rusted, empty 55-gallon drum	D
101	L	Y Stem	former well	east side of main access road	41	Crushed metal standpipe from water well. A nearby pipe appears to drain into wash.  Possibly from former homestead.	D
102	L	Y Stem	former production/ observation well	east of wash (see GPS point)	69	Open 8" steel well casing with no visible well monument.	D
103	L	Y Stem	former production well W2-3	east of wash (see GPS point)	70	24" steel cased production well, W2-3. Well has cover, but not secured with lock.	D
104	L	southern Y-stem area	former monitoring well	At west edge of garbage disposal site adjacent to edge of wash (see GPS point)	73	A monitoring well with 4" PVC casing and 8" steel protective casing was found in this location broken off and on its side. Scattered adjacent concrete debris may have been well monument pad. No evidence of remainder of well casing and actual downpipe location	D
105	L	Y Stem	unknown	east of wash		10'x10' concrete pad just north of former production well location (gps pt 69). No protruding nails or bolts.	N/A
106	М	Garbage Disposal Site	Garbage Disposal Site	400' east of main access road at bottom end of active site area	72	The former garbage disposal site has a few large pieces of metal debris day lighting to surface, north of dirt road and base of hill. Some scattered soda cans, glass, and scrap metal day lighting in dirt road and south of dirt road. No evidence of burning observed in limited objects observed. Unknown if additional buried material.	D

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
107		southern boundary	drum	southern boundary on west side of dirt road		Intact 55-gallon drum, partially buried. Appears to be filled. Contents unknown.	Т
108		south of homestead area	N/A	see GPS point	78	Rusted, empty 30-gallon drum with heavy gunshot damage in pasture area south of former homestead site. No soil staining observed.	D
109		homestead area	N/A	debris in wash	79	Large quantity of debris in wash in and around former homestead site. Most of debris NW of marked GPS location. Debris consists of:  4" metal water pipes, Fire brick, 24" corrugated metal pipe, wooden fence posts, barbed wire. Kitchen plates, cups, misc. kitchen trash, mattress box springs and coils, and windmill weather vane possibly from former homestead well.	D
110		various throughout site	biological traps	various	4, 50	Reptile and amphibious biological trapping fence. Fence made of 2'-tall silt fencing supported by wooden stakes trap in center.	D
111		North side of wash leading to homestead	biological traps	see GPS point	76	Reptile and amphibious biological trapping fence. Fence made of 2'-tall silt fencing supported by wooden stakes trap in center.	D
112		southern Y-stem area	former well	see GPS point	77	A monitoring well with 4" PVC casing and 8" steel protective casing and 2' x 2' concrete monument base was found in this location broken off and on its side. No evidence of remainder of well casing and actual downpipe location.	D
113		homestead area	N/A	south side of homestead wash	80	Several concrete slabs and large water tank and other large metal debris were found up canyon where homestead site was located at northwestern extent of homestead activities/debris.	D

#### **APPENDIX C**

SAFETY AND TOXICS
ASSESSMENT MATRIX FOR
BEAUMONT SITE 2

SAFETY ITEMS MATRIX

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
1	J	Water Tanks	Water Tank	Eastern most 125,000 gallon water tank		Open hatch at top of tank. Manhole opening at ground level is missing cover. Open valve poses hand trapping hazard.	D
3	J	Building 250 Area	northern storm drainage headwall	North of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	55	Concrete storm drainage headwall >6' deep. Drain pipe runs under Building 250 area to head wall on south side of building area	D
4	J	Building 250 Area	water supply system	Adjacent to east side of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	59	Water main manifold valve system in vault, 24" diameter water pipes. Vault is roughly 6' long by 3' wide by 6' deep. This is part of system that connects with water supply tanks on the hill.	D
5	J	Building 250 Area	Building 250 storm drain southern headwall	Adjacent to east side of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	60	Storm drain headwall is a concrete wall 25' long and over 10' deep with two 6' drain pipes. One pipe runs north to other head wall. Second pipe runs north to Building 250 parking lot storm drain vault	D
8	٦	North of Building 250 area	N/A	west of main access road	51	Junked car-burned old Toyota Celica. No soil staining observed.	D
9	J	Building 250 Area	N/A	North of Building 250 location on west side of main access road		Sawed off utility poles and conduits in general area and on west side of main access road.	D
10	J	Water Tanks	Water Pump House	On hilltop adjacent to water tanks		15'x25' corrugated metal bldg with unstable metal siding and roof. Roof partially collapsed. Some protruding cross beams piping and conduit. Two 3'x10'x3' concrete equipment slabs probably for former diesel or electric motor pumps. No staining observed on concrete. Floor sinks and drains present in slab. No ACBM or LBP noted. Four 12" water manifold pipes, 4 3" manifold pipes, and two fire shut off valves daylighting out of ground to 3' depth adjacent to building exterior.	D
11	J	Water Tanks	Pumping Facility Bldg.	Concrete Vault just east of pump house	2	3'x4'x5' deep concrete vault with 12" water line	D

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
12	J	Water Tanks	Water Tank	Western most 250,000 gallon water tank		Unsecured hatch at top of tank. Manhole bolts need to be welded shut at side of tank.	D
13	J	Building 250 Area	unknown structure	Adjacent to west side of Building 250 location on west side of main access road		Two 4" metal pipes protruding from the ground surrounded by crash protection bollards. Unknown structure.	D
14	J	Water Tanks	Water Tank	Western most 250,000 gallon water tank		Western tank (250,000 gallon tank) has metal access ladder leading to tank top	D
15	J	Water Tanks	N/A	South of dirt road leading to water tanks	1	Metal siding from pump house building	D
16	J	Water Tanks	N/A	South slope below water tanks		discarded metal electrical panel	D
17	J	Water Tanks	N/A	Near Pumping Facility Bldg.		Evidence of trespassers camping (couch, broken furniture, trash and fire ring).	D
18	J	Water Tanks	N/A	South side of access road east of tanks.	3	metal debris	D
19	J	Northern Y arm	N/A	east side of main access road at north end	45	5-gallon empty rusted can. No sign of soil staining.	D
20	J	Canyon North of Water Tanks and pump house	Old water tank and windmill, possibly associated with water well, W2-2	south of dirt road	47	Crushed metal support structure and water tank. Jagged metal edges. Possible location of former water supply well, W2-2.	D
21	J	Canyon North of Water Tanks and pump house	N/A	either side of dirt road	48	Scattered metal debris on either side of road.	D
22	J	North of Building 250 area	N/A	east side of main access road	52	Empty automobile gas tank. No soil staining observed	D
23	J	Building 250 Area	possible transformer pad	at northeast corner of parking area north of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	53	5' by 5' concrete pad with protruding bolts, debris, electrical wiring adjacent to sawed off utility pole. Possible transformer location.	D

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
24	J	Building 250 Area	N/A	North of Building 250 location on west side of main access road near tree	58	Rusted, empty 55-gallon drum with heavy gunshot damage. No sign of soil staining.	D
25	J	Building 250 Area	N/A	North of Building 250 location on west side of main access road		Piping and metal debris in general area.	Ď
26	J	Building 250 Area	N/A	Adjacent to west side of Building 250 location at north end on west side of main access road	61	2 empty, rusted 55-gallon drums with heavy gunshot damage behind (west) of bldg 250 on asphalt. Rusty automotive brake drum on hillside 20' west of drums. No soil staining observed	D
27	J	Building 250 Area	N/A	Adjacent to west side of Building 250 location on west side of main access road		A 10' x 10' concrete pad located adjacent to the southwest corner of Building 250 and next to fire suppression system vaults and valves.  No protruding bolts . Some metal and construction debris.	D
28	J	Building 250 Area	N/A	Adjacent to west side of Building 250 location on west side of main access road		A 10' x 20' concrete pad with asphalt apron and 4' wide walk way leading to Building 250 located adjacent to the southwest corner of Building 250 No protruding bolts . Some metal and construction debris.	D
29	J	Northern Y arm	utility pole	west side of main access road	46	Power lines dangling down from utility pole. Lines and poles are all intact north of this location. Pole may have been left standing due to large (2' diameter) predatory bird nest in pole. Electrical panel boards are located on a stand at the base of this pole.	D
30	J	Building 250 Area	Water production well W2-5	North of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	57	Water Well W2-5. Aboveground water lines from well area run north to water valves and distribution piping under tree. Well monument is missing cap and is not sealed.	D

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
31	J	Building 250 Area	Final Assembly Building for SRAM Rocket Motors	Bldg 250		The primary concrete pad for bldg 250 is roughly 125' by 250'. It is surrounded by asphalt pavement and associated building concrete pads. Some protruding bolts, downed utility wire, conduit, piping, and concrete and metal debris were observed in this area.	D
32	J	Building 250 Area	fire suppression system	Adjacent to west side of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	62	Two shallow concrete vaults (~1' deep) for fire suppression system. Bollards and two 4" cast iron fire valves protruding from ground.	D
33	J	Building 250 Area	N/A	Adjacent to west side of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	63	Rusted, closed 55-gallon drum with heavy gunshot damage, filled with what appears to be solid well-grout. No soil staining observed.	D
41	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	com line and sawed off utility poles	along western slope at various location		Utility poles were removed along the west slope of the canyon by sawing off at 1' to 3' level. Utility lines, communications cable, tension cables, mounting posts and brackets and other hardware was left scattered about the area.	D
42	к	Y-stem	com line and sawed off utility poles	along western slope at various locations	35	Utility poles were removed along the west side of main access road by sawing off at 1' to 3' level. Utility lines, communications cable, tension cables, mounting posts and brackets and other hardware was left scattered about the area.	D
43	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Bunker	Above bunker.	19	OHV riders observed on top of bunker.  Bunker is roughly 13' tall.	D
44	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	Bunker	Within bunker	19	Utility trenches around perimeter of room -2' by 1' deep; concrete utility vault 3' by 3' by 4' deep; concrete lined vault at room center 2' by 4' by 1' deep. No fluids observed in trench.	D
45	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	Center Test Bay	west side of dirt road	23	Rebar and conduit protruding out of ground at SE corner of test bay	D

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
46	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	unknown	middle of canyon	30	125' wide by 200' long by 30' tall earthen pyramid. There is a large fissure in pyramid about 8' wide running from its top to the ground surface. The mound was being used for jumps by unauthorized OHV users.	D
47	к	Y intersection of canyon	Bunker	Y intersection of canyon	33	12' by 12' Concrete Masonry Block Bunker. Roof and dirt covering over bunker are gone. Depth is 8', partially filled in with dirt.	D
48	к	Y-stem	T-Revetment Conditioning Chambers	Instrumentation Bldg	37	Control bldg. is 10'x10'x10' concrete masonry block. There is a trench for electrical conduit inside bldg and some protruding electrical conduit inside and outside. Building has an unstable wooden roof.	D
49	К	Y-stem	T-Revetment Conditioning Chambers	T- shaped revetment	43	T shaped revetment has smaller revetments along its spine with 10 concrete pads. 1' tall pipe hangers/cradles on top of revetment, discarded water pipes and electrical conduit on ends of smaller revetments between each of 10 concrete pads, some stick up 3-4'. Downed utility lines in area. Revetments are being used by unauthorized OHV users as jumps.	D
50	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Southernmost Test Bay	west side of dirt road, instrumentation vault	27	Concrete vault (3' diameter by 6' deep) open- poses fall hazard.	D
54	к	West Arm of Y	unknown	NE side of dirt road at end of canyon	6	8" thick concrete pads with tie downs - 2 in ground, 2 protruding upward	D
55	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	possible support/instrumentat ion bldg for centrifuge	northwestern extreme of valley, on west side of road behind a revetment	1	Concrete block wall in slope has protruding nuts. Downed utility line and metal debris on long concrete slab poses trip hazard.	D
56	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	N/A	on slope on west side of canyon, (see GPS point)	17	Isolated metal debris on slope. No evidence of previous structure.	D

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
57	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Northernmost Test Bay	west side of dirt road	22	Poles for lighting, downed utility lines, I-beam above test bay, upslope. Electrical conduit box at head of test bay. Miscellaneous small amts of metal and concrete debris around test bay.	D
58	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	instrument vaults	west side of dirt road on ridge between center and south test bays	26	Three 5" thick reinforced concrete cylindrical vaults with solid bottom. Vault is 4' wide by 5' deep. 6" transite pipe protrudes into vault.  Exposed rebar.	D
59	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Southernmost Test Bay	west side of dirt road	28	Sawed-off utility pole up slope. Miscellaneous small amounts of metal and concrete debris and electrical cabinet removed from vault in front of test bay. Flat transite pipe.	D
60	к	Y Stem	unknown	east side of main access road south of T-revetment conditioning chambers		Old Kitchen sink and multiple 4'x4'x1' thick reinforced concrete pads with protruding rebar in this area and southward.	D
61	к	Western Y arm	N/A	east of main access road, in wash	67	Reinforced concrete from building demolition was used as rip rap to line a 500' long area of the channel. Some of this concrete has protruding rebar which poses impalement hazard.	D
62	К	southern Y-stem area	N/A	Near wash east of former homestead site		Fence posts and barbed wire from former homestead site parallel the wash.	D
63	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Centrifuge	end of canyon on west side in small box canyon behind revetment	8	6'X6'X3' tall concrete block with metal fixtures from centrifuge. 10'x4'x3' deep trench.	D
64	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	unknown	East of asphalt road, at foot of canyon.	11	4-3" thick 10'x10' rebar reinforced concrete pads stacked on top of each other-no protruding bolts. 4'x4'x2' high concrete pad with protruding bolts and steel mount.	D
65	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	unknown	see GPS point	13	2 concrete pads: 3' by 3' and 10' by 20' with associated 2' by 2' concrete vault. Some electrical conduit and metal debris nearby.	D

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
66	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	N/A	Along road cut in hillside west of bunker.	14	3' x 3' x 3' concrete vault with opening for 6 pipes-protruding bolts	D
67	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	Bunker	Above (over) bunker revetment	19	Open 2' manhole/vent shaft	D
68	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	Bunker	Within bunker	19	Metal straps from former fixture or false ceiling hang down from ceiling	D
69	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	Northernmost Test Bay	west side of dirt road, northernmost test bay, instrumentation vault	22	4' diameter by 7' deep reinforced concrete vault with access ladder and electrical cabinet on south side revetment of test bay.	D
70	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Northernmost Test Bay	west side of dirt road	22	Test bay consists of 2 parallel reinforced concrete walls approximately 12' high built into hillside and 4' by 4' by 4' concrete block test stand at head of test bay. Both have protruding bolts and pose fall hazard.	D
71	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	Center Test Bay	west side of dirt road	23	4' diameter by 7' deep reinforced concrete vault with access ladder.	D
72	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	Center Test Bay	west side of dirt road	23	A dirt mound and electrical conduit box are at the location of the former test stand. The wall has protruding bolts and poses a fall hazard.	D
73	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	Center Test Bay	west side of dirt road	23	Partially buried electrical boxes and supports in earthen depression behind test bay	D
74	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Southernmost Test Bay	west side of dirt road	29	Test bay is partially buried in hillside. Consists of 2 parallel reinforced concrete walls and back wall approximately 12' high. The walls have protruding bolts and pose a fall hazard.	D
75	к	Y-stem	Misc. Facility	west of main access road	34	Foundation from control building consists of a large 15' by 34' concrete pad and smaller 19' by 5' concrete pad with some protruding bolts and 1' tall rebar on east side of berm. Sawed-off utility pole and some downed cable adjacent to pad. Protruding pipes stick out of berm 1' high. Pipe saddles 1' tall behind berm.	D

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
77	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	N/A	Metal debris 15' NE of end of the asphalt road		metal debris	D
78	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	N/A	West of dirt road at foot of canyon. See GPS point	12	Metal debris at extreme end of valley at foot of slope.	D
79	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	N/A	North of bunker along west side of road (see GPS point)	15	Debris pile: 2' diameter corrugated metal pipes; metal and concrete debris. No apparent structure.	D
80	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	N/A		16	Downed electrical line (no live) at edge of asphalt road, 10' down slope south.	D
81	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	N/A	East side of road in small box canyon	18	Truck bed liner on side of canyon	D
82	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	N/A	Across from bunker in wash.	20	Reinforced concrete storm pipe in wash, sign post and cable in close proximity.	D
83	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Center Test Bay	west side of dirt road	23	Poles for lighting, downed utility lines upslope. Miscellaneous small amts of metal and concrete debris around and within test bay.	D
84	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	unknown	middle of canyon	30	metal debris along NE corner of pyramid blast wall	D
85	К	Y-stem	Misc. Facility	west of berm at gps 34	34	Cable and sawed off utility pole up canyon to west.	D
86	к	Western Y arm	former monitoring well	west side of main access road in wash south of building 250 area	64	Monitoring well with 4" PVC casing within 8" steel protective casing. Former location eroded into wash. Upper well protective casing and inner casing broken off and on bank of wash, well casing can be seen in bottom of wash.	D
87	К	Western Y arm	N/A	west side of main access road south of building 250 area	65	Downed electrical lines, conduit and sawed off utility pole on the west side of the road across the wash at the base of the hill slope	D
88	к	Western Y arm	N/A	east of main access road south of Building 250	66	Rusted, crushed 55-gallon drum. 50' southeast of pad at base of hill.	D

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
89	к	Y Stem	N/A	200' north of way point 69 on west slope of wash		Car Tire in wash	D
90	к	West Arm of Y Canyon	Bunker	Above bunker.	19	Guy wires and conduit from former utility lines run upslope from bunker. Sawed off utility poles and protruding conduits all ~3' high.	D
91	к	Y-stem	Misc. Facility	south of main access road	36	30' by 40' concrete pad surrounded by asphalt and other smaller concrete pads. Protruding bolts and some metal debris and downed utility line present slip, trip fall hazard.	D
92	К	Western Y arm	unknown/ possible parking area	east of main access road south of Building 250		An asphalt pad 100'x60' in dimensions located east of road and south of Building 250. An irregular shaped concrete pad is located at the south end of the asphalt area. Air photos show it formerly had a metal gate across it. Possibly a parking area for activities in the south and east canyons. Metal debris and former stop sign and gate components in adjacent wash	D
93	к	Y Stem	former production/ observation well	east of wash (see GPS point)	68	Open 8" steel casing well with a 2' x 2' concrete well monument. No identification markings	D
96	L	Y Stem	N/A	east side of main access road	42	Protruding rebar and pipe near road.	D
97	L	southern Y-stem area	N/A	see GPS point	75	Concrete debris with protruding rebar lengths 3-4' near OHV track. No sign of former bldg.	D
98	L	Y Stem	Topographic low with concrete headwall	east side of main access road south of T-revetment conditioning chambers	38	concrete head wall at end of topographic drainage with piping leading into wash. Downed barbed wire fencing and posts along wash to east.	D

item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
99	L	Y Stem	N/A	In wash, across from T revetment and southward	71	Plastic kiddies pool in bottom of wash was reportedly used for collection of groundwater when sampling well W2-3. This location marks the northern edge of an area of scattered concrete slabs on the western slope of the wash. The slabs were either dumped or eroded into the wash.	D
100	L	southern Y-stem area	N/A	see GPS point	74	Rusted, empty 55-gallon drum	D
101	L	Y Stem	former well	east side of main access road	41	Crushed metal standpipe from water well. A nearby pipe appears to drain into wash.  Possibly from former homestead.	D
102	· L	Y Stem	former production/ observation well	east of wash (see GPS point)	69	Open 8" steel well casing with no visible well monument.	D
103	L	Y Stem	former production well W2-3	east of wash (see GPS point)	70	24" steel cased production well, W2-3. Well has cover, but not secured with lock.	D
104	L	southern Y-stem area	former monitoring well	At west edge of garbage disposal site adjacent to edge of wash (see GPS point)	73	A monitoring well with 4" PVC casing and 8" steel protective casing was found in this location broken off and on its side. Scattered adjacent concrete debris may have been well monument pad. No evidence of remainder of well casing and actual downpipe location	D
106	М	Garbage Disposal Site	Garbage Disposal Site	400' east of main access road at bottom end of active site area		The former garbage disposal site has a few large pieces of metal debris day lighting to surface, north of dirt road and base of hill. Some scattered soda cans, glass, and scrap metal day lighting in dirt road and south of dirt road. No evidence of burning observed in limited objects observed. Unknown if additional buried material.	D
108		south of homestead area	N/A	see GPS point	78	Rusted, empty 30-gallon drum with heavy gunshot damage in pasture area south of former homestead site. No soil staining observed.	D

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
109		homestead area	N/A	debris in wash	79	Large quantity of debris in wash in and around former homestead site. Most of debris NW of marked GPS location. Debris consists of: 4" metal water pipes, Fire brick, 24" corrugated metal pipe, wooden fence posts, barbed wire. Kitchen plates, cups, misc. kitchen trash, mattress box springs and coils, and windmill weather vane possibly from former homestead well.	D
110		various throughout site	biological traps	various	4, 50	Reptile and amphibious biological trapping fence. Fence made of 2'-tall silt fencing supported by wooden stakes trap in center.	D
111		North side of wash leading to homestead	biological traps	see GPS point	76	Reptile and amphibious biological trapping fence. Fence made of 2'-tall silt fencing supported by wooden stakes trap in center.	D
112		southern Y-stem area	former well	see GPS point	77	A monitoring well with 4" PVC casing and 8" steel protective casing and 2' x 2' concrete monument base was found in this location broken off and on its side. No evidence of remainder of well casing and actual downpipe location.	D
113		homestead area	N/A	south side of homestead wash	80	Several concrete slabs and large water tank and other large metal debris were found up canyon where homestead site was located at northwestern extent of homestead activities/debris.	D

#### **APPENDIX C**

SAFETY AND TOXICS
ASSESSMENT MATRIX FOR
BEAUMONT SITE 2

TOXICS ITEMS MATRIX

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
6	J	Building 250 Area	possible transformer pad	at northeast corner of parking area north of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	53	5' by 5' concrete pad with protruding bolts, debris, electrical wiring adjacent to sawed off utility pole. Possible transformer location. Possible PCB contamination.	Т
7	J	Building 250 Area	possible transformer pad	Adjacent to east side of Building 250 location on west side of main access road		A concrete pad roughly 25' by 10' may have been the location of a reported PCB-containing transformer leak. No concrete or soil staining observed.	Т
38	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	Bunker	Within bunker	19	9"- floor tile, mastic, plaster walls/ceilings, ceramic tile. Interior ceiling and wall paint. Note: Structure has had a fire started within it as walls and ceiling of bunker show dark soot staining. Asbestos within bunker.	Т
39	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	Bunker	Within bunker	19	9"- floor tile, mastic, plaster walls/ceilings, ceramic tile. Interior ceiling and wall paint. Note: Structure has had a fire started within it as walls and ceiling of bunker show dark soot staining. LBP within bunker.	Т
40	К	Western Y arm	N/A	east of main access road, in wash	67	Some of the concrete demolition debris used to line the channel has a few isolated areas of asphalt roofing material protruding. Asbestos within debris.	Т
51	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	unknown	South of bunker (see GPS point)	21	Debris adjacent to concrete pad at GPS point 21 includes: transite pipe, utility pole, discarded sign	Т
52	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	Northernmost Test Bay	west side of dirt road	22	Scattered transite pipe on hillside near test bay	Т
53	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	Center Test Bay	west side of dirt road	23	A 6" diameter transite pipe protrudes from one of the walls. Other possible transite piping from test bay wall	Т
76	к	Y-stem	T-Revetment Conditioning Chambers	Instrumentation Bldg	37	LBP on walls.	Т
107		southern boundary	drum	southern boundary on west side of dirt road		Intact 55-gallon drum, partially buried. Appears to be filled. Contents unknown.	Т

#### **APPENDIX C**

SAFETY AND TOXICS
ASSESSMENT MATRIX FOR
BEAUMONT SITE 2

ADDITIONAL ITEMS MATRIX

Item No.	Area	Area Description	Historical Operation	Location	GPS pt	Item Description	Debris/Structure (D) or Toxic (T) Concern
2	J	Building 250 Area	N/A	At tree line south of parking area north of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	54	Debris-forced air furnace. During site inspection, the interior fire chamber was considered to be presumed ACM. The chamber was sampled and results were negative for ACM.	N/A
34	J	Northern Y arm	SCG line	perpendicular to main access road, north of the site	44	Southern California Gas Pipeline runs through the site	N/A
35	J	Canyon North of Water Tanks and pump house	N/A	North of dirt road	49	6" vitreous clay pipe near fence post	N/A
36	J	Building 250 Area	parking lot	parking area north of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	53	Bldg 250 parking area composed of 60'x225' concrete pad with yellow parking delineations	N/A
37	J	Building 250 Area	unknown	North of Building 250 location on west side of main access road	56	Large concrete pad (25'x10') and small landing adjacent to production water well W2-5. 3 concrete equipment mounts, possibly water pump house.	N/A
94	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	unknown	South of bunker (see GPS point)	21	Concrete pad partially buried- 10'x15'	N/A
95	К	West Arm of Y Canyon	Northernmost Test Bay	west side of dirt road, driveway of northernmost test bay	22	90' by 50' concrete pad in front of test bay some asphalt - no protruding bolts, minimal debris.	N/A
105	L	Y Stem	unknown	east of wash		10'x10' concrete pad just north of former production well location (gps pt 69). No protruding nails or bolts.	N/A